NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

30c.

THIRTY CENTS

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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China, Korea and Japan .... " 48
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NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $2

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Postal Union Countries ..... " 54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)

Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.

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P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Messrs. Crane-Debenham Ltd., 69 Fleet Street, London, are advertising representatives for the "North-China Daily News" and "North-China Herald," and have these newspapers on file.

Announcements of Birth, etc., in this column $10 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

BIRTHS

WATKIN WILLIAMS.—On May 27, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai to Jane, wife of Peter Watkin Williams, a daughter, JULIA JANE 12902

CONCOFF.—On May 29, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Concoff, a daughter. 12930

DAHLMAN.—On May 29, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Ruth, wife of F. Dahlman, a son, ULF. -9237

The Committee of the Associated Foreign Charities of Shanghai of Church House, Kiangse Road, is always willing to receive *In Memoriam* donations and make allocations to the Charities in most need. 12231

CROIX ROUGE FRANCAISE

Société de Secours aux Blessés Militaires, Comité de Shanghai

(S. S. B. M.)

SHANGHAI COMMITTEE

The Shanghai Committee of the S.S.B.M. appeal to you for helping them to send donations to France for the relief of our wounded and our fighting forces and also of refugees from enemy occupied territories and, in general, all war victims.

Any donation will be welcome. Subscriptions to be sent to:

H. E. Madame COSME, President, 727 Avenue Haig,
Madame J. BARRAUD, Vice-President, 1783 Avenue Joffre,
Mr. FAVRET, Vice-President, 249 Avenue Dubail,
Mr. CHEVRETTON, Treasurer, Banque de l'Indochine,
Mr. H. BAR, Secretary, Banque Frano-Chinoise. 12932

THE SHANGHAI COTTON MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

(THE SHANGHAI BOSHOKU KABUSHIKI KWAISHA)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty-Fourth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Head Office, No. 185 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Thursday, May 30, 1940, at 4 p.m. for the purpose of passing the resolutions set forth in the notice to Shareholders dated May 13, 1940.

The Transfer Books will be closed from May 15 to May 30, 1940, both days inclusive.

THE SHANGHAI COTTON MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

Shanghai, May 13, 1940. 12582

GOVERNMENT BILLS, ETC.

Tenders for Dollars local currency for telegraphic transfer on the War Office, London, up to and for the sum of £10,000 will be received by the Area Paymaster, until 11 a.m. on May 30, 1940.

The tenders to state the total amount (in pounds sterling). No telegraphic transfer will be made for less than £100.

The tenders to be in duplicate, and in sealed covers, addressed to the Area Paymaster, Embarkation Staff Office, 1st Floor, 24 Central Road, and endorsed "Tenders for Government Bills, etc."

The right is reserved (1) to accept or reject any or all of the tenders and (2) in case of equality of rate between tenders amounting in all to more than the total sum required, to give preference to any tender received from the Bankers to the Treasury Chest.

Persons tendering for (Bills) are hereby notified that having regard to the Provisions of the Acts 22 George III Cap. and 41 George III Cap. 52 the acceptance of any such tenders is subject to the express condition that no Member of British House of Commons shall be admitted to any share or part in or to any benefit to arise from the Contractor thereby made for the allotment of such (Bills).

The provisions in question do not apply to Contracts entered into by any incorporated company in its corporated capacity and made for the general benefit of the company.

J. S. EYNON, *Major*, R.A.P.C., Area Paymaster, Shanghai.

Area Pay Office, Shanghai. 12921

Change of Residential Address

DR. E. G. GAUNTLETT
from May 31, 1940
492 Avenue Haig
Telephone 20880 12927

To-day's Events

MAY

30 American Memorial Day Service, Chapel, Bubbl. Well Cemetery, 8.30 a.m.
30 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
30 Royal Asiatic Society. Lecture.
30 B.U.S.C. Art Group, 5.15
30 U.S.A. Decoration Day
30 Nanking Road Incident, Shanghai (1925)
30 NCDN broadcast 12.45 and 9 p.m. XMHD 760kc. 395m.

Coming Events

JUNE

1 A.W.C. garden party, 4.30
1 9th. Ann. Halutzim Ball, Race Club, 9
2 Prof. B. Zakharoff pupil's 1st. concert, A.W.C., 4
3 Engineering Society meeting, 5.15
4 St. Olga's Orphanage, Bridge/Mahjongg For. Y, 2.30-7
4 British Residents' Assoc. of China, general meeting, B.W.A., 12 Bund, 5
5 Evening of Entertainment, Y.M.C.A., 9
6 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
6 Z. Bitner's Gala Performance, "Frasquita" Lt. Opera by Lehar, Lyc., 8.45
7 Charity Concert, French Municipal Hall, 11 Route Vallon, 9.15
8 Prof. B. Zakharoff pupil's 2nd. concert, A.W.C., 4
8 'Frasquita', Lt. Op. by Lehar, Lyc., 8.45
9 'Frasquita', Lt. Op. by Lehar, Lyc., 8.45
13 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
15 P.S.G. Former Pupils' 'At Home' and ann. gen. mtg., at school, 404 Yu Yuen, 3.30
20 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
20 Jumble S., Limbless, U.C. Hall, 9.30
27 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15

Charge for items $3 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

HUNGJAO GOLF CLUB

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of Members will be held IN THE CLUB-HOUSE on Friday June 21, 1940 at 6.30 p.m. when the ordinary business of the Club will be conducted.

By Order of the Committee,

K. M. CUMMING,
Secretary and Treasurer.

12931

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CONTEMPORARY LITERATURE

can be classified, according to a university professor, under three headings—the neurotic, the erotic and the tommy-rotic. But there is only one adequate protection for jewellery and furs viz: an All Risks Policy.

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DENTAL SURGEON
Former Assistant of Berlin Dental Institute
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Telephone 85815

QUALITY PRINTING

Everything bearing the imprint of the North-China Daily News Printing Office is well printed. Equipped with modern machinery and type faces, we produce printing which will appeal to you.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China.
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NEWS FLASH!

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This station will broadcast every day at 12.30 to 2.00 and 7.30 to 9.30 p.m.

SPECIALITIES OF FUTURE PROGRAMMES

THURSDAY, MAY 30
7.45 Bryan Lewis talking on "This and That."
8.30 News
9.00 Light Operatic Music
9.45 Dance Music.

FRIDAY, MAY 31
7.30 A programme of National Music.
8.30 News.
9.00 A symphony Concert including Beethoven Symphony No 4.

NEWS BULLETINS: 12.30 p.m. and 8.30 p.m.

SHANGHAI DOLLAR DIRECTORY

(July Edition)

ENTRIES CLOSE JUNE 1, 1940

Firms and residents who have not sent in their information forms for the July issue should do so by June 1, 1940 (Saturday) as after that date entries cannot be guaranteed.

SHANGHAI DOLLAR DIRECTORY
17 Avenue Edward VII -9289

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The work has been carefully revised and brought up-to-date to the beginning of March.

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Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

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Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo (Marunouchi)
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G. KISHINAMI, *Manager*

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For Sale—Miscellaneous

The modern house or apartment has little storage room. What one doesn't want at the minute must be disposed of, and some one of the paper's many readers is almost certain to buy it. Consult our Classified Columns.

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Size 22½ ins. by 22½ ins.

This is a large clear map showing the frontiers, principal cities, towns and ports of Europe and Great Britain. It is published by the North-China Daily News for those interested in following the present conflict in Europe.

PRICE $3

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	May 28 16.00	May 28 21.00	May 29 4.00	May 29 9.00
Barometer inches	29.88	29.85	29.80	29.80
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	0.00	—0.04	—0.10	—0.13
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.02	—0.08	—0.08	—0.05
Wind (direction)	SE	SE	SE/S	SSE
" (miles per hour)	14.9	15.6	11.2	12.4
Temperature (Fahr.)	73.°2	67.°1	64.°8	72.°2
Humidity %	66	85	92	77
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	8	7
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report May 28	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.89	0.00	29.81
Temp. Min. 63.°0 Max. 81.°1	72.°0	+1.°9	69.°1
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	14.64	—	14.61

Time and Tide	30/5	31/5	1/6	2/6	3/6	4/6	5/6
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.51	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Sun sets at Shanghai	6.52	6.52	18.53	18.54	18.54	18.54	18.55
Moon rises at Shanghai	0.35	1.08	1.41	2.15	2.52	3.31	4.13
Moon sets at Shanghai	12.45	13.37	14.30	15.23	16.17	17.12	18.08
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	17.15	5.50	6.55	7.55	8.43	9.18	9.55
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	10.07	11.20	12.10	12.55	13.40	14.18	14.52
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	6.51	7.59	8.57	9.49	10.45	11.31	11.45
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	8.20	7.93	8.45	8.50	8.50	8.83	10.15

POST OFFICE NOTICES

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

THURSDAY, May 30. Reg. Ord.

Chefoo and Tientsin	*20.00	7.15
Hongkong and Haiphong	9.30	10.00
Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai	10.30	11.00
Ninghsien etc.	12.30	13.00
Wenchow	13.30	14.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00

FRIDAY, May 31.

Ninghsien etc. via Chinhai	*20.00	8.00
Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai	x 10.30	11.00
Ninghsien etc.	12.30	13.00
Nantung	14.30	15.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Swatow and Hongkong	19.30	20.00

SATURDAY, June 1.

Japan Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	*20.00	8.00
Hongkong	x 9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	20.00	20.00
Formosa via Keelung	x 20.00	20.00

* The night before.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.
Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on May 7, 1940.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on June 6, at 11 a.m. for registered and at noon for ordinary due London on June 19.
Pan American Airways Service per steamer on June 8, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on June 18.
Air France per steamer on June 8, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.
Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-Naples) per steamer to Hongkong.
Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 12.00 and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 11.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow for Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 8.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—
Yesterday Min. 66.0 Max. 85.0
Same date, 1939 Min. 62.0 Max. 68.0
Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—
Yesterday Min. 65.1 Max. 85.6
Same date, 1939 Min. 63.3 Max. 68.0

State on the morning of the 28th:—Normal and steady pressure over China and Japan. North-easterly to south-easterly winds along the Coast. Fine to cloudy weather in our Valley.

State on the morning of the 29th:—Cloudy weather. Southerly wind. Pressure rather low and falling.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine and warm weather, cloudy in places with south-easterly to south-westerly winds around Shantung and over our regions. Cloudy to overcast with mist or rain and variable winds over the Eastern Sea to the South of the Saddles.—Siccawei Observatory.

Post Office Notices Continued

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kaigan, Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao, Tungshan, Shihkiachwang, Chengte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia close on every Monday and Thursday at 8 p.m. for registered and on every Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m. for ordinary and are despatched per trains via Nanking and Tientsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer via Suez, on June 3.
Per steamer via Pacific, on June 7.
Per steamer via Suez, on June 8.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

"Helvetia" Swiss Benevolent Society
IN MEMORY OF MR. AUGUST WEDDER
G. E. Brid $20

Sh'ai Hebrew Relief Society
IN MEMORY OF MRS. L. ROSENFELD
The Kammerlings $10

St. Andrew's Society
IN MEMORY OF DICK VEH
Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Moalem $5
Mr. and Mrs. D. P. L. Stirling 5

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

Local Contingent: Are Britons Doing Enough?

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Thank goodness someone has raised a voice against the apathy of the British community in Shanghai. Its counterpart amongst the Powers that be at home, which has resulted in the criminal unpreparedness from which we are now struggling to recover, so directly affected Britons in the Far East over so long a period (especially in Hankow and Tientsin) that one would have thought the cry for action would have been taken up with greater vigour and earnestness here than elsewhere.

Contributions in cash and comforts are being made through the medium of the British War Fund and various associations, but everything is purely voluntary and, I personally think, on too small a scale. Desperate ills need desperate remedies and the voluntary system which allows young unmarried Britons earning $4,000 and $5,000 a month to contribute $20 or $25 to the B.W.F. and deem their duty nobly done (I know one or two) ought to be superseded by a vastly different organization.

There must be a number of well-known Britons who have the time and spirit to head such an organization; then let the banks and large British hongs second three or four men with organizing ability and push and pay their salaries as part of their war effort) to do a proper job of work: some means ought to be found whereby we could all be taxed according to our means and obligations, and the outcome of our effort should be centralized in a channel which will afford interest and satisfaction to us all.

In this connection I feel that there must be a hundred or two young Britons in Shanghai who would, if only opportunity offered, be only too glad to qualify as pilots and gunners for the Royal Air Force. Would it not be possible to arrange for their training in Hongkong and Singapore, to purchase their training machines and look after them until they are qualified to proceed to the advance schools in Canada? I speak as a layman with no knowledge of the difficulties or otherwise attending such an idea, but I do feel that we ought to bestir ourselves in some organized effective way at the earliest possible moment. Let us cut down the flag waving and get down to serious effort.

Scottie.

Shanghai, May 29.

Territorial Battalions?

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—In view of the gravity of the situation in Europe, and the possible withdrawal of regular troops from Shanghai and the Far East, a possible solution of replacements for these regulars appears to be the formation of territorial battalions.

On Empire Day I discussed this subject with ex-servicemen, and also with a Briton who holds an important appointment, and he stated there was nothing to prevent the formation of territorial battalions. I find that many Britons who have not joined the S.V.C. on the grounds that this is not a British unit subject to the jurisdiction of the British military authorities would welcome the establishment of territorial battalions which might replace the regular units, or act as reinforcements for these units.

The formation of territorial battalions identified with the two regular army units at present in Shanghai would result in those who enlisted receiving training which would fit them for service in France or other theatres of war.

At the moment it looks as though local Britons are not likely to receive calls for service under the Conscription Acts in the same way as classes are being called up at home—the formation of territorial battalions would give local Britons an opportunity of becoming associated with the armed forces of the Crown—an opportunity which would result in a one hundred per cent. response.

An Ex-Serviceman.

Shanghai, May 29.

Shanghai British Youth

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—It would appear to me that your correspondent B. is slightly fogged in his ideas, for to state that the British Government would not welcome a contingent of Shanghai boys is untrue.

Most Britons are aware that Dictators were enabled to take advantage of the inertia and apathy of certain Britons of the past; however, there is no reason why we in Shanghai should fall into the same trap. Therefore I am in favour of sending the Britons of Shanghai who are medically fit and desire to go home to fight for their King and Country, and intensely disapprove of the suggestion that the youngsters should have their ideas crucified by a lot of old women.

The Hun armies have already begun to make iron caterpillar tracks across Flanders Poppy Fields and if we leave it to your correspondent B. it is obvious that those caterpillar tracks are likely to despoil the fair fields of many another innocent country whose only fault is to live in peace with their neighbour. No B., you are very wrong when you suggest that a Shanghai contingent would be unwelcomed.

This war is really a continuation of the Great War and in those dark days Shanghai boys were a welcome addition to any regiment, and they all did well.

Brutal force is attempting to snuff out the twilight of our Gods, the Gods that stand for humanity and justice and the right of men to speak and live for these things. Shall we make ourselves comfortable in Shanghai's best clubs or armchairs and read books on England and the things that England stood for and stands for, or shall we get on with the war and give the Shanghai youngsters the chance they are all so eager to take. I have great faith in Shanghai and know that Shanghai will respond to the call for passages should a Government contingent be found impractical.

Contact.

Shanghai, May 29.

Hongkong and Singapore

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—At the present time there are Britons in Shanghai just itching to do something big for their country, but the idea that a small contingent from China would not be welcomed by their Government prevails, and there the matter is left indefinitely.

There are other Britons by birth in Shanghai (useful men if given a chance), left over from the depression, who cannot even find work, and there the matter stands.

In a national emergency like the present one, every ounce of manpower is needed now in some form or other. If it is too expensive to send men to Europe, what about Hongkong or Singapore? They could be given work by the Government in a hundred and one different capacities, which would relieve younger men for more active service all the way down the line.

May every one of us be given a chance soon.

Action.

Shanghai, May 29.

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AFTERNOON TIME TABLE

8 News in French
12-1 Light music
1.00-1.15 News in French
1.15-2.00 Light music
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Shanghai dialect
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Mandarin
6.50-7.00 Music by German composers
7.00-7.15 News in German
7.15-7.20 Music by German composers
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.00 Light music
8.00-8.15 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière
8.15-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
9.30-11.00 Concert:

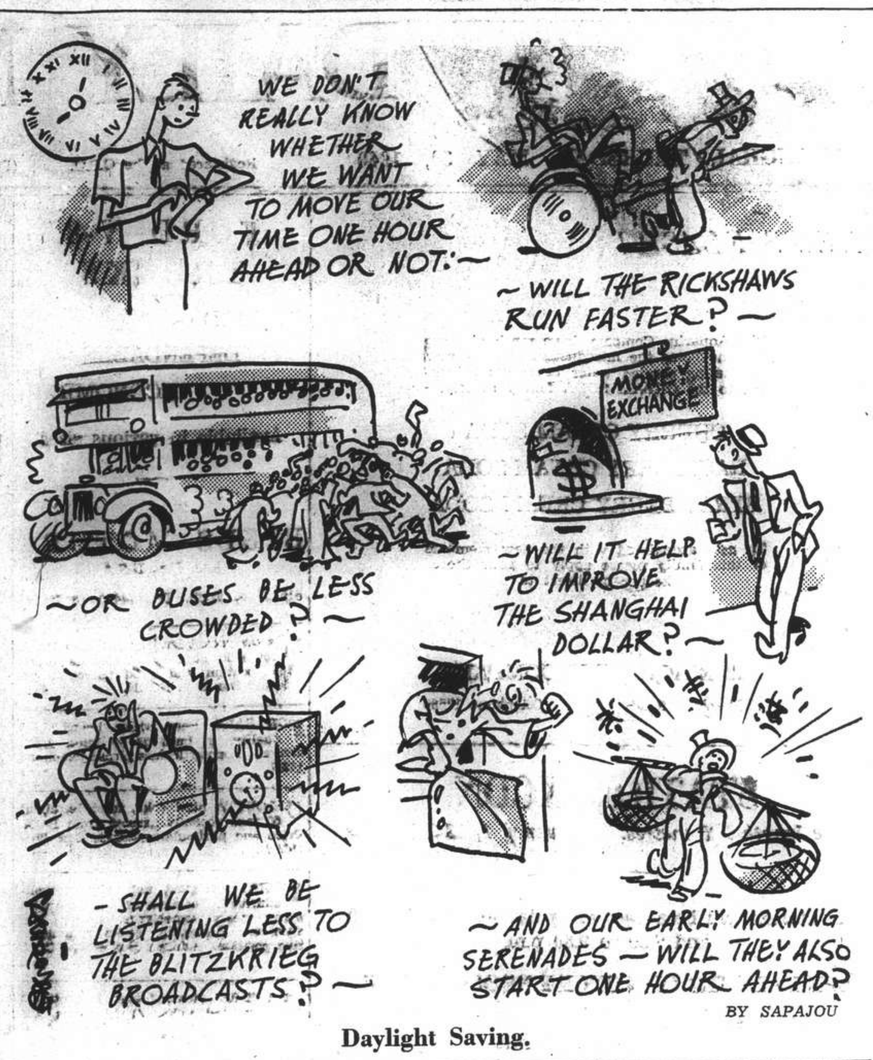
Visions of Spain.

M. Ravel: Spanish Rhapsody. Albeniz: Suite Iberia. De Falla: Ritual dance of the fire. Spanish dance. Granados: Spanish dances. E. Lecuona: Malaguona. Debussy: Iberia. Ravel: Pavane for a dead Infanta. Ravel: Alborado del Gracioso. Iturbi: Soanfines: Toccata. Spanish dance. Ravel: Bolero.

10.30 News in English and French
11.00 News in English
11.15 News in French
11.30-12.00 Light music

TO-NIGHT AT

7.30 Broadcast in Russian. The book which everyone should read: "Germany, prepare for war." by Ewald Banse.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière: The book which everyone should read: "Germany, prepare for war" by Ewald Banse. First talk: The history of the book.
9.15 Guest speaker programme: Mr. K. A. Persen will give a talk on "How the Nazis prepared the German mind for war."


WE DON'T REALLY KNOW WHETHER WE WANT TO MOVE OUR TIME ONE HOUR AHEAD OR NOT:—
~WILL THE RICKSHAWS RUN FASTER?~
~OR BUSES BE LESS CROWDED?~
MONEY EXCHANGE
~WILL IT HELP TO IMPROVE THE SHANGHAI DOLLAR?~
~SHALL WE BE LISTENING LESS TO THE BLITZKRIEG BROADCASTS?~
~AND OUR EARLY MORNING SERENADES—WILL THEY ALSO START ONE HOUR AHEAD?
BY SAPAJOU

Daylight Saving.

Quick Action Wanted

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—I thoroughly endorse B.'s suggestion. Our moral and financial support have done some good, but let us be prepared for material support if and when it is required. Why not have a volunteer battalion of Shanghai Britons for intensive, up-to-date training, and provide useful instruction (e.g. signalling, first aid, etc.) for others less active or past their prime? S.V.C. training is fine, but not adequate. Supplement it, and it would be the right answer. If the proper authorities already have this under consideration let us have some quick action from them.

Truculent Impatience.

Shanghai, May 29.

Daylight Saving: Reasons for Anonymity

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—The reason for anonymity, queried by Mr. Harris, is that some bosses do not see daylight and cannot see the sense of saving it.

Speaking on behalf of my hard-working compatriots in the various Banks, I know they will be happier and healthier to be out on the tennis or lawn bowls fields by 4.15 *ersatz* time.

P. B. Publico.

Shanghai, May 29.

A Shy Reader

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Allow me to express one more man's (and firm's) hearty endorsement of the views expressed by Mr. H. M. Hind and Mr. E. F. Harris. That the Council should have approved in principle is at least a step in the right direction. I am tolerably sure the local Chinese authorities will agree and I see no reason why those of the Concession should not. The various reasons against the scheme which have been advanced have all tended to consider the interests of the few rather than the well-being of the many. And as far as commercial objections are concerned, I do not think they are very sound. An hour's advance in local time might inconvenience traders with those countries whose time is within three or four hours of ours, but no more.

As far as games are concerned, it may be too hot to play tennis or polo at "4.30" in July and August and consequently drinking hours after games may be curtailed. But are these things very important?

Finally, I fully agree with Mr. Harris's deprecation of the use of pseudonyms, but am none the less impelled to use one because I am so shy.

Roy.

Shanghai, May 29.

Further in Support

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—This is just to add my plea for "daylight saving" to those already advanced.

To Shanghai residents, who, for one reason or another, are not contemplating taking a summer holiday this year, the additional hour of daylight will be some compensation. It will afford increased opportunity to indulge in summer sports, tennis, riding, cycling, hiking, whatever they may be. Also, I feel sure that no residents, be they Chinese or foreign, are likely to quarrel with the prospect of reduced electricity bills. If the inauguration of "daylight saving" hours raises difficulties in some quarters let us hope that a genuine effort will be made to get them overcome as this seems a clear case where the needs of the minority should be subjugated to those of the majority of Shanghai residents.

A. G. Davies.

Shanghai, May 29.

Seventy Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News," of May 30, 1870

Our readers will be interested to know that the erection of the Municipal telegraph, between the Central and Hongkew Police Stations, was commenced yesterday, from the Hongkew side. Mr. L. D. Bishop, who has had much experience in telegraphy in Mauritius and elsewhere, has undertaken the contract and to teach one or two of the police staff, the mode of working the instruments.

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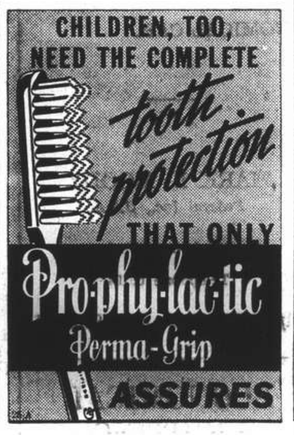
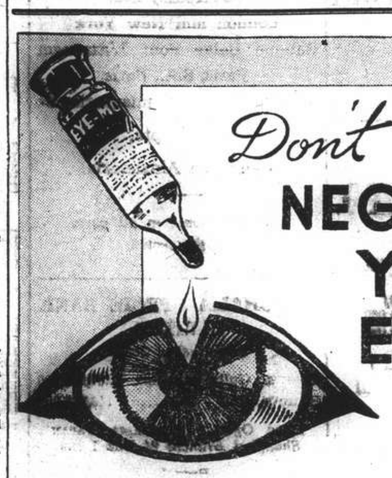


Don't **NEGLECT YOUR EYES!**



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1 Very heavy carved blackwood curio cabinet and 1 card table
1 "J.C. Jennens & Son" Grandfather clock, 1 "Remington" typewriter
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S.M.C. Passes High Cost of Living Increases

From May 1 Allowance to Be 65 Per Cent of Basic Pay for Chinese, Foreign Employees

THE Chairman's report to the ratepayers at the last annual general meeting, when there was passed the 50 per cent. surcharge on General Municipal Rates and Land Tax, forecast the need to adjust municipal salaries in relation to rising costs of living, states a report issued by the S.M.C. It was the hope of the out-going Council that this adjustment might be postponed until the recently appointed Economy Committee had had time to study the problem from all angles. It has not, however, proved possible to delay this matter further. There has been a continuous rise in the cost of living since last autumn, when the Council last fixed the scale of allowances for employees serving under letters of appointment. Except for the Rice Allowance given to the lower-paid Chinese staff, the Council, unlike most commercial firms, has given no increased allowances since October, 1939.

Letters testifying to the gravity of the employees' plight were received from both the Chinese and the Foreign Staff Associations, and, after exhaustive study by both the Staff and Finance Committee, led to the recommendations which the Council has now adopted.

The Council's salaries had fallen considerably behind the salaries paid by the larger commercial organizations here, and the urgency of the matter was evidenced by the resignations and contemplated resignations of many employees whose services the Council wished to retain.

The Council further felt it right to review the bases of the various allowances and adjustments given to employees. The lowest-paid employees not serving under letter of appointment are those living nearest to the margin. At the other end of the scale it is the employees with professional and technical qualifications who find it easiest to obtain fresh employment outside the Council's service and who are consequently most affected by a disparity between Council and commercial salaries.

The price of rice affects primarily the large body of Chinese employees not serving under letter of appointment whose basic pay is below a certain level. Foreign employees and Chinese employees serving under letter of appointment are more affected than others by the effect of a low exchange on the cost of imported commodities. All these factors have been taken into account in framing the final recommendations passed by the Council.

Increases

The Rice Allowance given to Chinese employees not serving under Letter of Appointment but on the monthly pay sheet, with basic salaries below $100 a month, will remain unchanged. As from May 1, 1940, there will be given to all employees on the monthly pay-sheets, Chinese and foreign, and whether or not serving under letter of appointment, a temporary high cost of living allowance of 65 per cent. of basic pay with a minimum allowance of $16. This allowance of 65 per cent. will take the place of the present temporary allowances of 30 per cent. and 40 per cent.

The effect of the $16 minimum will be to increase considerably the percentage of increase awarded to the lowest paid employees on the staff. In recognition of the fact that they are especially affected by the effect of exchange on the cost of imported commodities, there will further be given to all employees serving under letter of appointment a subsistence allowance of 12 per cent. of their basic pay. In other words those now receiving an allowance of 30 per cent. of basic pay will receive an allowance of 65 per cent. of basic pay. Those now receiving an allowance of 40 per cent. of basic pay will receive an allowance of 77 per cent. of basic pay.

"A" Class foreign employees who receive exchange adjustment will receive the temporary high cost of living allowance and the subsistence allowance on two-third of their basic pay only. Simultaneously, the limit of 6d. applicable to exchange adjustment granted to "A" Class employees in respect of one-third of their pay will be lowered from 6d. to 4½d.

Total Cost

The total cost of these recommendations in a full year will amount to $4,450,000. For the remainder of this year the cost will be $2,970,000.

In reaching its decision the Council has weighed up its duties to the ratepayers and to the ratepayers' servants on the Council's pay-roll. In these days sacrifices must be borne by all, but in deciding to lay this extra charge on the ratepayers' pockets the Council considered that the municipal staff was carrying an unfair share of the burden. In the Council's view the increases now given are necessary if the efficiency of the municipal service is to be maintained.

Ratepayers who assess the fairness of this decision for themselves are asked to consider some of the factors which influenced the Council. Those of primary importance are the capacity of ratepayers to pay; the necessity of giving to all municipal employees such pay as will enable them to carry out their duties without too great a strain of financial anxiety, at the same time maintaining a reasonable standard of living conforming to that of this international community and finally the necessity of paying salaries sufficiently attractive to prevent those employees regarded as essential to the municipal service from seeking other employment.

Seeking Other Employment

While no man is indispensable, the Council has been compelled to take into serious consideration the number of municipal employees holding key positions who have intimated that they are being compelled to seek employment outside the Council's service. A number of the employees whose services have recently been terminated in the interests of retrenchment and as a result of re-organization have obtained employment at salaries considerably in excess of those which they were receiving in the Council's service.

Although foreign currency equivalents of local salaries provide incomplete yardsticks for comparison, they are factors which cannot be ignored now that so many items of ordinary daily expenditure are governed by fluctuations in the value of local currency. The Council pay-cheque of a head of department of three years' seniority, which in 1936 was equivalent to almost £2,000 a year, was recently worth under £800 a year. Such a state of affairs cannot continue without a danger of distintegration of the municipal service. It is confidently believed that no American or European citizens of Shanghai bearing positions of responsibility comparable with those of the Treasurer or the Commissioners of Police, Public Health or Public Works are paid so little as these municipal servants.

"A" Class Employees

The Special Committee which was set up in February 1939 to investigate municipal staff exchange adjustments and bonuses stated that a position had been established whereby one-third of the basic pay of "A" Class employees could be considered as meeting their foreign currency obligations. While accepting this principle, the Council has felt that under its present difficult circumstances it cannot altogether remove the limit for exchange adjustment, but the "A" Class employee, which includes locally engaged employees as well as others recruited from abroad, consists mainly of those with professional and technical qualifications who find it easiest to obtain employment elsewhere. Owing to the importance of their work to the Council's service, it is essential to avoid a large number of resignations in these ranks if the efficiency of the service is to be maintained as it needs to be in the public interest. The Council considers that the lowering of the limit to 4½d. is the minimum concession that can be made.

The Council is confident that ratepayers who examine this statement of facts will be satisfied that the Council has given most earnest consideration to the interests of all concerned and has taken a step which the interests of ratepayers demanded.

FUNERALS

Mr. August Weder

In the presence of many mourners funeral services were held Monday afternoon at the Lokawei Cemetery for the late Mr. August Weder, aged 57 years, who died at the Shanghai General Hospital last Sunday. The last rites of the Roman Catholic Faith were conducted by the Rev. Father John S. Magner, S. J. The late Mr. Weder is survived by his wife, Mrs. Justine Weder and two sisters who reside in Switzerland. A beautiful spray of flowers from "Justine" was lowered into the grave with the casket, that was carried to the grave by Messrs.—V. Kolle, J. Schmidt, Karl Langenbeck, Carl Behncke, L. Schultze and Jacques Schmitt.

Among those sending flowers were:—

Justine; His family in Switzerland; Swiss Consulate General; Swiss Club; "Helvetia"; Ch. Gresser; Deutsche Gemeinde; Hamburg-Amerika Linie, Filiale Shanghai; Nederlandsch-Indische Handelsbank N.V.; Rheinmetall-Borsig Chinese Staff; The Warrant Fair Co., Ltd.; Continental Motors, Calee Buffet; Messrs. Fischer and Wilhelm; Mr. and Mrs. A. Aeschbach; Ernst H. Becker und Frau; Carl Behncke and Frau; Alfred Benkiser; Mr. T. H. Brierley; Walter R. Clouth; Familie Fiedler-Zaln; Carl Floeck und Frau; Mr. et Mme. L. Fuynel; L. A. Garland; Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Giesch; A.B.C. Press, S.A.; Eduard Hsenggi; Bruno Hamann; T. Dallas; H. J. Hajek; S. Y. Han; J. A. Hoter; L. E. Hudec; Mrs. A. V. Jappe; Mr. and Mrs. V. Kolle; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Kutzschbach; O. and T. Liececke; J. Loch und Frau; K. H. Loh; Mr. Spaser Chang; Ch. Luehr und family; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Moeller; Alice Tompkins and Walter W. Monk; G. fr. Gg. Mueller und Frau; Arthur Naether; H. Otters; Fritz Pasche und Frau; E. Paulick; W. Riege; Maria Rubini; Mr. and Mrs. I. Schmid; Mr. and Mrs. J. Schmitt; Frau Martha Schmueser und Toechter; L. Schultze; Frau E. Sprenger und Familie; Mr. J. Noss; R. Vogler; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Weber; Johannes Wirtky und Frau; E. Zubbe; Jean L. de Zutter; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Dr. Tsefang F. Huang

The Bubbling Well Chapel was filled to overflowing Monday afternoon when relatives and friends gathered to pay their last respects to the late Dr. Tsefang F. Huang. Dr. Bernard E. Read, of the Henry Lester Institute of Medical Research, conducted the service, assisted by Mr. Ferdinand Adler on the violin. The chief mourners were the widow, Blanche Huang, and two sons, Paul and James. Present also were two nephews of the deceased, Dr. J. H. Jordan, Commissioner of Public Health, and representatives of the various organizations with which Dr. Huang was associated.

The deceased had been in failing health for some time and he died at Hongkong on March 4, 1940, at the age of forty years. His life was given to the work of public health and in keeping with his modest way it was requested that no flowers be sent to the funeral services. Instead, a Dr. Tsefang Huang Memorial Fund has been established and contributions will be used to perpetuate some phase of the good work Dr. Huang started and strived to promote.

The deceased's remains were cremated at Hongkong and the service yesterday afternoon took place over the ashes. A beautiful little bouquet of white flowers from the widow rested on the urn. Following the brief but impressive service the urn was placed in the Columbarium.

Trophy of Shot Down Nazi Plane

Pilots of the R.A.F. are shown examining the machine-gun of a German Messerschmitt 109 which the Flying Officer on the left had brought down. In the same engagement the Flight-Lieutenant on the right brought down a Messerschmitt 110.

Enormous Losses Were Suffered by Belgians

300,000 Out of 800,000 Were Left to Surrender

London, May 29.

French and British military opinion seems unanimous that if there is shame about the capitulation of the Belgian Army it does not fall upon the troops, writes Reuter's Military Correspondent.

In the last 14 days, he says, the Germans hurled themselves with particular violence on that part of the front held by the Belgians, with the result that of their total strength of 16 divisions, or 800,000 men, only some 300,000 were left when the order came to lay down arms.

Under Gen. Blanchard, Commander-in-Chief of the Allied Forces in Flanders, the Germans were dealt a heavy blow, and their losses were reported to be very heavy.

The situation of the British and French troops in the area is stated to be very grave. They have been left in positions which are said to be untenable from almost every point of view. Had they considered to break through southward their bases and sources of supply must have been forsaken, while the risk of cutting across the gap south of Arras would have been a desperate adventure, especially as the strength of the German force in that area is unknown. Presumably, this plan was ruled out as an impossibility.

R.A.F. Invaluable

They have, therefore, one choice only—to retire to the sea and there endeavour to maintain the perimeter of defence under the very noses of German bombers.

Dunkirk, the correspondent declares, is still being held, and massed R.A.F. and French 'planes are dropping barrages of bombs to protect the troops.

It is impossible to forecast Gen. Maxime Weygand's action in the south, the correspondent adds, but there are several courses open to him, which might quickly divert the Germans' attention. They are undoubtedly being hindered by the Allied air offensive and finding it very disconcerting.—Reuter.

Allies Said America's First Line of Defence

All Possible Aid Short Of War Advocated

New York, May 29.

Mr. Wendell Wilke, the well-known industrialist, who is emerging as a possible Republican candidate for the Presidency, speaking at Akron, Ohio, suggested that Mr. Cordell Hull, the United States' Secreary of State, should ask the Allies "publicly and openly, in the name of the American people, what help, short of an expeditionary force, the United States could render in the conduct of the war."

He characterised Britain and France as "our first line of defence" against Hitler, which the United States must srengthen by all means, for a short war.—Reuter.

1,000 Planes Daily

Dearborn, Michigan, May 29.

Barring Governmental red tape, Mr. Henry Ford, head of the Ford Motor Co. automobile plants, the largest in the world, said today he believed that with six months preparation his factories could produce 1,000 planes daily. Mr. Ford's plants employ more than 100,000 persons and produce more automobiles annually than any other plant.—United Press.

Nazi Parachutists Met Death in Holland

Seven Thousand Out Of Ten Thousand Slain

London, May 29.

The number of German parachutists who landed in Holland was probably 10,000, of whom 7,000 were shot or killed in other ways, according to two Netherlands gentlemen who visited the House of Commons yesterday at the invitation of Sir Walter Smiles, Conservative M. P. for Blackburn.

They stated that the parachutists were armed with sub-machine-guns and automatic revolvers, and that each carried sufficient tabloid foods to last seven days.

However, they added, many were killed, and others had their legs broken, through heavy landings.—Reuter.

Ship Leaving to Pick Up American Refugees

Washington, May 29.

The ss. Washington will leave New York tomorrow and will call at Bordeaux, France, and Lisbon, Portugal, to pick up 301 Americans at the French port and 70 at the Portuguese port, the State Department announced today.—United Press.

Belgians in China to Continue War

The Belgian Ambassador to China has just received a wire from Paris, from the Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs, informing him that, in conformity with the constitution, the Council of Ministers will ensure the continuance of constitutional power. The Belgian Government, is determined to defend to the very last, in conjunction with the Allies, the independence of Belgium and the integrity of its territory.

A new Belgian army is at present being organized and the entire forces available will be put at the disposal of the common cause. In the present tragic hours, the Belgian Ambassador exhorts his fellow countrymen to maintain their faith in the destiny of their country.

THE CINEMA

"Beware Spooks"

Roy Gifford .....Joe E. Brown
Betty Lou Winters .....Mary Carlisle
Commissioner Lewis ....Clarence Kolb
Slick Eastman .....Marc Lawrence
Nick Bruno .....Don Beddoe
Danny Emmett .....George J. Lewis

Mr. Joe E. Brown cavorts through 1½ hours of fun in his own inimitable style in "Beware Spooks," now showing at the Metropol Theatre. The big-mouthed and agile-limbed comedian, who had appeared as a baseball player, circus clown, and what not, this time is cast as a boneheaded patrolman in New York City. It is his show all the way through, commanding the limelight from start to finish as he bungles one assignment after another. Playing opposite him is Miss Mary Carlisle, cast as Mr. Brown's newly married bride. Mr. Marc Lawrence is effectively sinister in his role as a tough gangster who commits two murders in the picture. Others in the supporting cast include Messrs. Clarence Kolb, Don Beddoe, and George L. Lewis. The story starts with a wedding. The newly married couple, played by Mr. Brown and Miss Carlisle, are about to take their honeymoon to Bermuda when the Police Commissioner orders the husband to capture the gangster. A series of hilarious events leads to the Coney Island where the couple stumble on to the lair of the gangster in the Spook House. In a rousing climax, the comedian catches the dangerous killer by himself and covers himself with glory. While the show may not be one of Mr. Brown's best pictures, it is an entertaining bit of film fare.

Three shorts, including a colour cartoon and a comedy, open the programme.—P.K.

"Abe Lincoln in Illinois"

Abraham Lincoln .....Raymond Massey
Stephen Douglas .....Gene Lockhart
Mary Todd Lincoln .....Ruth Gordon
Ann Rutledge .....Mary Howard
Elizabeth Edwards .....Dorothy Tree
Ninian Edwards .....Harvey Stephens
Joshua Speed .....Minor Watson
Billy Herndon .....Alan Baxter

Other than the Great Emancipator himself probably no one has uttered "There can be no distinctions in the definition of liberty," with greater conviction and fervency than does Mr. Raymond Massey in "Abe Lincoln of Illinois," which is current at the Nanking Theatre. This sentence constitutes only an infinitesimal portion of Mr. Lincoln's rebuttal during the last of the debates with Senator Stephen Douglas, which is one of the highlights of the film. Mr. Massey, brilliant British actor, who completed nearly one year's run of Robert E. Sherwood's play on Broadway before he was enticed to Hollywood to do the name role, gives a portrayal rarely, if ever, surpassed on the screen—in many ways the cinema adaption of the play is better than the original, despite the lack of flesh and blood actors. The camera has much greater scope than a limited physical area and full marks are extended to James Wong Howe (Chinese camera-ace in Hollywood) for the remarkable work he did. Mr. Massey appears in 95 per cent. of the scenes and that is no discredit to his principal supporters, although it must be maintained that their sole purpose is to "build-up" action episodes for the star. The Misses Ruth Gordon and Mary Howard are inspiring in their respective spheres, the former as his fiancee who dies, and the latter as the ambitious wife, who marries the future President simply to urge him on to fulfil his destiny. Happily cast in their roles, they are most competent, as is Mr. Gene Lockhart as Stephen Douglas. Two other excellent interpretations are presented by Messrs. Harvey Stephens and Alan Baxter, the latter playing above himself. Dozens of extras as well as his supporting principals must have reacted to Mr. Massey's genius. At another day this film might not have had such an appeal as it has now with strife rampant in the world and it will be worth anyone's while to hear Abe Lincoln's homely precepts expounded by such an artist as Mr. Massey.—F.L.T.

Berlin Says Path to Sea Now Opened

Allies Being Massed for Big Counter-Offensive

Berlin, May 29.

The Belgian surrender to Germany yesterday, opened a clear path to the sea for the German forces, Nazi circles said here last night.

The Allies trapped in Flanders must surrender or "be destroyed in a hopeless fight," they said. The Germans were only seven miles from Bruge yesterday afternoon, the German High Command said. The Allies were repulsed along the entire Western Front. German forces captured. La Bassee, Merville, Hazebrouck, Bourgville, Douai and Orchies in northern France, the High Command reported.

The Germans are now able to advance to the English Channel as fast as their whippet tanks and transport trucks can take them, German military sources said. They indicated, however, that a bloody struggle could be expected before Allied troops were eradicated from the north-west battlefield.—United Press.

Massed For Counter-Attack

Berlin, May 29.

Thirty Allied divisions were massed along the Aisne River facing the eastern wing of the German Army in France as Gen. Maxime Weygand prepared a large-scale counter offensive between Rethel and Montmedy to relieve the sorely pressed Anglo-French forces in the west now fighting with their backs to the English Channel reports from the front reaching here today said.

The disposition of these Allied forces was completed before the Belgian surrender, these reports added.

Crack German divisions, however, were being rushed to the Sedan area to check this Allied thrust, which to be effective, would have to take place in 36 hours, German military quarters said.

These Nazi reinforcements had already crossed the Belgian defence lines on Monday, they claimed.—Domei.

Eire Takes Precautions Against Attack

London, May 29.

The President, Mr. Eamon de Valera, announced in the Dail that in view of the danger threatening the country the Cosgrave Party and the Labour Party had agreed to join in a conference each week as often as necessary to consult on matters of national defence, states a message from Dublin.

There would be three members of the Government Party, three of the Cosgrave Party and two of the Labour Party.

"We must all now be brothers in one holy cause," said Mr. de Valera.

There was urgent necessity for the defensive measures the Government had decided upon, he said. Regular Army reserves were being called up, also first-line volunteers, and a campaign was being immediately undertaken to secure thousands more recruits for the Army and local security corps.

He asked for national unity to resist being brought into the war in which the Free State had declared its intention not to be involved.—Reuter.

Travancore Offers Military Help

Bombay, May 29

Services of the entire armed forces of the State of Travancore have been offered to Great Britain for prosecution of the war, it was announced today.—Reuter.

LYCEUM THEATRE
CLOSING OF THE SEASON
June 6, 8 and 9 at 8.45 p.m.
"FRASQUITA"
Light Opera, music by F. Lehar
Booking: Moutrie's and Lyceum

Chungking Again Bombed

University Badly Damaged Yesterday; Chinese Planes Retaliate at Anlu

Chungking, May 29.

Chungking University was badly damaged, and several students, it is learned, were killed and injured when Japanese aircraft raided the western outskirts of the war-time capital at noon today. Valuable scientific instruments in laboratories, it is understood, were destroyed. Central University, however, is reported to be untouched.

Several fires were started on the outskirts, but on this occasion the bombing was farther away than yesterday's attack. A second group of nine machines passed Chungking but did not drop any bombs, though meeting anti-aircraft fire. A third group never came within the limits of the city.

The Chinese now claim that two Japanese bombers were shot down yesterday afternoon by anti-aircraft fire. It is stated that three groups of bombers, of 36, 26 and 36 machines respectively, also several scouting 'planes, took part in yesterday's raid on Chungking.

Hu Tso-lung, leader of a squadron of fighters, was wounded in an aerial engagement above Chungking.

Most of the bombs dropped here yesterday afternoon were demolition bombs, hence few fires were started. Many unexploded duds are still awaiting removal at several places. There is one dud immediately outside the Foreign Press Hostel, where all foreign correspondents are staying.

Despite the severe bombings during the past ten days, Chinese newspapers appeared as usual this morning.

Raid by Chinese Planes

Chinese aircraft yesterday afternoon heavily bombed Anlu, south-east of Suihsien, in Hupeh, in an effort to prevent Japanese reinforcements and supplies from reaching the north Hupeh front, where a battle is still raging in the vicinity of Tsaoyang, according to a Chinese announcement here today.

Hundreds of Japanese trucks, it is claimed, were set on fire along a road, while Japanese contructing defence works in the vicinity were also bombed.—Reuter.

War Danger to India Emphasized

Punjab Premier Urges End Of Differences

Lahore, May 29.

An appeal to the Punjab press to give a proper lead to the public on the imminence of the war danger to India was made by the Punjab Premier, Sir Sikandar Hyat-Khan, at a press conference at his residence.

The Premier stressed the imperative necessity for concentrating all forces to ward off a possible threat to their country from an extension of hostilities to the Balkans.

He appealed to all political parties in India to give up internal strife and call a truce during the period of war.

He also reiterated his conviction that the British were prepared to give India dominion status of a Westminster variety, "provided we come to a mutual settlement between ourselves."—Reuter.

Panama Police Clash With Indians

Panama, May 29.

Government police clashed with a group of armed Indians today in the interior jungle settlement of Marica, it was reported here. Following a brief skirmish the Indians surrendered.

Government officials denied alarmist reports that there were many uprisings in the interior provinces of the Panama Republic but they admitted that the Indians might have been armed by members of the opposition party.—United Press.

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Produced by JOHN W. CONSIDINE, Jr.
ADDED: News of the Day, Prophet without Honour

OPENS TO-MORROW!
Remember? ROBERT TAYLOR as the "Yank at Oxford" and other romantic triumphs!
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What girl wouldn't find love a joyous adventure with two such gay romancers as handsome Bob and dashing Lew! Just one happy triangle . . . with a laugh in every corner!
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Remember? GREER GARSON as the unforgettable "Mrs. Chips," a world-wide sensation! Here is her first since "Goodbye Mr. Chips"!
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Original Story and Screen Play by Corey Ford and Norman Z. McLeod • Directed by Norman Z. McLeod • Produced by Milton Bren
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THE SPORTS PAGE

Large Cricket Programme Here This Week-End

Six Matches to Include Three League Games; Wanderers Meet Stragglers Saturday

CRICKET has at last come into its own and the coming few days will see no less than six matches, each of which is likely to be a most interesting encounter. This week-end marks the beginning of the 1940 League season, and of the six games down for decision, three are league fixtures, thus welcoming the appearance of a round half-dozen of the ten competing league elevens.

On the S.C.C. ground at 1.30 p.m. on Saturday, the S.C.C. Wanderers meet their age-old rivals, the S.C.C. Stragglers. With players having left Shanghai since last summer, certain changes have of necessity been made in the S.C.C. elevens, but despite the loss of a number of more than useful exponents with both bat and ball, the three Club teams still appear to be strong and very well balanced.

On paper there seems little to choose between the Wanderers and Stragglers. The former, captained by Anstice, include Stokes, Simpson, F. E. T. Marshall, Lingard, Fairbairn and Anstice, all of whom are capable of scoring their half-centuries. For the attack they can choose from Anstice, Lingard, Pearson, Read, Stokes and Rawsthorne who makes a welcome reappearance after an absence of a number of years and his bowling will be watched with interest once again.

The Stragglers, led by Sinclair, have a good side and with the captain, Booth, Chadwick, Duckitt, F. B. Elliott, Hutchison, Mellor and Wood in the team they are strong in both batting and bowling. The Wanderers appear to have a slight edge in batting strength and it would occasion no surprise to see them win.

At the same time on the Recs' ground, the Recs' Tyros meet the Parsees. The Recs' representatives are quite as strong as last year and now strengthened by the inclusion of F. R. Kermani, should do well. Meston, the Australian speed merchant, is back once again to add variety to an imposing attack, while the cares of run scoring can be safely left in the sure hands of Smith, Kermani, Hart-Baker, Symons, Marcal and G. Madar. The Parsees, however, can by no means be taken lightly. They fight to the last ball and are always a sporting team to watch in action. Under the capable leadership of Divecha, they can be relied upon to give all their opponents a thoroughly good battle. The two Shroff brothers are turning out once again and with good support from the other members of the team, these two with Divecha form the spearhead of an always attractive eleven that is never defeated until the last ball is bowled.

Colts Stronger

The Recs' Colts engage the Staff & Headquarters XI on Sunday on the former's ground at 1.30 p.m. The Colts appear considerably stronger than the Tyros, including such well-known players as P. Madar, Wilson, Leriou, Gomes, Quincey, Kliene, Pettit, Harris, Pate and Coco Ollerdessen. On paper this side looks to be one of the strongest elevens in the league, but a match or two will have to be played before conclusions as to its playing ability can be reached. In any case, the Colts will need to be strong against the Staff & Headquarters side. The soldiers include considerably more than half of the victorious 1939 Shaforce team and they are favoured in many circles to clinch this year's title. Capt. Cole, Sadler, Hamlen, Jones, Plumb, to mention but five members of the team, indicate the calibre of the XI and though it is possible they have had very little practice this summer, it will come as a distinct surprise should they lose against the Colts despite the latters' undoubted strength.

On Thursday and Friday evenings on the Recs' ground, an S.R.C. XI will meet the Public & Thomas Hanbury scholars, play beginning at 5.15 p.m. sharp both evenings.

On Saturday at 1.30 p.m. the Police will come to grips with the Seaforth Highlanders on the former's ground in a friendly encounter. The Police are turning out a strong side that includes both Boddy and Woodley, who were absent from the team last year, while Ward, the well-known baseballer, will be given a chance to display his ability.

In the final match of the week-end, an S.C.C. XI will entertain the Police on Sunday at 1.30 p.m. on the S.S.C. ground. The hosts are putting out a moderately strong side, but the Police, providing they can turn out anything near their regular eleven, should be able to gain the day.

Today and tomorrow.—An S.R.C. XI v. P.T.H. (Friendly), 5.15 p.m. each day. S.R.C. ground.

Saturday, June 1.—S.C.C. Wanderers v. S.C.C. Stragglers, (League). 1.30 p.m. S.C.C. ground; Recs' Tyros v. Parsees (League), 1.30 p.m. Recs' ground; Police v. Seaforths (Friendly), 1.30 p.m. Police ground.

Sunday, June 2.—Recs' Colts v. Staff & HQS (League), 1.30 p.m. Recs' ground; An S.C.C. XI v. Police (Friendly), 1.30 p.m. S.C.C. ground.

Teams

Wanderers:—E. H. Anstice (capt.), J. E. Fairbairn, L. T. Lawrance, A. Lingard, W. Marsay, T. C. G. Pearson, T. L. Rawsthorne, G. J. Read, F. E. T. Marshall, P. V. Simpson, L. F. Stokes. Reserves: R. F. Scott, J. Harvey, J. R. Kaie. Umpire: F. J. Hart.

Stragglers:—A. C. Sinclair (capt.), R. Booth, W. V. K. Chadwick, E. R. Duckitt, F. B. Elliott, J. Fletcher, I. M. Hutchison, C. H. Mellor, W. B. Sim, E. J. Sluis, T. H. Wood. Reserves: J. D. Sayle, J. Cornfield. Umpire: C. Victor Syms. Scorer: R. H. Goodwin.

S.C.C. XI (v. Police):—G. B. Elliot (capt.), J. Cornfield. H. A. Crickmer, R. W. Edwards, A. Graham, J. H. Johns, J. R. Kaie, F. Marshall, A. G. Norman, H. E. Orr, W. E. Tingle. Reserves: J. D. Sayle, L. Underwood, G. J. Winney. Umpire: L. T. Lawrance. Scorer: H. S. Barley.

An S.R.C. XI (v. P.T.H.):—A. W. Pettit (capt.), W. H. Harvey, E. N. Caro. E. Grundt, J. H. Anderson, T. Katemopoulos, M. U. Mohideen, W. Hallford, J. A. Davis, E. Brodd, E. Weidman. Reserves: A. de S. Inwood, A. England, R. Murray, E. J. Harvey. Scorer: M. Johnston.

Tyros:—C. J. Smith (capt.), E. S. Blackwood, F. F. Kellner, H. Meston. F. R. Kermani, N. Hart-Baker, A. Symons, L. Marcal, V. Evans, G. Madar, E. Tivoriuk. Reserves: M. U. Mohideen, E. N. Caro, W. H. Harvey. Umpire: A. W. Pettit. Scorer: E. C. Kew.

Colts:—P. Madar (capt.), T. W. R. Wilson, J. Leriou, A. F. Gomes, L. P. Quincey, A. A. Kliene, D. J. Graybrook, A. W. Pettit, D. F. Harris, K. M. Pate, C. E. Ollerdesson. Reserves: E. Weidman, E. Grundt, A. de S. Inwood, E. Brodd. Umpire: N. Hart-Baker. Scorer: M. Johnston.

Police (v. Seaforths):—E. C. Baker (capt.), S. V. Gash, B. B. Boddy, J. E. Fairbairn, F. C. Woodley, A. C. Abbott, F. W. Bader, F. A. Pitts, F. Peasgood, W. H. Baldock, W. H. Ward. Reserves: W. H. Richardson, T. H. Darvill, F. T. McKeown. Scorer: H. Austin.

Parsees (v. Tyros):—M. J. Divecha (capt.), P. M. Charna, S. M. Charna, K. M. Shroff, P. R. Kermani, S. P. Karanjia, N. N. Mehta, R. F. Shroff, S. F. Shroff, A. B. Tata, B. R. Vlecajee. Reserves: K. F. Shroff and J. B. Tata.

Horse Racing Booms In Japan

Y.27,297,880 Wagered During 8-day Meeting Near Kobe

Tokyo, May 29.

Japan's booming war-time industries are being reflected in tremendously increased betting at the government-supervised race tracks.

A total of Y.27,297,880 (US$6,423,000) was wagered during the eight days of a race meeting at the Hanshin course between Osaka and Kobe. The total exceeded a record mark reached earlier in the spring at the Kyoto track.

The Hanshin meeting was attended by 300,000 spectators.

Under the law governing racing in Japan the government takes 15 per cent. of all wagers.

Until the present period of plentiful money a record of approximately Y.10,000,000 in wagers for an eight-day meeting was considered exceptional.—United Press.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, Great Rambler; 2, Fearless Fox.
Also ran:—Woodlark, Hei Jen Ya Kao, Double Ten, Dinna Ken.
1½ lengths.—Time, 19.48.
Win, $14.40. Forecast 5-1 Div. $94.10.
Place, 1st $10.70; 2nd $10.30.
2—300 yd. flat.—1, Sans Souci II; 2, Careless Orontes.
Also ran:—Venus II, Wild Girl, Aidyn Wild, Jacko.
A head.—Time, 18.23.
Win, $29.70. Forecast 4-6 Div. $202.70.
Place, 1st $17.30; 2nd $17.40.
Double Event 1/2 5-4 Div. $27.40.
3—440 yd. flat.—1, Reckless Mood; 2, Mad Dale.
Also ran:—Fresh Biscuit, Our Fortune, Vassar, Little Marquis.
3½ lengths.—Time, 29.74.
Win, $30.10. Forecast 4-3 Div. $64.40.
Place, 1st $9.50; 2nd $9.70.
Double Event 3/3 4-3 Div. $26.50.
4—500 yd. flat.—1, Lover; 2, My Girl.
Also ran:—Wild Wind, Five Stars II, Dah Cheng, Betty.
1½ length.—Time, 31.06.
Win, $39.80. Forecast 4-3 Div. $124.50.
Place, 1st $16.50; 2nd $13.40.
Double Event 3/4 2-4 Div. $57.10.
5—500 yd. flat.—1, Dan McGrew; 2, Jorrock's Best.
3½ lengths.—Time, 30.14.
Win, $12.40. Forecast 5-3 Div. $102.60.
Place, 1st $9.10; 2nd $20.30.
Double Event 4/5 4-5 Div. $54.20.
6—500 yd. flat.—1, Reckless Master; 2, Cute Vanguard.
A neck.—Time, 30.37.
Win, $21.10. Forecast 4-6 Div. $157.20.
Place, 1st $13.90; 2nd $14.30.
Double Event 5/6 5-4 Div. $25.20.
7—500 yd. flat.—1, La Dorina; 2, Don't Forget.
2 lengths.—Time, 30.19.
Win, $14.40. Forecast 4-3 Div. $90.10.
Place, 1st $8.60; 2nd $9.70.
Double Event 6/7 4-4 Div. $47.40.
8—500 yd. flat.—1, Black Satin; 2, Tinker.
1 length.—Time, 29.82.
Win, $20.40. Forecast 3-4 Div. $76.30.
Place, 1st $10.70; 2nd $11.80.
Double Event 7/8 4-3 Div. $32.80.

Olympic Champion Wins

London, May 28.

Harold Whitlock, Olympic and European 50 kilometres walking champion, won a fifteen miles open road race promoted by his club, Metropolitan W.C., in Regent's Park, London, his time being 2 hours and 38 seconds. D.H.A. Christie-Murray (Surrey W.C.) was second in 2 hours 2 minutes 13 seconds and C. E. Churcher (Belgrave Harriers) third in 2 hours 5 minutes 15 seconds. Belgrave Harriers won both scratch and handicap team events.—Reuter.

Surrey's Cricket Twins in the R.A.F.

The Surrey County cricket club twins, the Redser brothers, are still together and have now given the Royal Air Force a problem of identification.

Lawn Bowls Fixtures

The Country Club will play the Lawn Bowls Club at the Lawn Bowls Club on Saturday at 3 p.m. The following have been selected to represent the Country Club:—

C. W. Porter, L. J. Davies, Ian A. Beith, R. Lock, A. Kendal Ward, Morrison Hendry, I. E. Roberts, T. A. T. Begg, J. G. Haigh, W. P. Lambe, E. F. Bateman, P. W. Massey. Reserves: J. R. Weeks and C. W. Gordon.

The following have been chosen to represent the Hongkew Golf Club in a League match against the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club "Blues" to be played on Saturday, on the greens of the Hongkew Golf Club, at 3 p.m. sharp:—

C. M. Sequeira (skip), C. A. Pereira, A. E. Collins, J. Rocha; C. A. Silva (skip), J. J. Sousa, E. C. J. Pereira, A. A. Assis; A. M. Gutierrezz (skip), A. Portaria, A. P. Roza. A. H. Corveth.
C. M. Sequeira (skip), A. P. Roza, F. J. Skinner, J. Rocha; C. A. Silva (skip), J. J. Sousa, J. M. O. Sequeira, A. A. Assis; A. M. Gutierrez (skip), A. Portaria, E. C. J. Pereira, A. H. Corveth. Reserves: J. M. O. Sequeira, J. M. Gonsalves and F. J. Skinner.

The following have been chosen to represent the Hongkew Golf Club in the annual match against the Shanghai Recreation Club to be played on Sunday:—

C. A. Pereira (skip), A. E. Collins, J. M. Gonsalves, C. G. Silva; L. A. M. Ozorio (skip), J. Remedios, G. Jorge, O. Holmes. Reserves: F. Souza and F. Rodrigues.

Fulham Beat West Ham

London, May 28.

Following are the results of Regional League fixtures played yesterday:

North Western
Blackburn 1, Carlisle 1

South A
Tottenham 2, Norwich 2

South C
Fulham 2, West Ham 1.—Reuter.

100 Yards Dash Record Held by Johannson

Immediately after Cecil Edwards had broken the tape in the Shanghai Open 100 Yards dash last Saturday at the Race Course in the Police Track Meet, it was announced that his time of 10 seconds flat constituted a Shanghai record. Despite the fact that Edwards' effort was a magnificent one, the announcement that he had created a record was incorrect according to a check-up on local results. Gus Johannson, who won the century sprint at the Police Sports in 1929, was credited with the amazing time of 9.4/5 seconds, which has never been equalled, let alone beaten. The record, therefore, is still held by Johannson and not Edwards.

Regional League Results

London, May 29.

Results in North-Western Regional Association Football League, played yesterday were:

Rochdale 3, Blackpool 3
Oldham 2, Blackburn 5.—Reuter.

Yankees in First Division

Take Double-header from Senators, Paced by Gordon; Detroit Pushing Leaders

New York, May 28.

TEAM standings in the American League underwent a wholesale revision today, with the biggest gain being made by the New York Yankees, who climbed into the first division with a percentage of .500 in sweeping a twin bill to bring their total of victories to eight in their last ten starts.

The Yanks took both ends of a twin bill from the Washington Senators, 12-4, 3-1. Joe Gordon paced the attack in the opener with two doubles and a home run to drive six runs across the plate and practically blast the Washington team single-handedly.

In the night cap, Montegeaudo's wildness, coupled with a balk, gave the Yankees two runs in the second inning, enough to put the game on ice as it subsequently proved.

Following up their triumph over the Tribe last night, the Detroit Tigers handed the Cleveland Indians another setback today, 8-5, to come up within a half game of the faltering Indians. Dudy York's single in the fifth drove home two Tigers and placed the Bengals in a lead they never relinquished.

The St. Louis Browns took a slugfest from the Chicago White Sox, emerging on the paying end of a 10-9 count after a hectic battle. Two home runs by George McQuinn and another by Myril Hoag paved the way to the Mound City victory. The Browns moved into the lead in the sixth on singles by Hoag and Clift and a double by Berardino which was followed by another single from the bat of Laabs. The uprising resulted in three runs.

Cardinals Whitewash Cubs

In the National League, the St. Louis Cardinals gained revenge for yesterday's shutout by administering the whitewash dose to the Chicago Cubs, 5-0, Olsen, who started for the Bruins, was driven to the showers in the sixth inning after what had been a pitcher's duel up to that point was broken up by a barrage of Cardinal hits resulting in four runs.

The Pittsburgh Pirates played good samaritans for the Brooklyn Dodgers by knocking off the Cincinnati Reds, 5-2, to ease the pressure on the Flatbush Fusiliers, who will meet the Phils in an Owl Game tonight.

Vaughan's triple and Gustine's double featured a Pirate rally in the fourth inning that led to four runs and victory by a score of 5-2.

The New York Giants and Boston Bees were rained out.

Detailed Scores

American League

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	4	12	1
New York	12	14	1

Batteries: Haynes, Hudson and Ferrell; Russo, Murphy and Dickey.—Opener.

Washington	1	7	0
New York	3	9	0

Batteries: Montegeaudo and Earley; Breuer and Dickey.—Nightcap.

Detroit	8	11	0
Cleveland	5	11	0

Batteries: Newhouser, Benton and Tebbetts; Allen, Zuber, Humphries, Dobson, Naymick and Hemsley.

Detroit	6	10	2
Cleveland	1	6	1

Batteries: Newsom and Sullivan; Naymick. Eisenstat, Humphries and Hemsley.—Night game.

Chicago	9	16	2
St. Louis	10	12	1

Batteries: Rigney, Weiland, Turner, Grove and Tresh; Kennedy, Coffman, and Swift.

Boston	4	14	1
Philadelphia	1	8	0

Batteries: Galehouse and Desautels; Babich, Heusser and Hayes.

National League

Cincinnati	2	5	2
Pittsburgh	5	8	1

Batteries: Thompson, Hutchison and Lombardi; Butcher and Davis.

St. Louis	5	8	1
Chicago	0	4	1

Batteries: Lanier and Owen; Olsen, Page and Todd.
New York-Boston postponed.

Philadelphia	2	6	4
Brooklyn	4	11	3

Batteries: Mulcahy, Brown, and Atwood; Fitzsimmons and Phelps.

League Standings

American League

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	18	9	.667
Cleveland	19	14	.576
Detroit	19	14	.576
New York	16	16	.500
Chicago	16	17	.485
Washington	15	18	.455
St. Louis	12	18	.400
Philadelphia	12	19	.387

National League

Brooklyn	21	8	.724
Cincinnati	22	10	.68.
New York	17	12	.586
Chicago	17	16	.515
Philadelphia	10	16	.3
Boston	9	16	.360
St. Louis	10	20	.333
Pittsburgh	9	19	.32.

—United Press.

Hungjao Ladies' Golf Club Tombstone Match

The following are the starting times tomorrow for the above competition:—

9.04 Mrs. Harrison v. Mrs. Sheridan
9.08 Mrs. Howell v. Mrs. Innes
9.12 Mme. Laffond v. Mrs. C. F. King
9.16 Miss Burton v. Mrs. Maitland
9.20 Mrs. Burton v. Mme Millet
9.24 Lady Maze v. Mrs. Wentworth
9.28 Mrs. Powell v. Mrs. Andrews
9.32 Mrs. Bates v. Mrs. Mann
9.36 Mrs. Simmons v. Miss Drakeford
9.40 Mrs. Bryan v. Mrs. Gubb
9.44 Mrs. Barton v. Mrs. Smith
9.48 Mrs. Farnsworth v. Mrs. Rigden

Champion French Horse Not to Run in Derby

Djebel's Owner Against 3-year-old's Entering

Paris, May 29.

M. Marcel Boussao, owner of Djebel, champion French three-year-old, has told Reuter that Djebel will not run in the Derby. Djebel had been a favourite. His training was interrupted by the war.

There had been widespread pleasure among English sportsmen when Djebel's entry was announced, as he was expected to give a flavour of international rivalry to the Derby. Djebel outshone all of the English two-year-olds last season when he won the Middle Park Stakes at Newmarket in November.

The Derby will be run at Newbury on June 5.—Reuter.

Uptown
Telephone 30484
TO-DAY at 2.30, 5, 7 and 9.15 p.m.
FIRST RUN IN SHANGHAI.
DARE DEVIL of the DEEP! ADVENTURE HERO OF THE AGE!

Undersea Kingdom
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(CHAPTER ONE).
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"RAMONA"
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10 EVENTS

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HARRY C. FISHER
AND HIS SWING BAND
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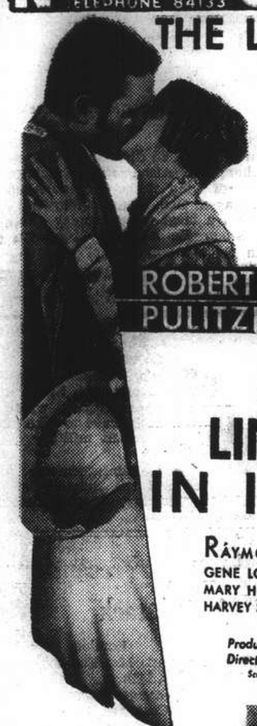
NANKING TELEPHONE 84133
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
THE LOVE HE LOST
. . . was the love he remembered. But the woman he married was the driving force behind his career! The HUMAN story of Lincoln, told on the screen with even greater appeal than in the stage hit!

ROBERT E. SHERWOOD'S PULITZER PRIZE PLAY
ABE LINCOLN IN ILLINOIS
RAYMOND MASSEY
GENE LOCKHART · RUTH GORDON
MARY HOWARD · DOROTHY TREE
HARVEY STEPHENS · MINOR WATSON
ALAN BAXTER
Produced by MAX GORDON
Directed by JOHN CROMWELL
Screen Play by Robert E. Sherwood

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BEWARE SPOOKS!
with MARY CARLISLE
Screen play by Richard Flourney, Albert Duffy, Brian Marlow.
Directed by EDWARD SEDGWICK.
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ALSO: Colour Cartoon & Two Excellent Shorts!
90 cts., $1.20, $1.60 $1, $1.30, $1.60, $2.

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UP! UP! UP!
INTO THE SKIES... WITH A NEW BROOD OF AMERICAN EAGLES!
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SMILE! LAUGH! HOWL!
Rough! Tough! Terrific!
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PAT O'BRIEN ...A warm-hearted friend... a strong-hearted champion!
GEORGE BRENT See how he got that famous nickname "Wild Bill"!
THE FIGHTING 69TH
with JEFFREY LYNN, ALAN HALE, FRANK McHUGH, DENNIS MORGAN · DICK FORAN
William Lundigan · Guinn "Big Boy" Williams
Directed by WILLIAM KEIGHLEY
COME EARLY!
RESERVATIONS: Can only be held till five minutes before THE SHOW STARTS!

Allied Reverses Consolidate American Public Opinion

Swing Towards Aid, Without Entering War, Noted; President Roosevelt's Policy Supported

New York, May 29.

THE average American still does not want the United States to enter the European War although there is growing uneasiness in the United States over the future of this country in the event that the Allied Powers are crushed by Chancellor Adolf Hitler's *Blitzkrieg*.

American public sentiment toward the European war, however, appears to have been as much confused as crystallized by Germany's offensive of the past nineteen days.

Apart from the shock that the German drive to the English Channel has been to the American public, it has increasel American sympathy for the martyred civilians of Europe and has increased American determination to prepare for anything the future may hold.

Sampling opinion in various sections of the country produces the following indications, with the reminder that American sentiment in the past sometimes has changed over night.

Unanimous for Preparedness

1. The country is almost unanimously for preparedness as shown by the rush in which Congress is enacting defence measures without debate.

2. There is no war fever in the United States and the people still do not want to engage in the European war.

3. There is growing uneasiness over the future of the United States in the event of a German victory in Europe.

4. Americans are remembering that Norway, Holland and Belgium did not want war either, but could not avoid it.

5. In view of the progress of the war, the man in the street is crediting President Roosevelt with more foresight than he did a year ago and consequently is more inclined to follow the President's foreign policy.

6. This means an increase of pro-Allied sentiment and support of the President's "measures short of war" policy to aid the Allies.

7. Many Americans point out, however, that such aid to the Allies may start a chain of events which may make it impossible for America to avoid involvement in Europe.

8. Pure isolationism is waning in the United States but groups favouring direct intervention in Europe are still small minorities, although some of them are influential.

9. Ironically, Chancellor Hitler's success against the British and French is viewed as having immensely increased the chances of President Roosevelt's re-election for a third term, although it is not yet a foregone conclusion that the President would like a third term.

Little War Sentiment

The Atlantic seaboard by tradition is pro-Ally and is now more anxious than other parts of the country to send aid to the Allies, but there are no indications of much growth in war sentiment.

The mid-West does not shy away much from the Administration's "means short of war" to aid the Allies, but state conventions are still voting "keep us out of war" planks for their political platforms.

The deep South is enthusiastically pro-Roosevelt and some sections have started xenophobic witch hunts against suspected "Fifth Column" operatives.

After the recent flurry of suggestions—the adjournment of politics the postponement of the political conventions, the establishment of a coalition government, etc.—It is clear that the presidential campaign will not stop the Republicans from maintaining their stiff criticism of what they allege is a New Deal attempt at self-perpetuation.

Administration leaders, led by President Roosevelt, have told the country that partisan criticism of their measures is merely the result of Republican opposition to anything sponsored by the Democratic Party. —United Press.

Japanese to Bomb Chungking Daily

Until Chinese Resistance Broken; 300 Killed, 200 Wounded on Tuesday

Hankow, May 29.

"The Japanese intend to bomb Chungking daily, until the spirit of resistance of the Chinese is broken," stated Commander Okino, the recently appointed Japanese Naval spokesman, during the course of a press conference here this afternoon.

He added that Japanese 'planes had bombed Chungking again this morning. The spokesman admitted that Chungking itself was not a military objective, but he said there were many military objectives, and anti-aircraft guns throughout Chungking, which must be obliterated.

Commander Okino concluded by declaring that the safety of third power property would be guaranteed. —Reuter.

Correspondent In Raid

Chungking, May 29.

A vivid description of yesterday's air raid over Chungking, which killed about 300 civilians and wounded 200, was given today by the Havas correspondent here, who himself narrowly escaped death when his office was practically destroyed by bombs.

"Reconstruction work started almost immediately after the havoc wreaked by the bombs as members of the engineer corps set to their task even before the all-clear signal was given," the correspondent said. "Ambulances rushed to rescue the wounded and coolies began clearing the streets littered with debris. The air raid apparently failed to demoralize the population. Within a few hours after it happened, life was going on as usual although the bombed areas still presented a distressing sight."

The correspondent then stressed that disregard of possible danger was mainly responsible for the casualties. Rickshaw coolies were seen lying dead with their fares as well as a number of onlookers who, instead of seeking shelter when the alarm was sounded, stayed in the open to watch the raiders.

Had the population implicitly obeyed the rules drafted by the authorities, it is probable that the casualties would have been less than one-tenth their present number, the correspondent concluded.—Havas.

Raids Described

A Japanese Base, May 29.

The series of three Japanese air raids on Chungking yesterday, seventh this year, were described today in a communique issued by the Central China Seas Fleet command.

One squadron, the announcement said, bombed military establishments near the Chwantung Normal School in the western suburbs at 12.30 o'clock in the afternoon. Fires were started in four places, it was stated.

During the operations, the naval command said, seven Chinese planes engaged the Japanese raiders. One enemy plane was shot down in the ensuing dogfight, the announcement asserted.

A second unit meanwhile was reported to have severely damaged military structures north of the Yangtze. One of the buildings was seen to beech a thick column of black smoke after the bombs were dropped.

The third Japanese raiding squadron bombed the Kwangyangpa airfield and blasted adjacent military establishments. Six Chinese planes were repulsed here, one being shot down, the communique said. The announcement said that all the Japanese planes returned to their base safely although the anti-aircraft fire was the severest ever experienced at Chungking.—Domei.

Chinese Planes Appear

Hankow, May 29.

Chinese aeroplanes appeared over two towns under Japanese occupation in Hupeh yesterday afternoon to release a total of four bombs, field despatches reaching here today said.

Five Chungking machines were sighted at an altitude of 5,000 metres above Suihsien, 140 kilometres northwest of Hankow at 3.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They released three bombs.

A lone Chinese airplane dropped one bomb in an area east of Chungsiang a town on the upper Han River also known as Anlu, from an altitude of 4,500 metres.

All missiles failed to hit Japanese military positions, causing no losses among the Japanese forces, the reports said.—Domei.

Nazis Make Threat to French Airmen

Will Shoot Captives If Germans Are Slain

Berlin, May 29.

On the orders of Field Marshal Hermann Goering, Minister of Aviation, all French air force prisoners of war are to be shackled immediately on capture and kept in separate camps, according to an announcement by the German news agency.

They are also to be deprived of all allowances previously granted them.

"Every time the murder of a German airman is reported," the agency declares, "Goering will have five French airmen shot. The same applies to German airmen fired at while jumping for their lives in parachutes, except in such cases he will have 50 French prisoners shot.

"This measure will not apply to captured British airmen, as the British have so far given no reason for such countermeasures."—Reuter.

With the British Troops in Egypt

The importance of the middle East increases day by day with the prospect of Italy entering the war on the Nazi side. Troops from two great empires are ready for anything that might happen there. The picture shows a unit of a British armoured division "going into action" during manœuvres in the desert.

"Hold on Like Hell" Is British Motto

Gravity of Situation Sees Britain Determined to Go On; Valiant Troops

London, May 29.

King Leopold's surrender has caused another wave of pessimism as to where and when the German onslaught might be stopped. An early attack upon the British Isles from the coasts of Belgium and France is foreseen.

The gravity of the situation in which the Allies find themselves has been brought home with the impact of a great shock. A French military spokesman in Paris said that "King Leopold's treasonable act is all the graver in view of the fact that it has come when the Allies are in a difficult although not desperate position."

Determination

The immediate reaction in military quarters in London to King Leopold's grave decision was renewed determination to continue the struggle at all costs. "Hold on like hell is our motto," declared a military spokesman to Reuter.

Competent quarters do not attempt to disguise the seriousness of the situation involving the sudden, unforewarned capitulation of an important section of the Allied line.

The problem of supplying the Allied forces in Flanders with food, arms and fuel has long been the object of close study, and the authorities are prepared to face the increasing disadvantage of supply by sea with the full co-operation of the Navy.

Critical Situation

There is no disposition in well-informed quarters in London to minimize the critical situation in which the British Expeditionary Force finds itself as a result of the defection of King Leopold.

It is emphasized that the B.E.F. is not a beaten force. Whatever work it has had to do, it has done, and it has never been beaten back or broken. Every time it has been asked to counter attack, it has done so effectively, and when it has been asked to withdraw it has done so in good order without loss of discipline or morale.

Man for man against the Germans the B.E.F. is said to have proved superior, just as the Royal Air Force personnel is stated to have proved superior to the German air personnel.

It is pointed out that the B.E.F. has been marching and fighting continuously for over a fortnight with little rest, during which time the men have been continually bombed, shelled and attacked by tanks, and they have never wavered. This would not have been possible but for the confidence and trust reposed by the men in their leaders, and this confidence would not have existed had not the officers shown all the qualities of leadership and self-sacrifice which have always been a hallmark of the British army.

Glorious Feat

Not only has the B.E.F. had the normal difficulties of war to contend with, it is stated, but roads have been blocked by thousands of refugees, and communications bombed and destroyed, involving constant revision in the way of staff work. In its present position it will be almost impossible to reorientate its front to attacks from every direction at once.

The British army, with its French allies, will continue its fight. It is pointed out that although the greater part of the Expeditionary Force is in north France, it is not all there.

In continuing their fight, the British and French Allies will serve very useful purposes, one of which is to give the French valuable time to straighten their front on the Somme. When the history of the past fortnight comes to be written, it is declared that this battle will rank among the finest feats ever performed by British arms.—Reuter.

Nanking Repudiates Railway Contract

French Loan Agreement Not Recognized

Tokyo, May 29.

In accordance with a declaration of May 6, the Nanking government issued a statement declaring nullification of a contract for a 480,000 franc railway loan on the security of the surplus in Customs revenue for the construction of a new railway between Kunming and Suchow in southern Szechuen province, according to a Japanese message from Nanking.

The contract was reported to have been concluded between the Chungking régime and a French foundation for economic exploitation of China.

In return for conclusion of the contract France was to secure mining concessions along the projected railway, according to the statement, which declares that such a contract is regarded as France's political action aiming at disturbing the national movement going on under the guidance of the Nanking government.

At this time when the masses of China "are anxious for peace," the statement points out, the new government cannot but draw the attention of France to the fact that the Nanking régime feels great concern about the railway loan contract and will neither recognize such a contract nor share responsibility for it.—Reuter.

First Wang Ching-wei Envoy to Japan

Former Chairman of East Hopei Government Chosen

Peiping, May 28.

Yin Ju-keng, former Chairman of the defunct East Hopei Autonomous Government who retired from the Chinese political scene upon the establishment of the Peiping Provisional Government, has been designated the first Wang Ching-wei Ambassador to Japan, according to reliable quarters here.

Formal notice of his appointment will be issued by the Nanking Government shortly; the nomination is declared to have been approved by Gen. Itagaki, Chief of Staff of the Japanese expeditionary forces.—Havas.

U.S. Cruiser Departs For Guam

Honolulu, May 29.

The United States cruiser Pensacola departed for Guam on Monday, it was learned today, but there was no information available as to whether other naval units had been ordered to Guam.—United Press.

No Change in Japan's Foreign Policy

Spokesman's Statement on N.E.I. Talks

Tokyo, May 29.

"There is no change in Japan's policy toward the European War, or toward the new Central Government of China, notwithstanding various rumours to the contrary," was the statement made today by Mr. Yakichiro Suma, spokesman of the Japanese Foreign Office, during his regular tri-weekly conference with the press.

The spokesman stressed that everything was being done to speed up extension of formal recognition of the reorganized National Government of China.

Regarding the European War, Japan will not take sides, either with Germany or the Allies, Mr. Suma reiterated.

Referring to Tuesday afternoon's interview between Mr. Masayuki Tani, Foreign Vice-Minister, and General J. C. Pabst, Netherlands Minister here, the spokesman said that Vice-Minister Tani invited Gen. Pabst to the Foreign Office to ask about the actual situation in the Netherlands East Indies.

Mr. Suma revealed that General Pabst replied to some questions posed by Mr. Tani offhand, but referred others to his home Government or to the Netherlands East Indies authorities.

Tromsoe Population To Be Evacuated

Stockholm, May 28.

Owing to the increased danger of air bombing, the population of Tromsoe, in northern Norway, has been ordered to evacuate the town, the correspondent of the "Social Demokraten" reports. The evacuation is taking place mainly by sea—Havas.

Tokyo Prohibits Drafts On Sterling Bloc

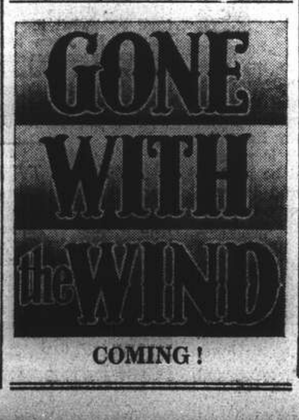
Tokyo, May 29.

The ministry of Finance is provisionally prohibiting drafts for exports to all sterling bloc countries (because drawn on London) with the exception of Australia.

Descendant of Burmese Monarch Dies

Rangoon, May 29.

The death has occurred in Rangoon of Princess Htaik Tin Yu, a great grand-daughter of King Mindon. The Princess, who was 46 year old, was one of the few remaining direct descendants of King Mindon.—Reuter.



COMING!

Germans Report British Agents in Mexico

Statement Denied; Seen As Warning of Nazi Plans

Berlin, May 29.

The German Government has been informed that an "appreciable number" of British undercover agents and secret intelligence operators has been concentrated in Mexico, particularly around the Panama Canal, the semi-official D.N.B. news agency reported today.

"Their assignment," the German report said, "consists of staging incidents and sabotaging which would be blamed on Germany and thus manœuvre the United States into a fear and hate psychosis.

"The English propagandists are using the catch-word 'fifth column' to engender further excitement and fear among the American people".—United Press.

Emphatic British Denial

Mexico City, May 29.

The British consulate today labelled as "absolutely false" the Berlin report alleging that many British secret service agents had been sent into Mexico.

The German report, British consular officials said, constituted an advance warning that the Germans intend to become active in Mexico.—United Press.

Mr. Roosevelt Saddened By Belgian Surrender

Ambassador in U.S. Opposed To Capitulation

Washington, May 29.

President Roosevelt received the news of the surrender of King Leopold of the Belgians with "sadness," Mr. Stephen Early, the White House spokesman, told the press last night.

"As the President said in his address on Sunday night—'these are sad days,' Mr. Early said. "That does not necessarily apply to the action, but to the news," he added.

The Belgian Ambassador to Washington, Count Robert Van der Straten-Ponthoz, gave the State Department official confirmation of the surrender of the Belgian army last night and aligned himself with the fugitive Belgian Government established at Paris. He said the Belgian Government at Paris was determined to carry on the fight against Germany.—United Press.

"Evans of the Broke" Gets New Post

London, May 29.

Lord Beaverbrook, Minister of Aircraft Production, has appointed Admiral Sir Edward Evans to take charge of local protection and security of organization of all factories engaged in aeronautical work, and the aerodromes attached to them.

Sir Edward is famous for his feat in the Great War of destroying six German destroyers while in command of the Broke.—Reuter.

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CANIDROME RESULTS

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Race	Placed Dogs 1st	Placed Dogs 2nd	Forecast Pool $5 Dividends	Forecast Pool $2 Dividends	Course Double Events
1	5	1	54.10	21.60	$2 D/Events
2	4	6	202.70	81.00	Race 1-2 $ 27.40
3	2	3	54.40	21.70	,, 2-3 $ 35.20
4	4	3	124.50	49.80	,, 3-4 $ 57.10
5	5	3	102.60	41.00	,, 4-5 $ 54.20
6	4	6	137.20	54.80	,, 5-6 $ 25.20
7	4	3	90.10	36.00	,, 6-7 $ 47.40
8	3	4	76.30	30.50	,, 7-8 $ 32.80
9	—	—	—	—	,, 8-9 $ ——
10	—	—	—	—	,, 9-10 $ ——
11	—	—	—	—	,, 10-11 $ ——
12	—	—	—	—	,, 11-12 $ ——

Last Night's Highest Dividends:

$5 Win Forecast Race No. 2 Dog No. 4-6 Div. $202.70

$2 Course Double Events Races 3/4 Dog No. 2-4 Div. $57.10

Augusta Returns To Shanghai

After a two day absence from Shanghai the U.S.S. Augusta, flagship of the United States Asiatic Fleet, with Admiral Thomas C. Hart on board, returned here at 5 p.m. yesterday. The Augusta was followed by the U.S.S. Isabel, Admiral Hart's yacht, which arrived at 5.40 p.m. It is expected that the Augusta will sail for North China to join other units of the fleet in Northern waters in the middle of June.

German Planes Driven Off British Coast

Raids on Shipping Stopped By Anti-aircraft Fire

London, May 29.

Bent on bombing shipping, German planes appeared off the south-east coast of England yesterday and met with the heaviest barrage of anti-aircraft gunfire yet heard on that part of the coast.

The Ministry of Air announces that an air-raid warning was sounded in east Kent shortly before noon, and that the all-clear signal was given half an hour later.

Towns as far inland as 20 miles were warned.—Reuter.

U.S.-Brazil Military Talks Continue

Defence of Panama Canal Subject of Discussion

Washington, May 28.

Military parleys providing for the United States' co-operation in the defence of Brazil are continuing "satisfactorily" with the Brazilian Government, authoritative American quarters revealed today.

The general plan of U.S.-Brazilian military collaboration provides for the establishment of U.S. naval and air bases in Brazil within easy reach of the Panama Canal.

Discussions are also going ahead for the establishment of other bases in Venezuela and on the Cocos and Galapagos Islands, off the west coast of Central America.—Havas.

Berlin Reports Talk Of Huge Planes

Said Able to Carry 30-Ton Tanks to the Front

New York, May 29.

Fleets of giant German planes carrying 30-ton tanks will swoop down behind Allied lines in the next operations planned by the powerful German army, it was predicted here on the basis of reliable reports received here from Berlin.

These new 'planes developed by the Germans will measure 190 feet from nose to tail and will be equipped with four powerful motors, each capable of developing 1,200 horsepower. The planes will be able to carry tanks or field pieces to the front.

Two-hundred of these monster planes already were constructed when hostilities were begun in September last year, information received here revealed.

Germany, it was further predicted here, will be able to send powerful mechanized units at a moment's notice to any sector where they are needed. Some observers declared that the planes will be put into use if and when the Germans invade England.—Domei.

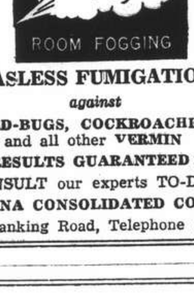
Peiping Population Now 1,719,742

Peiping, May 29.

According to the census taken by the Bureau of Police of the Peiping Municipality, the population in and around Peiping at the end of April was registered at 1,719,742.

Of this number, 1,043,357 are men and 676,385 are women.—Reuter.

THE NEW PROCESS



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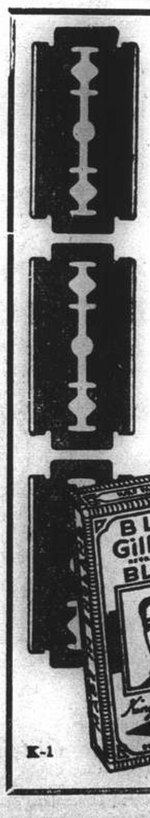

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

A BITTER BLOW

What appears to be the biggest piece of treachery in modern times took place when King Leopold III of the Belgians, against the advice of his own Cabinet, and without informing his Allies of his intentions, announced his decision to surrender and ordered the Belgian troops to lay down their arms. The decision to surrender is in itself bad enough, but that he should have done so without warning the Allies and thus permitting them to make the best dispositions to meet the new situation created, places the whole affair in a most sinister light. Admiral Sir Roger Keyes, who has been in close liaison with the Belgian King, has appealed that judgment shall be suspended upon a very gallant officer until all the facts are known. But the main facts are already known. Nineteen days ago when the Germans commenced their invasion of the Low Countries King Leopold appealed to the Allies for assistance. It was given within the space of a few hours. In the days of fighting which followed, the Belgians showed their mettle co-operating with the Allies and covering their colours with imperishable glory. Then suddenly out of the clear blue sky comes the news of this unconditional surrender by a King whose Ministers claim he is acting unconstitutionally. The Army obeyed his orders, nevertheless, and, before the Allies knew what was happening, their left flank was exposed to further German onslaught without adequate preparations having been made to face such a contingency. Was it part of the unconditional surrender by King Leopold that the Allies should be kept uninformed of his intention to surrender until it was an accomplished fact? It is quite believable that the tortuous minds of the Nazi leaders would conceive of such an idea, but utterly unbelievable that King Leopold could so have sacrificed his honour as to have entered into any such agreement. And yet that seems to be the only possible conclusion, for that is wherein the treachery lies. Had he informed the Allied command of what he proposed doing, it would at least have placed them upon their guard, and the fact that he did not do so must be the most telling portion of that indictment which history now sees levelled against him.

It is inconceivable that the son of so great and valiant a man as King Albert could have reached such a grave decision in the manner he has. Perhaps he was overwhelmed with the sight of the sufferings of his own people. So also was his father. He, however, stood with his people bravely with the Allies through all the dark months which had to pass before victory came in sight, and he, together with them, emerged from the struggle with his country restored. Now according to the enemy pronouncement, Belgium has ceased to exist. It will never reappear if the Allies fail in this holy war against the massed forces of evil. The Belgian Cabinet and that portion of Parliament, which is in France, and has denounced the King's action, fully realize that, and, though the Belgian army as such has ceased to have any practical interest for the Allies, Belgians in France are rallying to their support. Never has a King so falsely represented the spirit of a people, and the only conclusion at all sympathetic to him is to be drawn from the belief that the great tragedy in his personal life influenced him in his official capacity in this unfortunate manner. Of the gravity of the situation there must be no minimizing. The Allies must brace themselves to hear further bad news in the days to come. The task of extricating their forces still in north-east France will be attended with the gravest difficulties, and it may be that the losses in that area will be even graver than they are at the present. Critical as the situation is it is not hopeless. The Allies are determined that this one battle shall not decide the outcome of the war, and the partial defeat of the British Expeditionary Force will not daunt the British but stir them to greater and more far-reaching efforts. So also with France. The stirring radio address of the French Premier was in itself an inspiration. Yet he merely told the truth when he spoke of the great ability of the French people to rise to the greatest heights when the outlook seemed blackest. That is equally true of the British, and those who vividly remember the last war will recall how in the face of every discouragement, the French and the British met their difficulties in the only manner which could make victory possible. They will continue to do so now.

It is as well to endeavour to assess what has happened and what may follow in north-east France. At the commencement of the battle it was announced that the Allies including Belgium had rather more than a million men in the field there. There apparently remain French and British troops somewhere in the neighbourhood of 750,000, or perhaps a little more. Their defeat and capture, if that does occur, would deprive the remaining Allies of a large body of men but by no means sufficient to preclude them from being able to continue to offer resistance. At the most, only a minor portion of the British Forces would be lost, and a few French divisions. The greater part of the British Forces is still intact, and growing rapidly. But the fighting in this area has not yet terminated. Whatever the outcome, it may confidently be expected that the Allies will continue to make the enemy pay as dearly as he has in the past for whatever advantages he may gain, and, if reports of casualties which they have suffered up to the present are in any way related to the facts, it may still prove to be the case that the enemy though gaining a territorial success will have paid a greater price than have the Allies in resisting him. While it is natural that the greatest attention should be paid at present to the operations on land it must never be forgotten that the enormous pressure of the Allied fleets through the blockade, which has forced Herr Hitler to embark upon this mad gamble, is still being ruthlessly applied, and that its effect is being heightened by the manner in which the Germans are making huge inroads into their stores of war material. Thus the same factors, the operation of which was expected to contribute greatly to the Allied victory, still exist, and are still exerting terrific pressure on the enemy. The latter by forcing the issue in the manner he is, is endeavouring to outrun the constable. The chances that he will succeed are not particularly favourable, and the Allied heads, though bloody, are still unbowed and are likely to remain so throughout this contest.

U.S. Favour Allies

The fact that the more the Allies "take it" in Europe, the more does American public opinion incline in their favour should cause the German High Command some concern. The effectiveness of the Nazi tactics in Flanders has acted like a Medusa's head on some of the small nations in Europe and has turned them into stone; but the United States is a very different matter. German treachery, German brutality, and Hitler's complete disregard of what the rest of the world still believes to be justice and honour, do nothing but nauseate the true American. The review of American opinion, published elsewhere, proves this. There is an increasing sentiment in the United States in favour of extending every kind of aid to the Allies, short of actually entering the war on their side. There is a full realization of the urgent need for improving the defences of the country, inspired by the fear—fortunately not well grounded—that the Nazis might win the war in Europe. It is understood that Norway, Holland, and Belgium did their utmost, as the United States is now doing, to keep out of the war; nevertheless Hitler forced them into it. Will he force the United States into it, too? If so, he will find the American nation ready. It is noteworthy that the drive being carried out by the Department of Justice against "fifth column" activities has so far been directed against Nazis and Communists, not against any persons suspected of pro-Allied activities. Why should this be so? The answer is simple. Those who may be working for the Allied cause, no matter how they are doing it, "play the game." Those working for the Nazis do not know the meaning of the phrase. There is no deception or treachery they will stop at. They may deny this fact themselves, but their leader, Hitler, has admitted it in his "Mein Kampf." He has stated plainly that no scruple whatsoever will stand in his way, no humanitarian principle—unless it is applied to Germans—will hinder or slow down his progress. That he means what he says has been proved by the actions of his forces in bombing and machine-gunning women and children in the crowded highways of France. The seriousness of the Nazi threat to civilization is being belatedly understood by the man in the street in America, and his reaction is a strong one. Everything possible must be done to stop the wild beast which is running amuck.

The Same Old Trick

Three characteristic examples of German methods in preparation for illegal actions are to be noticed during the past day or so. The first is the German allegation that the British are preparing to sink the ss. President Roosevelt in which some hundreds of American refugees are being transported from Britain back to the United States. The British will most surely do no such thing, for the very last thing they would wish at a juncture such as this would be to do anything, or permit anything to happen which might be likely to spoil the excellent case which the Germans are building up in America on behalf of the Allies. That the Germans may endeavour to sink the vessel, and attempt to blame it upon the Allies, is a distinct possibility of which sight should not be lost. The second is Marshal Goering's threat to shoot French airmen taken prisoner by the enemy in reprisal for every alleged murder of German airmen taken prisoner in the ratio of five Frenchmen to one German, and fifty French for every airman shot while attempting to land by parachute. This decision is said to be based upon the story of a German wing commander who alleged that on landing by parachute he was beaten and robbed by French Moroccans, and was only saved by the intervention of the French gendarmes, who apparently were kind enough to allow him to escape, and return to the German lines where he could tell his story. The third concerns another German fabrication to the effect that an appreciable number of British undercover and secret intelligence operators have been concentratd in Mexico for the purpose of staging incidents and sabotaging which could then be blamed on the Germans. This the British authorities brand as absolutely false, and as the British consular officials in Mexico City said constitutes an advance warning that the Germans intend to become active in Mexico. That was in fact reported some days ago, and with this particular lie the Nazis have been somewhat late. The obvious stupidity of such proceedings as these are perfectly manifest. The last thing either Great Britain or France would desire to do at the moment is anything calculated to interfere with the rapidly growing sentiment of sympathy with them in the United States. The Germans, on the other hand, would greatly like to do so, and, if they can create incidents and commit sabotage with any chance of getting away with it, they may be confidently expected to make the attempts. They may even allow some of their agents to be captured in order to confess that they were in the pay of the perfidious British. It is unlikely, however, that the United States secret service, which has been working in cooperation with the British, would be likely to be deceived by any such transparent device.

Nazi Air Strength

There is every reason to believe that, while certain Nazi tactics on land have surprised the Allied General Staff, the Royal Air Force has been almost as disagreeable a surprise to the Germans. And there is no cause to doubt the correctness of the British claims that losses are in a proportion of four to one, if not higher. The principal fighting plane used by the Germans is the Messerschmitt 109, which was designed in 1935, and has since been fitted with a more powerful engine which has increased its speed but diminished its manoeuvrability. It is mass-produced, and this fact is hampering improvements which the present war has shown to be badly needed. For even a small alteration in the mass-productive system will put out of gear the whole elaborate organization. In speed and armament it is no match for the British Hurricanes. The newer German fighter plane, the Messerschmitt 110, a twin-engined two-seater armed with two cannons and two machine-guns in front and two machine-guns firing in the rear, is a more formidable craft, but its performances, especially against Allied bombers, which it seems to have been specially designed to attack, have so far given little satisfaction to the staff of the Luftwaffe, or Nazi army air arm. In the German bombers everything has been sacrificed to speed and carrying capacity. Their armament is therefore not so good as the armament of British planes, and the slim fuselage of the Heinkel III, of which type the Germans have more than any other, has made it impossible to fit power operated turrets—one of the great advantages of British machines. The latest Nazi bomber, the Junkers 88, is also principally designed for speed and carrying capacity. It suffers, though to a less degree, from somewhat the same disadvantages as the Heinkel III when opposed to British fighters. It has only one machine-gun firing forward and two aft. As protective metal detracts from bomb-loads, it has no armour, and its speed, though high, is not high enough to enable it to escape from British Hurricanes or Spitfires.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

May 27.—We saw a smoke tree in a local garden a few days ago: it was literally covered with a mass of feathery panicles which somewhat reminded us of small ostrich plumes. The tree is known botanically as *Cotinus americanus*, it is an American species which may be found in some trade lists under *Rhus cotinoides*. We have not previously seen the tree growing in Shanghai: the one we saw may be the only specimen. It is such a healthy tree that local conditions must be suitable for it and we propose to try to get some cuttings next September. As a lawn specimen it is hard to beat. The summer-flowering spirea, *Spiraea japonica*, is beginning to flower. This dwarf shrub, a native to China and Japan, has flat corymbs of rosy-red flowers and it differs from the spireas previously recorded in these notes in-so-much as it is flowering on stems produced this year: the other spireas flower on stems produced the previous year. This habit of the plant renders it necessary for us to prune in early Spring, whereas the Spring flowering species are not pruned until the flowering season is over. We notice that the local "Bermuda" grass is in flower on our lawns. This is often referred to, in error, as the bamboo grass; but it is easily identified by its four spikelets of flowers attached to the flowering stem. The true bamboo grass has one spike only. *Cynodon dactylon*, as the Bermuda grass is known to botanists, is a most useful lawn grass: its fine leaves being very suitable for special areas such as bowling greens, and as it will stand close "shaving" during the Summer on well drained land, it is much used for planting on local greens. It derives its name from the Greek *kuon*, a dog, and *odons*, a tooth.—W.J.K.

BRITISH EXPORT TRADE

Co-operation of Government and Industry

The President of the Board of Trade recently spent a day in Manchester and discussed with representatives of industry and commerce ways and means of developing export over and above the needs of the Government. At a tiffin given in his honour, he said:—"I am glad to think, that in recent weeks we were able to obtain very speedy statutory authority for a measure based upon the representations of the cotton industry. However great was the need for sympathy and understanding between the Government and the trading community on this question of export trade in peace-time, today this need becomes an imperative duty.

"It is unnecessary for me to emphasize in this the centre of our largest single exporting industry the significance of our export trade as an arm of warfare. You are already aware of the considerations that arise whether we think of export trade as a means of payment for foodstuffs, raw materials, and munitions, or whether we think of it as the means by which the Allies can assist and consolidate their relationships with neutrals and weaken the resources of the enemy in markets that are still open to the enemy.

"These considerations all call for close co-operation between the Government and the trading community. They call also for organization and direction so that our industrial capacity and manpower, besides providing to the fullest measure for the needs of our armed forces, may, at the same time, sustain the contribution which our economic front must make to the successful and speedy issue of the war. In these matters of national urgency we need the enthusiasm of the trading community, and their determination, even to the sacrifice of what might well be for them more immediately remunerative trade at home.

Representative Export Council

"The Export Council which the Government has constituted—and to the executive work of which several of its business members have given their full time services voluntarily—is representative both of business and of the various Government departments concerned with the economic front. "It will ensure co-ordination in respect of all the considerations that relate to export—raw materials, foreign exchange, political and commercial relations, and questions of economic warfare. This co-ordination is indispensable if business is to be given the help and guidance to which it is entitled.

"The council proposes to build upon the normal structure of trade, both manufacturing and merchanting, and the established practices and principles, and with the active assistance of each trade to adapt these to our immediate purposes. Not only will the country in this way have the advantage of the experience and knowledge of those who are daily engaged in promoting their trade, but the trading structure itself will be left unimpaired and, as I should hope, also strengthened for its normal and post-war activity. I am glad to say that the F.B.I., the Associated Chambers of Commerce, and the National Union of Manufacturers have assured the Export Council of their full support, and the response of the industries themselves has been so immediate that already Export Groups have been formed in over 20 trades.

"So far as the cotton industry is concerned, the Cotton Board and its Export Development Committee will become the spear-head of the export drive in cotton goods and the channel of communication with the Export Council. I feel sure that the chairman of the Cotton Board and his colleagues will look to this chamber, which has played such a great part in export trade policy and is, indeed, the traditional focus point for export policy in this area, for continued consultation and assistance. In some ways, in fact, the creation of the Cotton Board is the natural consummation of the policy which your chamber had already initiated and developed. In other directions also both your Manchester Chamber of Commerce and those of the surrounding districts will have ample scope for adapting their machinery to support further the objects of our national policy."

IN PARENTHESIS

Look Out

DOCTOR: There's no need to worry about your wife. You'll have a different woman when she gets back from the hospital.

Anxious Hubby: And what if she finds out?

* * *

No Favouritism

POLICEMAN: You can't park your car here.

Country Girl: But this is a *cul-de-sac*.

Policeman: I don't care if it's a Rolls Royce. You can't park it here!

* * *

Lucky Man

JONES met a friend who was a victim of chronic indigestion, and whose conversation invariably bore upon his unhappy inside.

"Ah! my boy," he groaned, "the pain I suffer is really inconceivable. It doubles me up after every meal and I feel very ill all the time. You're a lucky man, you take it from me!"

"Not likely!" Jones replied promptly, "You keep it."

* * *

He Ran for It

A SCOTTISH recruit, on leave for the first time, accidentally broke a shop window, and began to run.

The shopkeeper managed to overtake him. "Do you know you broke my window?" he asked.

"To be sure, I do," said the Scot. "And didn't ye see me runnin' home for the money to pay for it?"

* * *

Better Home

THE small evacuee boy was in no hurry to go to bed. He tried his hardest to persuade his adopted father to let him stay up a little later.

At last, in despair, his adopted father said: "No, I'm sorry, but you can't stay up any longer. It's bedtime. When I was a little boy my parents wouldn't allow me to be up later than seven o'clock."

The lad looked glum for a moment; then he answered: "My word, arent' you glad you live with us now."

* * *

The Giddy 'Un

THE confident young man stopped in the apartment house hallway to call through the telephone, "Hello, baby," he said. "This is Gideon."

"There's so much noise on the line I can scarcely hear you," came the voice of a girl on the other end of the line. "Who did you say it was?"

"Gideon, honey. G for gin, I for ice, D for drinking, E for excess, O for orey-eyed and N for necking. Get that, honey?"

"Well," answered the gal, "not all of it, but come right on up anyhow."

Germans Push Forward After Trapped Army

Allied Strategic Moves to Parry The Grave Effects of Surrender; Calais, Dunkirk Still Held

Paris, May 29.

TAKING full advantage of the breach in the Allied lines caused by the surrender of the Belgian forces, German troops pushed forward rapidly yesterday and are at present engaged in stiff fights against the rear of the Allied armies trapped in Flanders. Last night, the Allied forces undertook a number of strategic moves in order to parry the effects of the grave threat caused by the Belgian surrender.

The British and French soldiers are facing the situation courageously. The capitulation of the Belgians far from discouraging them has, on the contrary, stiffened their determination to fight on till the end.

The Allied air force continues to intervene in the battle with mass bombings of German lines. In German territory, they attacked military objectives in Bremen and Hamburg, setting a number of fuel depots on fire.

R.A.F. Goes Into Violent Action

Fleet Air Arm Creates Havoc on Coast; Enemy Pressure Relieved

London, May 29.

Batteries and transports were destroyed by bombs, and troops were scattered by machine-gun fire, when aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm went into action on the French coast yesterday, it is announced here. No British aircraft is said to have been lost in these operations.

Royal Air Force bombers continued attacks on German concentrations in north-east France last evening. Two of these bombers are missing.

Throughout Monday night R.A.F. heavy bombers, again without loss to themselves, delivered further attacks on enemy communications in the Rhineland and Low countries, adds the announcement.

Best Day

The Air Ministry states that R.A.F. fighters on Monday had the best day since the invasion of the Low Countries. They are claimed to have destroyed or seriously damaged 79 German raiders. Fifty are said to have been seen to crash and the remainder flew off, disabled.

Fourteen British Hurricanes and Spitfires are missing, though some pilots are believed to be safe. For 16 hours British fighters patrolled the sky over the battlefield and French and Belgian ports. Messerschmitt fighters are reported to have had a particularly bad day, with 28 destroyed and nine put out of action.

Relieving Pressure

British fighters, bombers and reconnaissance aircraft have been doing their utmost to relieve enemy pressure on Allied armies in France, declares the Ministry of Air.

On Monday, it states, waves of medium bombers repeatedly attacked road and rail communications in areas immediately behind the German armies.

On Monday night, heavy bombers attacked military objectives at Dusseldorf, Dusberg, Dortmund, Hamburg, Bremen and Cologne. All aircraft are claimed to have returned safely. One bomber shot down an enemy scout over Holland.

British fighters carried out continuous patrols in north-eastern France yesterday under adverse weather conditions. Reports hitherto indicate that 22 German planes were destroyed or damaged yesterday.

On Monday morning Stavanger aerodrome was again bombed, and aircraft on the aerodrome subjected to heavy machinegun fire. In the Narvik area, eight German aircraft were destroyed or damaged by R.A.F. fighters. From all these operations 13 British aircraft failed to return.

Hurricanes Outfight Enemy

Reuter's special correspondent with the Royal Air Force describes how 14 Hurricanes engaged 20 Messerschmitts and 24 Heinkel bombers.

Nine Heinkels were shot down and two so badly damaged it is believed they crashed. One Messerschmitt was chased and almost certainly destroyed. The Hurricanes suffered no losses or even damage.

During an attack behind the enemy's lines three aerodromes were bombed and large fires caused at all of them. Direct hits also were scored on railway lines and a viaduct.—Reuter.

Attacks Continue

With the R.A.F. in France, May 29.

The Royal Air Force continued its unceasing attacks on German communications and troops all day yesterday, bombing roads, railway junctions, troop columns, freight yards and two aerodromes, it was announced today.

The tracks of one railway line were demolished for several miles and two aerodromes used by the German Air Force were set on fire by British incendiary bombs, it was understood.

During almost all of the attacks, German anti-aircraft guns kept up an incessant barrage, aided by powerful searchlights.

Fourteen British Hurricane fighters, belonging to an auxiliary squadron, were reported to have engaged 24 Heinkel bombers and 20 Messerschmitts, shooting down 11 Heinkels and one Messerschmitt. All of the British planes returned to their base undamaged.—United Press.

Oil Depots Set Afire

London, May 29.

"Bombers of the Royal Air Force again bombed objectives at Bremen; oil depots were set on fire," states an announcement by the Air Ministry.—Reuter.

Germans Urge French Armies to Capitulate

Berlin, May 29.

The German Radio, in a French language broadcast last night, urged soldiers in the French armies trapped in Belgium to capitulate.

"You have fought bravely," the Radio said. "You have satisfied your military honour. If you continue to fight you will only face certain annihilation. Think of your families, the wives and children in France you love, and lay down your arms before it is too late."—United Press.

The German air force was equally active, subjecting Dunkirk to a severe bombing. The harbour was damaged.

Dunkirk is not yet directly threatened by the Germans, while Calais is still being held by French forces.

Along the Somme, French troops continued their local operations with a view to freeing certain bridgeheads. To do so, however, they had to engage in stiff fighting.—Havas.

Britain Prepares

London, May 29.

Britain today prepared for what was regarded as an "almost inevitable" attempt to invade England by Chancellor Adolf Hitler's armed forces as anxiety heightened over the fate of more than 400,000 Allied troops trapped by the Nazis in the Flanders and Artois regions.

Residents of towns in Kent, on the south-eastern coast, this morning got an inkling of the terrible struggle going on across the English Channel as they listened to the heavy gunfire of big naval units off the coast of France. The capitulation of the Belgian Army has robbed the Allies of more than 500,000 troops and opened the door to the important coastal towns of Zeebrugge, Ostend and, perhaps, Dunkirk, the last ports in Belgium and northern France still held by the Allies, British observers said.

The Belgian forces had been holding the section stretching from Menin, west of the Escaut River, to the North Sea and north-east to Zeebrugge, it was pointed out.

German possession of the channel ports may make London a salient of the Allied front and force Britain to shift nearly all of her seaborne commerce to south-western ports, since German guns would command the Straits of Dover and Nazi planes could harrass mercantile traffic far down the Channel.

These factors, coupled with the threat of invasion, will probably compel Britain to mine her shores extensively, thus robbing London of most of her sea trade.

Not a Defeated Army

Only a successful French counter-offensive across the Somme River can save the British Expeditionary force and units of the French Army trapped in Flanders, British military quarters said last night.

Earlier the Minister of Information, Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper, announced that British forces in Belgium would have to be withdrawn from their positions because of the Belgian capitulation.

"It will be necessary to do our utmost to withdraw our army from the positions they now occupy," he revealed. "But it won't be a defeated army we shall withdraw."

British military leaders said the B.E.F. would continue to fight in northern France with the hope of giving the French time to strengthen the new front along the Somme and Aisne rivers. Because of the necessity of consolidating the French position along this new line, the possibility of a French offensive to relieve the B.E.F. was regarded remote.

The Germans, taking advantage of the Belgian surrender, "turned on terrific pressure" north of the Lys River yesterday, British military reports revealed. The situation in this area was admitted to be "very serious."

Allied Bombing

Allied bombing of the German rear, in an effort to cover the withdrawal of the B.E.F., was expected to continue throughout the night last night. The Air Ministry announced that British planes had been bombing railway lines just behind the German front for the past 48 hours.

Heavy British bombers, the announcement said, also attacked German military objectives at Dusseldorf, Duisberg, Dortmund, Hamburg, Bremen and Cologne. The Royal Air Force, the announcement added, destroyed or badly damaged 105 German planes yesterday.

Mr. Duff Cooper, announcing that the B.E.F. had been ordered to retreat, praised the performance of British troops in France and Belgium during the German offensive. He emphasized that the B.E.F. was not a defeated army. He said the German army had never driven the B.E.F. back in battle.

"Every time our troops have been ordered to counter-attack, they have done so with success," he added.

(Continued on page 8, col. 3)

Entrance of Italy in War Now Certain

According to Observers In Rome; Italy Replies On Contraband Control

Rome, May 28.

Italian intervention in the European War is certain now after the Belgian Army's capitulation, and the only question is: Where will this intervention occur? foreign observers here declared today.

Italy's lightning invasion of Albania on Easter Friday last year showed clearly that Italy will not hesitate to take action once she feels sure that by doing so, she will obtain certain advantages, the observers stated.

Italy, authoritative quarters revealed, has been ready for some time already to take land and air action against Yugoslavia and Greece with a view to occupying the Dalamatian coast and Salonica.

U.S.S.R. Again Warns Italy

Bucharest, May 29.

The Soviet Government again has warned Italy of its intention to defend the Balkans against any possible Italian moves in south-eastern Europe. —Domei.

Delay in the execution of plans for the double offensive was caused, however, by Germany's insistence that care be taken to spare Soviet Russia's feelings as long as possible by avoiding action in the Balkans, and by Germany's desire to obtain as much war material as possible through Italy before dragging the latter into the war.

"Red Sea is Italian"

An assertion that "the Red Sea, like the Mediterranean," must belong to Italy was published today in the "Forze Armate," Italian Military review, as an indication of the demands of the people.

"The Red Sea," it declared, "does not belong to Egypt, nor to Sudan nor to Hedjaz and Yemen but to Italy, or, rather, the Fascist Empire.

"The Red Sea, for Italy, is another closed sea, where our interests are identical to those in the Mediterranean. The Red Sea is life for us, while it is but a road for others.

"Italy intends to come out of the Mediterranean and reach the ocean. This cannot be done solely by the control of the Suez Canal, but also and above all by control of Aden," it concluded.

Italian Proposals Received

London, May 28.

The British Government today received Italian proposals concerning Allied contraband control which are "regarded as affording a satisfactory basis for agreement," M. R. A. Butler, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, announced in the House of Commons this afternoon.

The proposals, he stated, were received through Sir Wilfrid Greene, British Government representative who went to Rome a few days ago to discuss the contraband control problem with the Italian Government.

"Sir Wilfrid Greene, Master of the Rolls, arrived in Rome on May 22," Mr. Butler stated, "with authority to discuss this question (of contraband control) with the Italian Government.

"He has now returned to London bringing Italian proposals which are regarded as affording a satisfactory basis for agreement. British and Italian representatives are now working out the details in Rome," Mr. Butler declared.

Sir Wilfrid's mission in Rome, informed circles stated, was successful in paving the way to a settlement of technical differences between the Italian and British Governments. But, they added, he was as yet unable to score a similar success in the political field.

This failure to reach agreement on the political implications of the contraband control question prevents the two Governments from approving the technical accord, they concluded.—Havas.

Balkans Not Seen In War

Budapest, May 29.

The belief that the Balkans may stay out of the Europan War for some time, even should Italy throw in her lot with Germany, grew in the capitals of Hungary, Rumania, Yugoslavia and Bulgaria today.

Hopes that the Balkans would be spared the fate of the Low Countries and northern France were based on the active diplomatic intervention policy which has been intensified by the Soviet Union in the Balkan area in the past week.

At present Russia is understood to be standing firmly against any military moves in the Balkan area either by Italy or Germany. Russia, it is believed in the Balkan capitals, would intervene rather than tolerate any change in the *status quo* of the Balkan area.—United Press.

(Continued on page 8, col. 7)

U.S. Government Condemns Bombing of Civilians in Chungking

Thousand Chinese Said to Have Been Killed in Japanese Raid; Five Hundred Homes Destroyed

Washington, May 29.

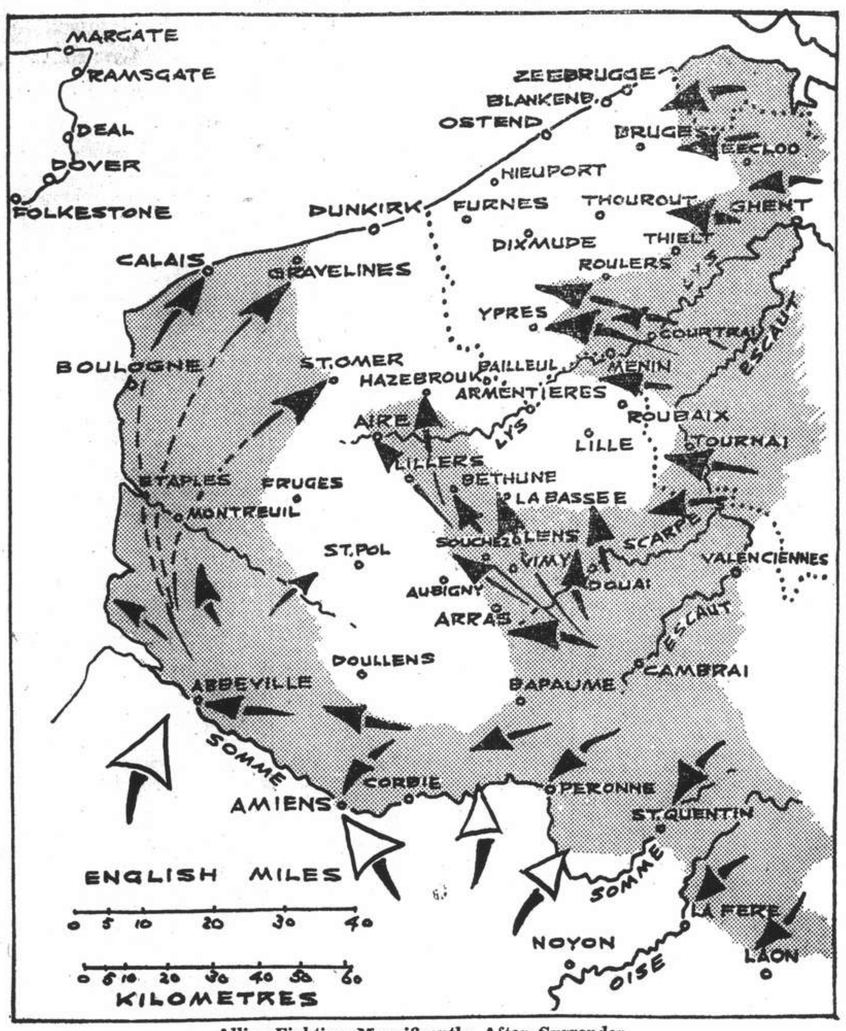
State Department officials recalled last night that the United States Government has consistently and repeatedly condemned the bombing of civilians such as occurred in Chungking yesterday during a Japanese air raid.

Officials indicated, however, that there would be no formal reiteration of this policy at present, because it is well known to those nations which engage in bombing civilian populations.

During the Japanese raid on Chungking yesterday, according to reports reaching Washington, 1,000 Chinese civilians were killed or wounded, 500 homes were destroyed and another 1,000 Houses were damaged.

State Department officials said no report had been received of any American having been injured in the air raid. No damage to American property was reported.

Press reports of the Chungking bombing received relatively little attention in the American press last night because fo the preoccupation of the American public with news from Europe.—United Press.



Allies Fighting Magnificently After Surrender

Despite the very grave effects of the Belgian surrender the British and French troops trapped by the Germans are fighting with their backs to the wall and are giving a really magnificent account of themselves. Calais, which is completely surrounded by the Germans, still holds out, while Dunkirk, which is not yet directly threatened, is still in Allied hands. Boulogne has been reduced to a shambles by Allied action and the R.A.F. is busy creating havoc among German divisions which are engaging the rear of the retreating Allied Army, which is making for the sea intact.

Narvik Captured by Allied Forces

Fagernes, Forsneset Also Fall to Allied Attacks in Norway; German High Command Admits Loss of Iron Ore Centre

London, May 29.

WITH the British Expeditionary Force in north France still intact and the Allies preparing to render Belgian and French ports on the English Channel useless for the Germans, the War Office today announced the capture of Narvik, northern Norwegian port, by the Allies.

In addition to taking Narvik, strategic port which has been the centre of fighting in Norway since the German invasion on April 9, the Allies captured Fagernes and Forsneset last night.

British warships have shelled Boulogne to such an extent that the French channel port has been "reduced to shambles," the local press reported today.

The Allies, the London press added, have made preparations to make Dunkirk, Ostend and Zeebruggee absolutely valueless as bases for the Germans. The Allies could achieve their plan by sinking ships in the harbours and channel and destroying the waterways, the press said.

"The British Expeditionary Force is still intact but has withdrawn some miles toward the coast," authoritative quarters revealed. The British troops were "being admirably supported by the French," they added.

"It is impossible to indicate just where the B.E.F. is, but there is little doubt that it has not lost cohesion," they stated.

The official War Office communique said, "Information was received this morning that Narvik was captured by Allied forces and that Fagernes and Forsneset also are in our hands."

Germans Admit Capture

Berlin, May 29.

While the German Army steadily cut its way through Flanders and northern France, British forces on the Scandinavian front broke through battered German defences and captured Narvik yesterday, the German High Command disclosed.

British forces around Narvik, supported by many warships and planes, captured the ore railway leading into the city and entered the important Norwegian port from the north, the Germans admitted. One of the British warships was hit by German bombs and ceased firing, it was stated.—United Press.

Allied Order to Danish Ships

All Should Be Transferred To Britain or France for Duration of War

All Danish ships in Allied and neutral ports should be transferred to the British or French flag forthwith, according to an official announcement made in London. Transfer of the Danish ships, it is emphasized, will only be for the duration of the war, at the end of which the British and French Governments will retransfer the ships to the Danish flag.

During the time that Danish ships are used by the British and French Governments, compensation will be paid at rates not worse than those paid by the British Government to British ships of like size and class on "bare body" terms.

The compensation that will be paid will be in the form of sums in sterling which will be placed in a special account for distribution to the owners concerned at the end of the war.

Wages in Sterling

The Allied Governments will be directly responsible, under "bare body charter" terms, for all wages and stores while the ships are running, but will recover from the special accounts other amounts expended in connection with the ships —for example, back payment for wages due at the commencement of the service if these were paid by the French or British Governments and not by the ships agents, etc. etc.

It is the intention of the Allied Governments, according to the official announcement, to continue to employ those Danish masters, officers, engineers and crews who wish to continue to serve their ships. Wages will be paid to the crews in sterling at British National Maritime Board rates.

The British and French Governments intend to appoint a competent manager of British or French nationality for the ships. They are, however, prepared to consult any Danish agents available as to the managers to be appointed for those ships which may remain in neutral trade.

War and Marine Risks

To enable Danish ships to be transferred to the British or French flag, those ships in neutral ports should proceed to an Allied port as soon as possible. Special arrangements, however, may be made in the case of ships which are already loaded and which find it inconvenient to call at an Allied port en route to their normal destination.

Danish ships proceeding from neutral to Allied ports to be transferred will be held to be covered by the British Government against war and marine risks. After transfer to the British or French flag, Danish ships, if they so desire, may continue to fly the pre-war Danish national flag as the house flag, the official announcement adds.

No Snap Judgment on Belgian King Asked

Sir Roger Keyes Pleads For Consideration

London, May 29.

Admiral of the Fleet Sir Roger Keyes, who was with King Leopold until late Monday night, said today: "I trust that judgment on King Leopold will be suspended until all the facts are known."

It is estimated that approximately 500,000 Belgian troops are affected by the King's capitulation.

Herr Hitler, according to the German wireless, has ordered Leopold and the Belgian army to be treated with respect due to soldiers who fought gallantly.

As the King has expressed no desire regarding his own person, a Belgian castle has been assigned him by the Germans as temporary domicile.—Reuter.

Admiralty Now Control Coast Guard

London, May 29.

The Admiralty transferred from the Ministry of Shipping to the Admiralty control of the Coast Guard from yesterday.—Reuter.

Daylight-Saving For Shanghai

The Council at its meeting on May 29 decided to adopt a scheme of Daylight Saving by which all Municipal clocks would be put forward by one hour. The Council had previously ascertained that the French Municipal Council would take similar measures in the French Concession should the Council decide to adopt the scheme. The City Government of Greater Shanghai had also stated that the scheme had its full agreement.

The Council hopes that the public of Shanghai will co-operate to ensure the success of the scheme. The public will be notified in the very near future as to the date on which the scheme will come into operation.

Britain Aroused to Imminent Peril

"The Times" Comments on Belgian Surrender; Plea to Suspend Judgment

London, May 29.

"The Times," examining the new position created by King Leopold's surrender, comments as follows, states a special commentary.

"It is scarcely possible to overestimate the gravity of the situation created by this unforeseen defection from the Allied cause."

The paper points out that the Allies' campaign for the defence of the Low Countries has been fought under all possible disadvantages which have given them the worst of both worlds.

While the daily is careful to make clear the unconstitutional nature of King Leopold's decision, it says: "There is, however, no reason to reject the plea for a suspension of final judgment until the full facts are known."

After showing that the British Army is as yet undefeated, while the Navy and the Air Force have shown ascendency in their fields, "The Times" concludes: "In order that these irresistible forces may be brought into play for the destruction of Nazism it is essential that Great Britain and France endure to the end.

Nation Aroused

"The peril is imminent but the nation is awake. This people has before now come near to disaster before it could be aroused; but being roused it does not lay down its arms until the danger is repelled and the aggressor overthrown."

(Continued on page 8, col. 5)

Belgians Ignore Surrender

Struggle to Be Continued at Allied Side; Belgians Swear to Avenge King's "Felony"

Paris, May 28.

COMPLETELY disregarding King Leopold, who ordered capitulation to the Germans, the Pierlot Government of Belgium today took every measure necessary to ensure continued Belgian resistance against the invader, the War Minister, General Denis, announced this evening.

King Leopold, he pointed out, after conferring with a delegation of Belgian Parliamentarians, was unconstitutional in issuing his order to the Army and, moreover, did so flatly against the advice of his ministers of State.

Semi-official Belga news agency also published an official announcement declaring the Belgian Government has decided to continue the struggle against Germany by the side of the Allies.

The whole of the new Belgian army that is being formed in France will be thrown into the breach, the announcement stated, and the Government will also see to it that all the resources of the Belgian nation are placed on the scales against Germany.

Authoritative Belgian quarters here in Paris declared tonight that all these measures were taken in complete agreement with the French and British Governments. They are in strict accordance with the sentiments expressed by Belgian Parliament, representative of the Belgian people, the very day Germany launched her invasion.

Among the most important measures taken are military decrees calling up Belgian men of military age who are now war refugees in France.

Other measures included steps to safeguard Belgian assets and possessions abroad from German seizure; falling in this category are the bank deposits, stocks and other small-volume valuables of Belgian citizens. Larger possessions brought over to France include ships and factories.—Havas.

"This Felony"

While many wept unashamed, a group of young Belgians, representatives of Belgian Youth, today laid a wreath on the statue of the late King Albert I of the Belgians, with an inscription pledging to "avenge this felony" of King Leopold III.

The statue of the late Belgian monarch, who led his armies right through the First World War and then brought his country through the crisis of reconstruction, today was covered with flowers. Located close to the Place de la Concorde, it was the scene of three wreath-laying ceremonies.

In the first, the Belgian Premier M. Hubert Pierlot, accompanied by the Foreign Minister M. Paul-Henri Spaak and the Presidents of the two houses of Belgian Parliament, laid a wreath, bare of any inscription at all but draped with black crepe. A second wreath bore only the words, "Refugees today, Soldiers tomorrow."

Many Weep

A crowd rapidly gathered around the statue and grew to large proportions. Many of the people wept aloud. The Belgian national anthem was sung in soft voices and at the end, voices were raised in the cry, "Long live Belgium!"

A little interval preceded the most solemn of the wreath-laying ceremonies. Then a small group of Belgian youths approached the statue, laid a wreath and on it, covering the Government wreath, a placard addressed to the memory of the late King Albert. The placard stated:

"King admired among all others, who made our country so great, your people, deprived of their homes, address you: "Give us strength and the power to wipe out the stigma of shame with which your unworthy successor has covered our unfortunate Belgium. We swear to avenge this felony."

A Betrayal

This last statement well voiced the sentiments of all Belgians, officials, soldiers and civilians, in France. With striking unanimity, all Belgians stigmatized King Leopold's action as a betrayal. They just as unanimously approved M. Hubert Pierlot's radio speech, in which he absolved every Belgian from allegiance to the king.

All members of the Belgian Government who had attended the meeting at which M. Pierlot drafted his speech, later made individual statements to the press affirming their unshaken determination to do everything in their power to resist against Germany.

Thousands of telegrams were pouring into the hastily-established Paris offices of the Belgian Government this evening. Coming from all parts of France, from well-known leaders, big and small associations, and little known individuals, they voiced a common resolve to fight on until victory.

This demonstration of the Belgian people's loyalty, as opposed to their monarch's betrayal, did much to remove the feeling of stupor that pervaded French political circles earlier in the day.

Ties Renewed

French political quarters pointed out that France has always looked upon the Belgian nation with admiration and affection, remembering the days of 1914 when Belgian heroism "did wonders."

"We are struck," they stated, "by the fact that similar circumstances of invasion are renewing our two na-

(Continued on page 8, col. 1)

Belgian Position Today Explained

Foreign Minister Tells Of Stormy Scene Before Order to Surrender

Paris, May 29.

The Belgian Foreign Minister, M. Paul-Henri Spaak, in an exclusive interview with the United Press last night, said King Leopold, King of the Belgians, had decided last Saturday to order the Belgian armies, in his role of commander-in-chief, to cease fighting.

M. Spaak said that after a stormy scene with the King, four members of the Belgian Cabinet—The Premier, M. Hubert Pierlot, the Minister of National Defence, Lieut.-Gen. Henri Denis, the Minister of the Interior, M. A. Vanderpoorten, and M. Spaak —quit the Wynondal Castle, near Thorout, Belgium, declaring their complete discord with the King's desire to surrender unconditionally and proclaimed their intention to continue the war against Germany.

As far as the Cabinet knows, M. Spaak said, King Leopold is still free and is not a prisoner of the Germans. But they had had no word from him since Saturday at 5 a.m., he said. At that time he invited the ministers to remain with him and proclaimed his intention to stay in Belgium, regardless of what happened.

The King gave his Cabinet to understand that in surrendering he would ask the privilege of residing at a Belgian castle near the coast.

King's Order Illegal

M. Spaak said the Cabinet could not dethrone a King, nor could a Belgian King unseat a cabinet. The Belgian constitution, which was specially framed to curb the King's royal prerogatives, protected the democratic institution by obliging the King to obtain the signature of a minister to all royal acts and decrees. Thus, the Cabinet contends, the King's decree ordering the Belgian Army to lay down their arms is illegal, because, even as Commander-in-Chief, the King needs the signature of a minister before his orders can be legal.

For that reason there is no question of replacing King Leopold or the establishing a regency or a republic, M. Spaak continued. He said there would be no change in the status of the three royal children, who will be watched over by the Cabinet, and the 1,500,000 Belgian refugees, whose new seat of Government in exile will be Poitiers, only a few miles from the castle where the two princes and the princess live with their royal tutors.

300,000 May Be Raised

M. Spaak, physically worn out after three sleepless nights, received a United Press correspondent immediately after M. Pierlot had defined the cabinet's policy in a radio broadcast and pledged that Belgium would continue prosecuting the war.

M. Spaak predicted that Belgium will be able to raise between 250,000 and 300,000 troops, who will fight under the Belgian flag, though there will be a great shortage of trained officers.

"The King's decision was given at Wynondal Castle at 5 a.m. Saturday." M. Spaak said in describing the meeting between cabinet members and King Leopold. "He invited the cabinet to his residence and told us frankly the latest military reports showed the Belgian Army was taking the brunt of the attack and was suffering heavy losses and his decision was that the Belgian Army should withdraw from the war.

"We made a last effort to convince the King to listen to our pleas, quit the army and go either to France or England, leaving the active field command to the Belgian General Staff. The King refused and said he had no intention of quitting Belgian soil and invited us to remain with him to await the Germans' arrival.

"In the face of the King's formal declaration he had no intention of leaving Belgium, we told him frankly we did not share his views on surrender and we begged him to leave with us immediately. Our efforts were futile, so at 5 a.m., when it was daylight, we quit the castle and went to Dunkirk, where, amid an air raid, we embarked safely and reached another French port."—United Press.

Allies Undefeated As Germans Reach Sea

Mr. Duff Cooper States Forces to Be Withdrawn

London, May 29.

Broadcasting last night, the Minister of Information, Mr. A. Duff Cooper, said the enemy had succeeded in forcing his way through the Allied lines and reaching the sea, but the Allied armies had not been defeated.

"Whenever we met the enemy on land, sea or air," he declared, "we proved our superiority. It will be necessary to do our utmost to withdraw our army from the positions now occupied, but it will not be a defeated army but an army in which every officer and man are burning with a desire to meet the enemy in combat."

"As the danger increases," Mr. Duff Cooper concluded, "our courage rises. The cause of liberty is safe. Final victory will still be ours."—Reuter.

Germans Said Attacking Hospital Ships

London, May 29.

Mr. Clement Richard Attlee, Lord Privy Seal, yesterday charged the Germans with attacking hospital ships, ambulances and refugees and said the British Government reserves the right to take reprisals. "But it is not our intention to exact retribution from the wounded or women and children." He told the House of Commons.—United Press.

King Leopold's Surrender Resented In The Vatican, Polish Circles

Pride in Catholic Fight Against Anti-Religious Acts Shattered; Foreign Diplomats Meet

Rome, May 29.

King Leopold's capitulation has produced a profound impression in The Vatican.

The fact that the valiant Belgian Army was ordered to lay down its arms is resented all the more, because the Vatican had displayed much pride in the fact that Catholicism was doing its part in the struggle against acts hostile to religion and liberty.

Polish Resolution

Paris, May 29.

The Polish Cabinet has unanimously adopted a resolution which declares: "The Polish Government, which rendered homage to the attitude of King Haakon and Queen Wilhelmina, at a time when Norway and Holland were passing through the hardest of battles, today shares the Belgians' sorrows, unhappily brought about by the desertion of their Sovereign."

The resolution states that the will and tenacity of Britain and France will not break under any trial, however, hard. The Polish nation and army will remain inflexibly at the side of the Allies, it adds.—Reuter.

Diplomats Meet

Paris, May 29.

Several diplomats accredited to Belgium met here today under the chairmanship of the Brazilian Ambassador, Senior Barros de Pimental Brando.

The object of the meeting was to study the situation resulting from King Leopold's decision to stop fighting, and the diplomats decided to wait until information was received from the Belgian Government.

Among those attending were the diplomatic envoys of Latin America, Japan, Turkey and Egypt.—Havas.

Fine Work by Navy Aided Boulogne Evacuation

Germans Resisted to Last Moment Before Key Points Were Blown Up; Great Daring Shown

London, May 29.

HOW destroyers evacuated British troops from Boulogne "under hellish fire" was described in detail by a naval eye-witness today.

He explained how a demolition party was detailed to be ready to move at two hours' notice. Embarking in lorries, a combined party of seamen, Royal Marines and small detachments of Royal Engineers were taken by road to a port, where they embarked in a destroyer and were rushed across the Channel, reaching the main jetty at Boulogne in the forenoon.

A naval party was landed to hold the railway station and fit demolition charges, and to earmark bridges, trains, lock gates, etc., which should be destroyed when the time came.

The seamen, some of whom were quite young and had never been under fire, were in the railway station fitting detonators to their explosive charges when they came under high explosive shell-fire from the enemy.

The Germans were gradually closing in on the town with light mechanized vehicles, followed by tanks and motorized field guns. German aircraft were busy using bombs and machine-guns. Once there were 60 machines overhead.

No Field Guns Possible

Owing to the position of the Germans all round the town, it was impossible to send field guns or other assistance. Consequently, the troops could not hold out indefinitely against the Germans' armoured vehicles.

Small parties of Germans were already coming down the streets on the outskirts of the town, and it was decided to shorten the perimeter by a slight British withdrawal.

Naval and military officers, after conferring, agreed that the town could not be held, and with the enemy closing in, the demolition of all bridges and important points was decided upon.

The destroyer which had brought the naval demolition party had already left under orders. She was relieved by another, and the second was relieved by a third.

When the decision was reached that the town could not be held, small parties of seamen went out with parcels of explosives which they placed by bridges, though they could not be destroyed until the last of Allied troops had withdrawn.

Dock Destroyed

In another part of the harbour was a large train with a wet dock beside it containing a naval trawler.

As both might be captured by the enemy, the officer in charge decided to destroy them together with the power-house and pumping station.

While all this was going on, the Germans were all round the docks at a range of about 400 yards. Snipers were within 50 feet.

Then came the long-expected order. "Complete the demolition."

Machinery, power-houses, etc., were blown up. Anything and everything that might be useful to the enemy were sabotaged. Further charges were placed to make certain of sluice gates and bridges.

Two destroyers came into the harbour and steamed stern first out of the narrow entrance with all the troops they could cram aboard.

Three more destroyers entered and were fired on furiously by German field guns concealed in a wooded hill. Several German heavy tanks came downhill on to the foreshore while troops on the jetty were embarking in a destroyer.

Troops "Magnificent"

The courage and daring of the troops were magnificent, even under the tornade of fire, with casualties occuring every second.

All this time the guns of the destroyers were in hot action, blasting the hillsides and German field guns at point-blank range.

One shot at a tank registered a direct hit and caused it to capsize and spin over and over like a cart-wheel. A second tank was similarly knocked out, and others speedily retired.

But for the rapid and accurate fire of the destroyers, the retiring troops must have sustained far heavier casualties. Indeed, the evacuation might never have been possible.—Reuter.

Belgians Ignore Surrender

(Continued from page 7)

tion's ties of alliance." Belgian refugees, they pointed out, are greeted everywhere with the same hospitality that is accorded French war refugees.

They also emphasized that measures are being rushed to enrol the hundreds of thousands of Belgian young men in France into a new army which will form a single bloc with the French Army.

While King Leopold's action was a blow to France particularly because of her especially friendly attitude toward Belgium, the French quarters stressed that M. Pierlot's statement did much to restore their confidence in Belgium's "will to fight."

Ministers Left Before Surrender

While unable to state whether the King had already secretly contacted the Germans when his Ministers left him on Saturday, well-informed circles stress that M. Pierlot and his colleagues had left Belgian soil before the monarch's capitulation.

The ministers left the King about six kilometres behind the front line extending before Bruges and Ostend, and which was defended with extreme courage until the very last minute.

M. Pierlot, General Denis, Commander of the Belgian Army, the Foreign Minister, M. Paul Henri Spaak, and the Home Minister, M. Van Der Poorten left King Leopold on Saturday to go to London, where they were to meet their colleagues who had already contacted the British authorities.

The Ministers, accompanied by their staff of about ten persons, proceeded to Dunkirk, where they were met by thousands of civilians in a miserable condition from the effect of the war.

The Ministers embarked on boats sent for them by the British Admiralty. Almost immediately after they started German bombers appeared and attempted to bomb them, but without success.

Belgian Army to Continue

Belgian Army units in France today remained under orders from the Pierlot Government to continue to fight by the side of their French and British allies. Belgian youths throughout France were also placed on a war footing, pending their incorporation in the new Belgian army that is being speedily organized. The Pierlot Government today also enforced measures to protect Belgian possessions abroad from Germany.—Havas.

King Leopold in Belgium

Berlin, May 29.

King Leopold of the Belgians is en route to a castle of his own choice in Belgium, authorized quarters said here today.

The King of the Belgians retains full freedom of movement but his whereabouts could not be revealed by Germans "because we do not want to expose him to unnecessary dangers, such as British revenge in the shape of air raids," they added.—United Press.

Without News of King

Paris, May 29.

The Belgian Government today was without definite news of the exact whereabouts of King Leopold of the Belgians. The Belgian Government, which disassociated itself with the King following his order to the Belgian Army to lay down arms on Tuesday morning, said that the King was believed to have remained in Wynondal Castle in Belgium.

The Government officials said that the Castle, which is near Thorout, was to have been reached today by the Germans if they continued their advance.

As far as they knew, they said, Chancellor Adolf Hitler granted no armistice nor gave any concessions. Hence, they said King Leopold surrendered unconditionally with no advance agreement even respecting his own person.

Most prominent Belgians here anticipated that Chancellor Hitler would attempt to convince King Leopold to return to Brussels and constitute a new Government, which, the Belgian Government officials here insisted, would be unconstitutional because the present Cabinet remained legal.

They pointed out, however, that if a majority of Parliament members meet in Belgium they could legally overthrow the Belgian Cabinet which is functioning in France.—United Press.

London Comment

London, May 29.

King Leopold's decision to surrender, without a word to the allies who less than three weeks ago came to his rescue, is "absolutely incomprehensible," all British quarters agreed tonight.

His attitude, they stated, is all the more inexplicable in view of his immediate discussions with Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands when their countries' neutrality was first threatened by Germany, and, more recently, in view of his encouraging messages to the defenders of Liege and Namur, and his pledges that Belgium would remain by the side of the Allies until final victory.

Even the most indulgent of the King's critics could not but emphasize that it was his duty to inform his Government, and particularly his allies, of his decision.

The consequences of his action upon the hundreds of thousands of British and French forces which fought at the side of the Belgian Army and are now isolated, are too serious to permit of any justification, the British quarters added.

An explanation may be that constant bombardment by German planes, which continually flew over his headquarters and rained bombs on it, turned the king's head and affected his nervous system, some circles said.—Havas.

Forced to Surrender

London, May 29.

Reliable quarters here today claimed that King Leopold, before capitulating to the German Army, had informed the Allied Generalissimo, General Maxime Weygand, on Saturday that the Belgian army could not hold out any longer without substantial additional assistance from the Allies.

Many Belgian troops, he said, had been living on biscuits alone for three days and had already fired their last ammunition. A last-minute desperate attempt was made on Monday to persuade the King of the Belgians to leave for London, but the King refused, it was understood. Two members of the Belgian Royal Household flew to King Leopold's headquarters on Monday, carrying a Government appeal asking the King to embark for Britain, it was reported.

King Leopold told the members of his Household he would remain with his army until the end although the position of the Belgian forces was untenable.—United Press.

Economic Directorate For Rumania

Measures to Protect Country's Oil Wells

Bucharest, May 29.

The Government has prepared a scheme for the creation of an economic directorate, in case of necessity.

According to unofficial sources, the scheme gives the Minister of National Economy, M. C. Angelescu, discretionary powers over private industry, in order to secure the necessary production.

The Government has also taken measures in order to protect the country's oil wells. These measures regulate the movement of foreigners in oil districts.

Germans Push Forward After Trapped Army

(Continued from page 7)

Meanwhile, the British press continued its warnings to the public to be ready to receive news that the greater part of the B.E.F. had been lost. The British press virtually conceded victory to the Germans in the Battle of Flanders but emphasized that the outcome of this battle would not settle the outcome of the war.

Dunkirk Holds Out

Paris, May 29.

Determined French troops continued to hold Dunkirk against constant aerial and artillery bombardment by the Germans while Allied forces in the north were showing "admirable valour" in checking the furiously desperate German onslaughts, military sources disclosed today.

The position of the Allies was critical but they were heroically struggling to escape encirclement, they said. The tricolour continued to fly over Dunkirk as French troops grimly sought to stave off German drives against the Channel port, the military authorities said. There were also some French detachments still inside Calais, they said.

The French High Command said that the Allies were resisting German attacks in the north and had gained local successes in the Somme and Aisne sectors. A German raid was repulsed in the south-west, the High Command added.

The Anglo-French northern armies retreating to new positions fought furious rearguard actions throughout the night, military sources disclosed.

The Allied army of the north was in retreat towards the sea last night behind an aerial bomb curtain laid down by Allied planes after King Leopold of the Belgians had surrendered to Germany, leaving 400,000 British and French troops trapped in a German ring of steel.

French military quarters reported that Allied air forces were furiously bombing the rear of the German lines in a desperate effort to protect the retreat of the Allied army.

Meanwhile, French quarters admitted that 500,000 Belgians were in the army which King Leopold ordered to surrender. Earlier French statements placed the number of Belgians at 300,000. Officials here emphasized that many Belgian troops were expected to ignore their King's order and continue fighting. Most of the Belgian front, however, has been quiet since 4 a.m. yesterday when the Belgian King surrendered.

German motorized troops yesterday pushed into the breach in the left flank of the Allied Army which was caused by the Belgian Army's defection. Up to last night, however, the Germans had failed to encircle the Allied armies of the north completely.

The armies of the north, under General Georges Maurice Blanchard, were halted in the middle of an offensive aimed at liberating themselves from the German ring at Aire, on the Lys River, by the personal capitulation of King Leopold, of the Belgians. The Allies immediately began a slow withdrawal to take up the slack left in the lines when the Belgians abandoned their positions.

Backs to the Sea

With their backs to the sea, the whole British Expeditionary Force and the French First Army was in a critical position last night, but General Blanchard and the French High Command refused to consider the armies of the north wholly lost. They felt that combined air, naval and land operations might yet cover its withdrawal.

As an immediate consequence of the Belgian capitulation, the new French defence line in the south follows the Somme and Aisne Rivers in almost a straight line from the sea to Sedan.

The Belgian abandonment of the Escaut and Scarpe River positions cost France its great northern Industrial region and textile centre and the Lens-Denain-Anzin coal basin, which produces practically the entire French coal output. This has been one of the vital elements in French armament for national defence.

Lille, Armentières, Calais, Dunkirk, and Roubaix were all still in French hands late yesterday afternoon, but the Germans had widened the gap in the Artois sector to nearly 100 kilometres, leaving ample room for motorized reinforcements to reach the forces under General Walter von Reichenau.

The Germans thus closed in on three sides against the army which only 24 hours before was advancing across the Lys River with excellent prospects of closing the German gap in the Artois sector. This movement was being carried out in conjunction with a pincers movement from the French armies on the Somme River.

Timely for Germans

King Leopold's capitulation, therefore, proved a very timely intervention in favour of the German armies, at a time when the first counter attack of the new Commander-in-Chief of the Allies Armies, General Maxime Weygand, had just got under way.

General Weygand, the Premier, M. Paul Reynaud, and other Allied leaders announced yesterday they would continue to fight. They were assured by Belgian officials that a Belgian volunteer army of 500,000 men would be raised to enter the lines as soon as possible. But this would be an army without officers and without much equipment, because the excellent material of the regular Belgian Army will be abandoned to the Germans under the armistice of the King.

The Allies, meanwhile, were concerned with saving the troops and valuable materials and munitions making up the army of the north. There will probably be no heroic dash to rescue the beleaguered army which might imperil the main French defence line along the Somme and Aisne Rivers, because the whole Allied effort is pointed towards preventing the Germans from turning the Maginot Line at its exposed north flank.—United Press.

300,000 Troops Handed Over

Paris, May 28.

Over 300,000 Belgian troops have been handed over to the German High Command, thus abruptly hacking a wide breach in the eastern flank of the Allied armies in the north, military circles in Paris pointed out.

The Germans, greatly encouraged by the Belgian defection, promptly increased the already tremendous pressure on the British and French forces suddenly deprived of the support of a third of a million men. It is only by the magnificent work being done by the Allied air forces which, through intensive bombing of German troops and supplies, have relieved the situation to a considerable extent, that near disaster is being averted, it was stressed.

Nevertheless, the same military quarters recalled that the Belgian army had suffered frightful losses in the 18 days since the German Juggernaut plowed through the Belgian defences and smashed their way into France.

When the campaign began, the Belgian troops on the battlefield numbered 18 divisions, two of which were not complete. This was aside from the permanent garrisons in the fortresses of Liege and Namur.

Meanwhile, the day, on the whole, was not marked by any unusual military events, aside from the increase of German pressure. Both sides, Paris quarters say, are engaged in making necessary moves to either take advantage or remedy the results of King Leopold's capitulation.

The greatest secrecy is being observed by the British and French commands regarding their moves. The situation was briefly summed up in the official French communique, which declared:

"The decision taken by Leopold III, King of the Belgians, allowed the enemy to increase their pressure in the north, where British and French troops are still fighting with the same determination.

"Fighting, which is taking a more favourable turn for our troops, is going on along the Somme. Our bombing planes are in the air night and day continuing their operations against enemy aerodromes and columns. There is nothing important to report on the rest of the front."

It has been learned that Allied troops along the Somme are now engaged in an important move, the details of which will probably be available tomorrow.—Havas.

Dunkirk Said Captured

New York, May 29.

The National Broadcasting Corporation announced that Rome Radio said today that the Germans had occupied Dunkirk.—United Press.

B.E.F. Stated Intact

London, May 29.

Authoritative circles here state that the British Expeditionary Force is still intact and together. They have withdrawn some miles towards the coast, but it is impossible to say exactly where they are at present.

It seems, however, likely that they have been admirably supported by the French troops in that region, these quarters add.

Admirable Courage

Paris, May 29.

Allied troops are resisting with admirable courage the fierce attacks of the enemy in the North, this morning's official communique stated.

"Reports from a sure source assert that the losses suffered by the Germans during the fighting yesterday and last night were particularly heavy," the communique added.

"Along the Somme and Aisne rivers local operations were carried out successfully," the communique continued. "An enemy surprise attack was repelled South-East of Chateau Porcien. East of the Aisne there was no important activity during the night."

Brother of King Leopold Wounded

Three Royal Children Arrive in Lisbon

Paris, May 29.

King Leopold of the Belgians has arrived in Brussels and has occupied the castle in which the German High Command ordered him to take up residence, the "Paris Soir" reported from the Belgian frontier today.

The same journal from the Italian frontier said that King Leopold's brother, Prince Charles, the Count of Flanders, was gravely wounded and had his leg amputated.

King Leopold's three children, Baudoin Albert and Charlotte, have arrived in Lisbon from Poitiers, the "Paris Soir's" Lisbon correspondent reported.

The Belgian Embassy here said that it had absolutely no knowledge of the three reports.—United Press.

So little faith is placed in German propaganda that the belief is prevalent that the American journalists who are said to have been taken to Sylt never went there at all. There are many islands in this neighbourhood, and it is quite conceivable that the journalists were taken not to Sylt but to another island altogether.

Britain Aroused to Imminent Peril

(Continued from page 7)

Commenting on the great response by the Empire to Britain's needs in the fight against Nazism, "The Times" states:

"At every critical moment in this story of the Empire the example set by the Government and people of the mother country has a great and immediate effect throughout the Dominions and dependencies. The example set in this country of national unity and common effort to meet an unprecedented danger has given an inspiring lead which is everywhere being followed."

In examining international reaction to Leopold's defection, which the Italians find justified and which it says "has only welded those who still defend the cause of liberty in a yet firmer resolve to endure until final victory has been reached," "The Times" quotes Signor Mussolini's 1914 Parma speech.

Hardening of Resolution

"There are ignoble worms who cast it in Belgium's teeth that she defended herself—she could have given the Germans free passage—but Belgium lives and will live because she refused the ignoble bargain."

The "Daily Telegraph" feels that discussion of King Leopold's decision at the present moment is not called for, and adds: "In France, no less than in our own country, the effect of the disastrous breaking of the line is hardening of resolution.

"While the morale of our working classes is extremely high let the industrial effort of our people be worthy of the men fighting and dying for them. There is within our reach such a deliverance as shall never be forgotten by any revolution of time that the world has to furnish."

Other papers discuss Leopold's decision and its effects on the present campaign. The "Daily Mail" states: "At this moment let us not forget the heroic resistance of the Belgian Army."

Says the "Daily Express:" "Let us now leave it to the Belgians themselves to pass judgment on their ruler."

The "News-Chronicle" states: "It is not the fact of surrender but the method that is deplorable."—Reuter.

Faith in Final Victory

London, May 29.

While King Leopold's surrender is condemned, and the seriousness of the blow to the Allies is admitted, the national press unanimously reiterates its faith in the final victory.

"The Times" says: "When every possible allowance has been made for the King's doubtless sincere desire to spare his people suffering, it is impossible not to sympathise with M. Reynaud's bitterness—this is certainly no time for recrimination."

The "Daily Telegraph" declares: "M. Reynaud spoke moderately when he said that such a deed was without precedent in history," and recalls King Leopold's statement that Belgium in 1940 would resist as in 1914.

"Belgium has shown her resolution to make good her King's promise. But the King of 1940 is not the King of 1914," the paper adds.

The "Daily Mail" pays tribute to the Belgian Army's heroic resistance and says: "Fresh Belgian battalions may even yet play their part."

"Our One Enemy"

The "Daily Express" declares: "We must keep all our anger for our one enemy—Hitler; all our energies for the one task of beating him."

The "Daily Herald" says: "Whether he is, as an evening paper smartly puts it, King "Quisling," or King "Weakling," is a theme not worthy of our breath today.

"In any case, we do not know the full facts—but whatever they show, they must not detract us from our imperative duties."

The "News Chronicle" states: "The King's surrender is bound to seem to the British people an inexplicable act of betrayal."—Reuter.

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Lille, Ostend Said Taken

Germans Also Claim Armentieres; Swift Push to Dixmude

Berlin, May 29.

"The doom of the French Armies in the Artois has now been sealed," states a communique by the German High Command. "Their resistance in the area south of Lille has broken down. The British Army which is concentrated in the area of Dixmude, Armentieres, Bailleul and Bergues, west of Dunkirk, is facing complete destruction by our attacks.

"In a swift push through Flanders, German forces have marched through Bruges, captured Ostend and reached Dixmude. On the River Yser and along the Yser Canal, north of Ypres, the enemy is still offering desperate resistance. Lille has been reached by German forces coming from the east and west and captured.

German troops advancing from the west have taken Armentieres. Fighting is continuing near Bailleul. East of Cassel, German forces have broken through fortified French positions and reached the Belgian frontier. Fighting is still in progress near Wormhoudt." The communique claims that German high-speed boats have torpedoed and sunk a destroyer.—Reuter.

Mr. McNutt May Be Made War Secretary

Washington, May 27.

Reports that Mr. Paul V. McNutt is under consideration for the post of Secretary of Navy or War for the purpose of dramatizing a huge defence programme and enlisting public support greeted the Federal Security Administrator on his return here today from a tour of the Far West. Mr. Charles Edison, Navy Secretary, is expected to resign in a month to campaign for the position of Governor of New Jersey, while rumours have been current for more than a year that Mr. Harry Woodring, War Secretary, is to retire.—United Press.

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Entrance of Italy in War Now Certain

(Continued from page 7)

Rome, May 29.

Marquis Gicomo Paulucci di Calboli, Italian Ambassador to Brussels, was credited here today with having influenced King Leopold III of the Belgians toward surrendering to the Reich.

Observers pointed out that Belgium's surrender had increased Italy's freedom of action by eliminating the possibility of a war between two nations whose ruling families are united by marriage. Princess Marie-Jose, consort of Crown Prince Umberto, is a sister of King Leopold III.

Anglo-French efforts to appease Italy, which had become evident in late weeks, were believed here to be futile, with the Italian nation ready to take action for the defence of her interests in co-operation with Germany whenever the moment is believed appropriate by Premier Benito Mussolini.

In the meantime indications were mounting of an early Italian participation in the war, as Fascist circles demanded that Italy should enter the conflict now in order to share in the spoils in the event of a Nazi victory. Among the mounting signs of military preparedness was the order to student volunteers to carry arms while the Italian and French frontier was closed at midnight Tuesday.—Domei.

Japanese Mission Informed

London, May 29.

The Japanese friendship mission to Rome, after conferring with Premier Benito Mussolini, Count Galeazzo Ciano, Italian Foreign Minister, and others, reported to Tokyo that Italy's early entry into the war was "certain," reliable quarters said today.—United Press.

CORNS GREW LIKE MUSHROOMS

Remarkable Result of Excess Uric Acid

Uric acid was the cause of this man's painful, extraordinary corns. His system was producing far too much of this harmful poison, and it seemed to collect in his feet, with the result described below:—

"For the past four years I have been regularly attended by foot specialists. Two have remarked that they have never seen such corns—one saying he had never known corns grow so rapidly—literally like mushrooms in the night, due to rheumatic tendency. A short while ago a friend recommended Kruschen Salts and I took the small dose in my early morning tea. Then, to my great surprise, one day about three weeks later, I discovered I was walking without pain. The corns, which were like hard dry bone, were softening and coming away—the feet are becoming daily stronger."—F.L.P.

Two of the ingredients contained in Kruschen dissolve painful uric acid deposits. Other ingredients of these Salts assist Nature to eliminate this poison through the natural channels. ADVT.

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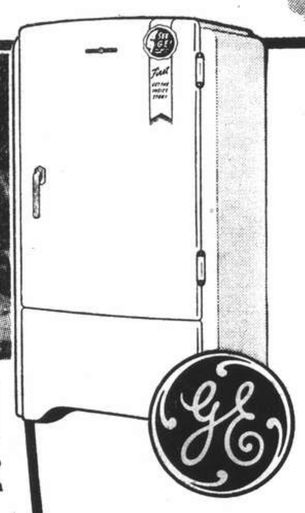

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FROM DAY TO DAY

THERE will be a celebration of the Holy Communion in the Bubbling Well Chapel today at 10.30 a.m.

EVEN in wartime some of the British Government departments will have their little joke. The telegraphic address of the new Ministry of Economic Warfare is "Whiskers, London."

IN the First Special District Court on May 24, the licensee of the Cathay Dairy was cautioned for selling milk deficient in fat and warned to maintain S.M.C. standards.

MR. K. A. Persen, Norwegian resident of Shanghai, will give the first of a series of talks entitled: "How the Nazis prepared the German mind for war," over the French Radio Station at 9.30 p.m. today.

TOMORROW at 9 a.m., Holy Mass will be said at St. Peter's Catholic Church, Avenue Dubail, to implore the Divine blessing for the Allied Armies. Catholic communities of Allied nationalities are cordially invited.

THE American Women's Club's garden party will be held on June 1, at the residence of Mrs. C. A. Crispin, 601 Amherst Avenue at 4.30 p.m. All members are invited to attend and may, if they wish, bring one guest.

MR. and Mrs. N. W. Peach have received the following cable from the Air Ministry:—"Information received from the International Red Cross Society reported that your son, Flying Officer Anthony Colin Peach, is now a prisoner of war."

MR. and Mrs. H. M. Spence recently returned after a long holiday in England, Mrs. Spence having spent two years there and her husband one year. They are again living at 426 Great Western Road, recently occupied by Colonel and Mrs. Wolfe Murray.

DAIREN Kisen Kaisha lines plying between Shanghai and Dairen, which since March have been leaving Shanghai at 11 o'clock in the morning, will henceforth leave at 9 o'clock, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday. The first vessel to leave under the new schedule will be the Seito Maru which is due to sail on June 2.

TODAY at 5.30 p.m. there will be a joint meeting of the Royal Asiatic Society (N.C.B.) and the International Institute of China in the Wulienteh Hall, 20 Museum Road, when an interesting lecture entitled "Typhoons and the Law of Storms" will be delivered by Dr. Frank G. Haughwout, illustrated with lantern slides. The meeting will be open to the public.

THE Ministry of Finance of the Chinese National Government has ordered Chinese commercial banks which operate a savings department, to invest 20 per cent. of the money in these accounts in the development of agricultural enterprises in the interior in accordance with government regulations governing the operation of commercial savings banks, states the "Sin Wan Pao."

MRS. Waldo-Sibtherpof Sleaford, Lincolnshire, England, left sufficient money for wedding dowries to be awarded each year to the two most deserving local brides of working-class families. The recipients are selected by a body of trustees, and they have just awarded dowries of £68 each to Miss Rose May Chapman of Castle Street, Sleaford, and Miss Alice Newton of Queen Street, Sleaford.

WAYS and means of furthering the hygienic control of the Hongkew Market, at Boone and Woosung Roads, were discussed on Tuesday afternoon by the Shanghai Epidemic Prevention committee which met at the offices of the Central China Liaison office, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday. Members of the committee will inspect the market and decide on concrete measures to further regulate sanitary conditions, the paper said. It was added that yesterday's meeting was attended by ten members of the Committee.

FOUR subordinates of Koo Li-feng, a brigadier general in Wang Ching-wei's peace army who was murdered by gunmen on Tuesday morning in the Yangtze Hotel, and the wife of one of them were brought before the First Special District Court yesterday on a writ of detention in connection with the crime. Thinking that they are able to produce evidence that may solve the mystery surrounding the crime, in which the attackers have made good their escape, the police are detaining them for a week for investigation.

PAUL, the big North American wapiti deer, one of the Zoo's best-loved animals, is the latest animal to be adopted under the Zoo's war-time arrangements. He has been adopted by a woman admirer who always feeds him on toast, but he has a sweet tooth and moves expectantly forwards whenever he hears the sound of the chocolate machine which stands near his paddock. He is always a gentle creature, but now more than ever, for he is growing his new antlers, and to knock them is painful and may spoil their ultimate shape.

SEC.-Lieutenant Montague Patrick Kingston Fyrth, aged 28, of West Allington, Bridgport, Dorset, England, was arrested at Southampton on April 18, on his arrival from France charged with having in his possession information to which he had access owing to his position in the Service, and communicating it to his brother. He is alleged to have taken a copy of a secret letter from General Headquarters of the B.E.F. and to have sent it to his brother, Hubert Fyrth, a student lecturer, who was charged with receiving information and communicating it to the "Daily Worker." He was also accused of attempting to send information to Ronald Kidd at Exeter. Opposing the hearing of evidence in camera, Mr. Dudley Collard, defending, asked the Bench to look at the document and see whether it was such a secret or whether it was a trivial matter which it would be ludicrous to call secret. He said that the defendants had a complete answer to the charge. Both were committed for trial and bail was refused.

Lester Hospital Annual Report Reveals Troublesome Year

Struggle Against Increasing Financial Difficulty, High Volume of Work Feature Record for 1939

THE outstanding features of the work of the Lester Chinese Hospital during 1939 were struggle against increasing financial difficulties and the completion of a volume of work only slightly below that of 1938, which was the highest the hospital had reached, according to the annual report of that institution, which has just been issued. The congestion in Shanghai was not in any way relieved during the year, housing conditions did not improve, and inadequate food supplies, which in 1938 had affected principally the poorest groups of the population, began to affect those who normally would have been comparatively well off.

Cholera was much less prevalent during 1939 than in the preceding year, but typhoid remained an all too common disease. Beri-beri, which had been so severe in the past, was less evident in both extent and severity. Tuberculosis stood out prominently and it was doubtful whether poor food or bad housing and working conditions contributed most to the increase of the "white plague," but both are to blame. With accommodation for tuberculosis patients and facilities for treatment so small, Shanghai is not in a position to combat the increase effectively.

New Form of Service

One form of service which has been developed by the hospital during the last few months of 1939 is the effort to get in closer touch with patients recovering from suicide attempts and keep in touch with them when they return to their homes in order to remove the causes which led them to seek their deaths. This work is being tackled by a group formed by the Women's Auxiliary and it is described as a specialized part of the work that is constantly being done by many members of the staff and friends, the social seivice workers, nurses, doctors, evangelists and others.

The outpatient department was kept active during the year. The demand made by the service is one which taxes the staff to the fullest extent and the necessity of providing a wide range of specialized examinations and treatment is one which is coped with only by the great kindness of several honorary and visiting members of the staff. The number of individual cases seen in the whole department, including emergency, private clinic, chest surgery and other patients was 95,020, the total visits paid being 231,000.

There was a decrease in the number of patients seen in the emergency service, though it was still much busier than in pre-war years. The number of attempted suicides brought to the hospital increased seriously until they once more compared with 1934. The number dealt with in 1939 was 1,198. In all the total number of patients handled by the emergency department in 1939 amounted to 13,924.

X-Ray Department

In his report for 1938 the Radiologist stated that he had reason to suppose at the end of 1938, when he recorded a 40 per cent. increase in X-ray examinations over the previous year, that the department had reached its peak in work. In 1939, however, a further increase of 19 per cent. was shown and it is believed that had it not been for the economic crises of the year the increase would have been even greater. There are many reasons for the rapid increases in recent years but perhaps the chief reason is that X-ray examinations are no longer confined to bones and fractures but have developed in addition many techniques for soft tissue work and investigation with the aid of opaque media.

During the past year 237,412 prescriptions were dispensed to individual patients by the pharmacy department while large amounts of medicines, ampoules, antiseptics, etc., were in addition prepared and sent to wards, dressing rooms, operating theatres and elsewhere. This makes it apparent what volume of work has to be done in a department where everything depends of exactitude and unceasing supervision.

The year 1939 marked a new phase in the relation between the hospital and the Henry Lester Institute of Medical Research, it being recognized that while the function of the hospital is primarily that of diagnosis and treatment, the function of the institute is primarily one of investigation. It is essential, however, that there should be close co-operation between the two activities, both in the interest of the patient and the advancement of medical science. In the light of this policy the institute has taken over the hospital laboratory and has also maintained additional laboratories for bacteriology and serology, clinical chemistry, tissue pathology, electro-cardiography, clinical photography and basal metabolism.

In-patient Department

There has been a little easing of the strain on the hospital's accommodation, yet not enough to permit dispensing with the many extra beds which have been in use in the wards. With a drop of 857 admissions last year, the hospital was able to make the discharge of convalescent patients somewhat less abrupt. The average stay has risen from 15.1 to 17 days. There are still many problems to face in the disposal of helpless and too often incurable patients who have no friends or relatives, no homes or means. The hospital was greatly helped in this respect by the hospital of the Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Association which, when able, received needy patients in all stages of the disease.

The war situation in China greatly increased the demand for graduate nurses. Requests are constantly being made for reliable and really experienced nurses. During the year the student body of the School of Nursing averaged 105. Miss Hsueh's appointment as Dean of the school greatly strengthened the teaching staff.

The gradual development of the Social Service Department has been so quiet and continuous and has fitted in so well with the many activities of the hospital that it is only when a well earned rest for the Social Service Worker leaves the post vacant for a time that it is realized how important a part it plays. Much is accomplished in finding homes or a refuge or hospital for the homeless, work for the unemployed and clothing and other necessities for the needy.

General Committee Report

The report of the General Committee reveals that at the commencement of 1939, with the exchange standing at approximately 8½d. for the Chinese dollar, it appeared that the estimated revenue would be sufficient to cover the running expenses. In June, however, exchange rates broke and when the rate fell to under 4d. it immediately became apparent that the hospital would have to encounter very serious financial difficulties.

The Committee gave very serious consideration to the situation and in conjunction with the hospital staff considerable economies, which unfortunately had to include a reduction in the foreign staff, were put into force and the rates charged for attention and treatment were increased. Generous support was received from the London Missionary Society and the British Fund for Relief in China. The former defrayed the cost of foreign staff salaries for the months of September to December, 1939, and the latter donated the sum of $50,000. With this support the working account for the year ending December 31, 1939, showed a deficit of $26,349.89.

Briton Found Dead After Robbery

Retired Customs Officer Found Lifeless in Nanzing Road Home

Mr. Charles Chegwidden, 60-year old Briton, was suffocated to death at his Nanzing Road home at about 11 p.m. on Tuesday, when two armed robbers, who presumably knew that their victim was living alone temporarily, bound and gagged him and subsequently made off with loot, the description and value of which has not yet been ascertained since the victim and his wife were the only persons to know what was in the house at the time.

It is evident, however, that the robbers were interrupted in the perpetration of their crime, since a resident of an adjoining house raised an alarm after hearing the commotion in Mr. Chegwidden's home.

Detectives from Hongkew police station arrived on the scene within a few minutes but were unable to make any arrests since the thugs had already left. It was believed, however, that the detectives in charge of the case have several clues which may result in the apprehension of the culprits within a short time.

Suffocated by Gang

An ambulance was immediately summoned to the house after the detectives had ascertained that Mr. Chegwidden was in an extremely serious condition, but when admitted to the General Hospital, he was certified dead. It was believed that he was suffocated by the gag which the criminals had put into his mouth.

It was impossible to ascertain whether or not a struggle had taken place, since the house was not in disorder when the police arrived, although it was held doubtful that Mr. Chegwidden could have resisted his two aggressors, since he was a convalescent, having only recently left the General Hospital.

Mr. Chegwidden is survived by his wife who is now a patient at the General Hospital.

A preliminary inquest was held at the General Hospital yesterday morning by Mr. C. H. Haines, H. M. Coroner.

Norwegians Sink Two German Vessels

London, May 29.

The Admiralty announces that mercantile ship losses due to German action for the week ending May 19 were one British ship of 629 tons, three Allied vessels aggregating 29,552 tons, and four neutral ships totalling 16,120 tons.

The German tanker Kattegat and the steamer Rosario, both 6,000 tons, were sunk by the Norwegians.—Reuter.

Foreign-owned Paper Sued

Owner Claims Violation Of Contract; Adjourned Till 10 a.m. on Friday

The hearing of the case brought against the Wen Wei Co., Ltd., ex-publishers of "Standard," a foreign owned Chinese newspaper, by Mr. Sun Pao Zung was resumed yesterday morning in H. M. Supreme Court before Judge Sir Allan Mossop. The plaintiff claims that the defendants have twice violated their contract, first by sub-letting part of the premises without obtaining their consent to do so, and then by removing the wooden structure on the roof garden and replacing it by a brick one. Mr. H. E. Reeks appeared for the defendants, while Mr. K. E. Newman represented the interests of the plaintiff.

Mr. E. B. Cumine, secretary of Wen Wei Co., was called to the witness box and stated that, in the opinion of a qualified architect, the brick structure on the roof garden was an improvement since it afforded more accommodation and was less dangerous as it was used as a dormitory and kitchen by the Chinese employees. It did not spoil, he continued, the appearance of the existing building as it was plastered to conform with its colour. Asked whether it would take long to have it removed and replaced by the old wooden structure, he answered that it could be done within four days and that the security of $3,000, deposited with the lessor, would be ample to cover the cost.

The Wen Tsai Book Publishing and Printing Co., of which he intended to be director, was to be a subsequent company of the Wen Wei firm and Mr. J. R. Jones, of Ellis and Hays, was instructed to register it at the British Consulate. This failed to materialize and there had been no business done for a whole year, apart from little printing jobs done for the employees and their friends. When asked by counsel why he had the glass window replaced by a brick wall, Mr. Cumine answered that this was done as a measure against bombing, taken for the protection of the workers.

Cross-examined by Mr. Newman, the witness said that they rented printing machinery in Avenue Edward VII, but in May 1939, they bought second hand machinery and started printing the "Standard" themselves. Circulation dropped considerably and in the same month they lost their licence for publishing the paper. After failing to obtain the licence, they arranged with the Chung Ying Company to take over the paper, but when Mr. Sung objected, the deal was cancelled. The Chung Ying Co., a purely Chinese concern, occupied the 1st and 2nd floors of the building.

In the afternoon, Mr. Theodore C. Chen, who checked on the translation of the lease, testified that there was no clause which said that the premises could not be sub-let by the lessee and that on the whole the lease had been badly drawn up since clauses of the contract contradicted each other.

The case was then adjourned till 10 a.m. on Friday.

Huge Tax Bill For U.S. Defences

Additional Levies Needed To Raise Funds

Washington, May 29.

Administration and Congressional leaders yesterday agreed to raise $3,000,000,000 in new taxes during the next five years to defray costs of national defence.

President Roosevelt has ratified a plan which provides for the immediate financing of defence by the sale of special national defence obligations valued at $3,000,000,000.

Additional taxes, amounting to between $600,000,000 and $700,000,000, will be levied annually, and the proceeds used to retire national defence obligations and meet the interest on them. President Roosevelt announced formation of a special National Defence Commission composed of seven prominent men who will supervise the £250,000,000 defence programme.—Reuter.

GONE WITH the WIND

COMING!

GRIGORIEFF & CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

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GREAT BARGAIN SALE

from Monday, May 27 for 10 days only.

SILK AND COTTON PIECE GOODS

from France, England and America

Some of our prices:

	Usually	*Now*
Cotton	$ 8.50	$3.50
Cotton	$ 8.90	$3.90
Cotton	$ 9.90	$4.90
Crepe de Chine	$12.75	$6.90
Crepe Morocain	$ 5.90	$2.90
Georgette	$12.75	$5.90
Georgette	$ 9.90	$4.90

20% discount on AMERICAN SHARKSKIN.

Your inspection cordially invited

Are you INSURED *against*

BURGLARY?

AMERICAN ASIATIC UNDERWRITERS

Federal Inc., U.S.A.

17 The Bund Tel. 11144

Second Safety First Week Planned Here

Campaign to Yet Under Way on June 17

Sponsored jointly by the Shanghai Municipal Police and the French Concession Police, Shanghai will have its second "Safety First Week" from June 17 to June 23, in order to continue the good work done last year, when accidents dwindled to an unprecedented low as a result of the campaign.

While final arrangements have not yet been made, it was believed that this year's campaign would be sponsored along the same lines as last year, though on a somewhat modified scale since the cost of printing and other expenses connected with the work have increased considerably.

Posters and propaganda literature will again be distributed in schools and factories, while radio programmes, in English and Chinese are also planned. Stickers, it was believed yesterday, will be forwarded to all owners of motorcars, andg gramophone records used in tea-houses and other establishments frequented by users of the roads, will again be played throughout the city.

Outstanding feature of this year's campaign is the fact that two police forces will co-operate closely and will distribute identical posters, although the assistance of all large firms, in particular hire car concerns and public utility companies will again be solicited.

Chinese Factory Owners Returning to Plants

Registration System Is Proving Success

To facilitate Chinese factory owners in and near Shanghai taking back property now occupied temporarily by the Japanese, the new Chinese government at Nanking has established an office in Shanghai known as the Shanghai Office of the Returned Factory Receiving Committee of the Ministry of Labour and Commerce, states the "Central China Daily News."

The Shanghai office is located at 390 Boone Road, housed in the Commercial Commodity Testing Bureau. Many local factory owners are reported to have registered with the Shanghai office, expressing anxiety to take over their factories in the war zones.

The head office of the new committee in Nanking was established on May 11 when a set of regulations governing applications for the return of occupied property was promulgated. The committee is an outgrowth of a statement made by the Japanese military authorities in China to the effect that they were ready to return occupied factories to the Chinese as a sign of economic co-operation. The statement was made soon after Mr. Wang Ching-wei had arrived in Nanking to organize the new government.

Four Houses Gutted In Concession Fire

Wind Renders Firemen's Work Very Difficult

Two Chinese dwelling houses were completely gutted, and two others were badly damaged early yesterday morning when a fire broke out in House 29, Lane 396 Rue du Consulat, shortly after 2 a.m. The fire was not discovered by the occupants of the buildings immediately and when the first engines arrived, two houses were already completely wrapped in flames. The blaze is believed to have originated on the ground floor of the building in which considerable quantities of Chinese medicines and herbs are stored, while the upper floor is used as living quarters. Fortunately, the occupants were able to make their escape just before the wooden staircase became a prey of the flames.

Fanned by a strong south-easterly wind, the flames spread to an adjoining building, while two houses on the opposite side of the lane were damaged, the first floors and roofs being beyond repair.

Engines from nearly all French Concession fire stations attended since the it was feared that the wind would be responsible for a considerable extension of the seat of the fire.

The fire was brought under control at 2.49 a.m., and most engines had left the scene by 5.20 a.m., although debris was being dampened down until just before 10 a.m. yesterday.

The cause of the blaze is being investigated.

Embezzler Sentenced To Two Years

Chen Shui-hwa, one of the two detained Chinese employees of Jardine, Matheson & Co., was sentenced to two years' imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court in connection with the $750,000 misappropration crime. He was found guilty of forgery. The other defendant and his relative, Lu Shui-shing, were declared not guilty.

At a recent hearing, it was revealed that by virtue of his position as a shroff of the compradore department of the firm, Chen embezzled the money in order to enable him to speculate in bonds. His crime was soon discovered by the compradore, who informed the Central Police. More than $600,000 worth of cashable documents and some cash were recovered by the police.

Two More Trawlers Sunk By Nazi Bombs

London, May 29.

The Admiralty announces that the trawlers Melbourne and Capé Passaro have been lost as a result of German bombing attacks.

Four ratings from the Cape Passaro lost their lives. There were no casualties in the Melbourne.—Reuter.

Lord Mayor's Red Cross Fund Now £1,500,000

London, May 29.

The Lord Mayor's Red Cross Fund for the sick and wounded has now reached £1,500,000.

The latest contributions include a further £2,000 from the Jamaica war assistance committee, bringing their total to £24,500.—Reuter.

Telephone 11340 The Favourite Resort of Discriminating People

The BRER FOX NIGHT CLUB & RESTAURANT 8th Floor CATHAY HOTEL

STARTING...

FRIDAY, MAY 31st

NEENA

EXPONENT OF HINDU DANCES

FIRST APPEARANCE IN SHANGHAI.

Make Your Dinner Reservation NOW

Prelude

TO PLEASURE - LIGHT A

GRESHAM

GRESHAM CIGARETTES

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

WEDNESDAY, MAY 29, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4 1/16d.		$ 56.18
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/8		$1,839.09
Francs	303	$100
Yen	23 7/8	100
Guilders	Nom.	100
Rupees	23 7/8	100
Pesos	10 5/8	100
Hongkong	$27 1/2	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4 3/16d.	$ 56.88
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/8	$1,777.78
London—demand, $=	4 3/16d.
4 months' sight credits	4 1/16d.
4 months' sight docts	4 3/16d.
6 months' sight credits	4 3/16d.
6 months' sight docts	4 1/16d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S.$55
4 months' sight credits	U.S.$55⅛
4 months' sight docts	U.S.$53¾

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling	4 3/16d.	U.S.	$5 1/2
Hongkong/London			1/2 3/32

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders	Buying 11
Java Guilders	Selling 10¼

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying	U.S.$100=$1,797.752	£1=$56.888
Selling	U.S.$100=$1,839.080	£1=$58.181

ITALIAN BANK FOR CHINA

It. Lire 1.08=$1	Swiss Frs. 0.24¼=$1
Tourist Line 1.28	$1

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @	6d	per H.H.$	1
" Buying " @	6 1/16*	" H.H.$	1
U.S.$ Selling " @	7 1/8	" H.H.$100	
" Buying " @	8 1/16	" H.H.$100	

*—Nominal.

Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 142 per H.H.$100
buying @ 149 " H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing	$2.708
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar	$4.035

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davie & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 4 3/32	Lowest,	4 2/32
U.S. G.$	5 1/32		5 1/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING	BUYING
Cash		May/June
£ T.T.	4 1/8	4 m/s. l.c. 4 7/32
G.$ T.T.	5 1/16	4 m/s. l.c. 5 1/32
Fcs. T.T.	303	4 m/s. 318
Rs. T.T.	22 7/8	15 d/s. 23 1/2

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	22	21 1/2
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	35 5/8	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	63.09	—
Bombay offtake 400 bars.		

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

New York closing Rate for Cash	3.17¾
Local sellers U.S.$ for Cash	3.15¾
Local buyers U.S.$ for Cash	3.18¾

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 4 1/16 sterling and 5 1/16 U.S.$.

The Interbank market ruled quiet and steady with small business being done. In view of the grave European news the local market was working slightly below the New York/London closing rate. Small Chinese selling was in evidence at the opening rates until just before the close when sellers came out more strongly and business was done at 4 3/32d. sterling and 5½ U.S.$. At the close, Interbank sellers were:—

4 3/32	sterling	5 1/32 U.S.$ Cash/May
3 31/32	"	5 3/32 " June

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, May 28.

Bombay, Rupee T. T. on:			
Japan	100 N.	London	1/5 31/32
New York	333	2 mths	
Shanghai	24½	" sellers	1/5 31/32
Hongkong	84	" buyers	1/5 32
London & Sterling T. T. on:			
New York	402.50	Bombay	1/6 1/32
Paris	176.50	Hongkong	1/0
Madrid	36.25	Singapore	2/4 1/32
Milan	61.00 N.	Yokohama	1/5 1/8
Berne	17.85	" buying	1/5 3/8
Shanghai	4 3/32d.		
New York U.S.$ T. T. on:			
Berlin	40.00 N.	Japan	23.48
Paris	1.79 1/4	Shanghai	5.45
Italy	5.04½	Hungary	17.70
S'zerland	22.44	Rumania	0.50
Sweden	23.85	Yugo Slavia	2.30
Montreal	78.625	Greece	0.83
Brazil	5.10	Finland	2.00
London			3.17¾
" Demand			3.15¾
Buenos Aires Paper			29.78
" " " market rate			22.55
Montreal on London			4.03⅞

N—Nominal.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	May 28,
Fine Bank Bills, 3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills, 6 months	1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	2 3/4%
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months	3 1/4%
Call Money	0 1/8%
New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0 1/2%B 0 7/8%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 5/8%B 0 3/4%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

May 29.	Bid a.m. Closing	Prices p.m. Closing
Atoks	.125	.125
Aptamok	.075	.075
Baguio Gold	.14	.14
Batong Buhay	.0075	.0075
Big Wedge	.14	.14
Coco Grove	.053 S	.54 S
Consolidated Mines	.0013	.0014 S
Demonstration	.045	.045 S
East Mindanao	.06	.0625
I. X. L.	.20	.20
Ipo Gold	.048	.046
Itogen	.14 S	.14 S
Masbate Consolidated	.06	.0625 S
Mine Operations	.055	.055
North Camarines	.020	.020
Paracale Gumaus	.125	.12
San Mauricio	.48 S	.485 S
Surigao Consolidated	.115	.115
Suyoc	.09 S	.09 S
United Paracale	.14 S	.145 S
Mindanao Motherlode	.07 S	.07 S

*—Over counter. S—Sales.

Turnover for the Morning: 27,000 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 46.58.

The market will remain closed on tomorrow, May 30.—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, May 29.

Silver prices remained unchanged in London today, with quotations being:—

	May 28	May 29
London spot	22d.	22d.
" forward	21 1/16d.	21 1/16d.
" gold	168/—	168/—

—Reuter.

Cross Rates

Yesterday's Closing

New York/London U.S.$3.17¾ 75.53d.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The news of the Belgian Army's capitulation at the instance of King Leopold which reached Shanghai yesterday afternoon might well have been expected to affect the local market profoundly for there is no denying that it constitutes the hardest blow to the Allies that they have yet sustained. The full consequences of this unexpected and unwarranted defection have yet to be seen but it is not difficult to realize that the Allied forces in the North of France are in grave jeopardy.

It was no surprise, therefore, to find that the market displayed the greatest caution at the opening call over, buying for the most part abstaining from making any prices while sellers were ready to make considerable concessions on those ruling at the close of business on the previous day. However, it was not long before a feeling of greater confidence began to be manifested and a gradual improvement in rates took place while the turnover of nearly a quarter of a million shares makes it apparent that the market was by no means idle considering that it was open for half a day only. Ewos which strated the day at $38 did not fall below this rate and closed at $39½ which is barely two dollars below the close of Tuesday but the other popular counter, Dockyards, despite the announcement of an interim dividend of $1 had a more chequered career, opening at $28½, touching $26¼ as the low and $31¼ as the high, with a closing rate of $30 done and buyers.

Rubbers were fairly steady taken by and large though the turnover was small perhaps too small properly to assess the real market trend. However, it can be said that there was no disposition to liquidate.

Altogether, in face of such very grave and adverse news as that confronting it, the market can be said to have acted extremely well and the resilience it showed today can be held to argue that its technical position is sound which is very far from what it would have been a very short while ago when prices were at their peak.

Official Averages

1940 High	1940 Low		Today's Average	Change
200.55	165.32	General	178.10	—2.00
205.49	95.85	Rubbers	199.20	—8.64

Total 240,193 shares, 60 bonds.

Morning Session

I. I. Trust	100	13.10	1500	13.00
2500	13.50	500	13.70	3000	14.00
500	*14.00	1500	14.20	500	13.70
S'hai Loan		500	15.00	500	*15.20
500	15.10	1000	15.50	500	15.40
500	15.00	500	16.10	1000	16.00
Yangtsze Finance		500	10.00	1000	10.10
1000	10.60	500	*10.50	1000	10.50
500	10.40	500	*10.70	500	10.70
1000	10.80	500	10.60	1000	10.50
S'hai Securities		500	3.75	1500	4.00
500	3.95	500	*4.05	500	4.10
500	4.05	1500	4.00		
Int. Assurance				500	12.00
China Realty		2500	7.80	500	*8.00
500	8.00	1000	8.35	2000	8.40
500	8.50	2000	8.60	500	8.65
1500	8.55	500	8.35	1500	8.30
S'hai Land		1000	10.40	500	10.20
500	10.50	1500	11.00	1000	11.30
1500	11.20	2500	11.10		
Dockyards		100	28.50	100	28.25
600	*26.25	400	*26.50	600	26.75
100	26.50	200	26.25	200	27.00
300	27.25	600	27.50	400	27.75
200	29.00	200	29.25	300	*29.50
300	29.50	300	29.75	200	30.00
800	*30.00	400	29.50	300	29.25
700	29.75	200	30.00	100	*29.75
1300	29.75	1400	29.50	3500	29.75
200	29.75	1800	29.50	200	*29.50
100	*29.75	800	29.75	100	*29.50
100	29.50	3300	29.75	200	*29.75
1700	29.50	300	*29.50	1800	29.75
100	30.00	600	*30.00	100	30.25
200	30.50	100	30.75	200	31.00
100	*31.25	1600	31.00	2400	30.75
100	*31.00	500	30.50	800	30.00
100	*30.00	200	30.25	1100	30.00
500	*29.75	400	30.00	400	30.25
200	29.75	100	30.00		
Wheelock (Old)		700	60.00	200	61.00
200	61.50	300	62.00	200	64.00
100	*64.50	100	65.00	100	63.50
900	63.00	100	62.00	100	63.00
Wheelock (New)		100	51.00	100	54.00
300	55.00	100	*55.00	100	54.00
100	53.00				
C. G. Omnibus		100	21.00	200	21.50
100	21.25	300	22.00	100	21.50
S'hai Gas		500	18.00	500	*18.00
100	*17.50	500	18.00	600	18.50
500	18.70	400	18.80	200	18.60
300	19.00	400	19.10	100	19.20
200	19.10	100	18.60	300	19.00
100	18.70				
Telephone		100	*32.00	100	32.00
100	31.75	200	32.00	700	32.50
300	33.00	200	33.50	200	33.25
600	33.00	500	33.50	600	33.00
Tram (Bearer)	£1			300	42.00
100	42.50	100	42.25		
Metal		100	21.00	100	*22.50
100	22.50	300	22.25	200	*22.25
100	*22.00	300	22.50	100	22.75
300	23.00	200	23.50	200	24.00
100	*24.00	600	23.75	200	23.50
600	24.00	100	23.75	200	24.25
100	*24.00	600	24.25	200	24.00
400	24.50	200	24.75	200	*25.00
100	*24.75	100	24.75	400	24.50
100	24.25	200	24.75	200	*25.00
900	25.00	300	25.50	200	25.25
400	25.00	100	25.50	100	24.75
100	24.50	100	24.25	200	24.75
100	25.00				
Kaiping		100	44.00	300	45.00
100	44.50	200	45.00		
Exploration		500	11.60	1000	12.50
2000	13.00	500	12.80	500	12.90
500	*13.00	1500	13.00	1000	13.40
500	*13.10	1000	13.30	2000	13.40
3500	13.50	1500	13.40	500	13.20
500	13.30	1000	13.20	500	13.40
1000	13.10				
Lumber		200	42.00	200	42.50
100	43.00	500	42.75	200	43.50
200	42.00	100	*43.00		
Power (Pref)		100	125.00	100	125.50
20	126.00				
Ewo Mills (Ord)		4900	38.00	200	*38.00
400	38.25	200	38.00	100	38.50
200	*38.25	200	38.25	300	39.00
1200	38.50	300	38.25	200	38.75
1600	39.00	300	*39.00	300	39.25
100	*39.25	2000	39.50	300	39.25
1400	39.50	100	*39.50	100	*39.75
2500	39.50	400	39.25	500	*39.50
500	39.75	1600	40.00	1100	40.25
300	*40.50	400	40.50	400	40.25
200	*40.25	100	40.00	100	*39.75
500	39.75	100	*39.50	1400	39.50
500	39.25	300	39.50	100	39.25
100	*39.50				
Anglo Dutch		400	12.20	700	12.30
300	12.50	100	12.40		
Anglo Java		100	23.75	100	*23.75
300	*24.00	100	24.00	200	24.50
Bute				1000	6.20
Chemor				4000	1.90
Cheng				2000	0.70
Consolidated		500	6.30	1000	6.25
Java Consolidated				1000	2.52½
1000	2.62½				
Kroewoek		12000	1.50	3000	*1.50
1000	1.58	1000	1.64	1000	1.66
1000	1.64	4000	1.58		
Langkat		200	16.80	300	17.00
200	16.80	200	16.60	100	16.80
Repah		3000	1.00	2000	0.99
1000	1.00	3000	1.02	1000	1.04
Rubber Trust		500	8.20	1000	8.10
1000	8.00				
Kelantan		1000	0.70	1000	0.75
1000	0.78	2000	0.80	1000	0.82
9000	0.80				
Tanah Merah		1000	2.75	3000	2.85
1000	2.80				
Tebong		4000	1.36	4000	1.38
1000	1.36	1000	1.38		
Power 5½% Debs.				5000	86.00
1000	85.75				
Senawang		1000	1.50	1000	1.42

ODD LOTS

Ewo Mills (Ord)		50	38.25
Wheelock (Old)		20	57.50
Wheelock (New)		20	45.50
Exploration	100 13.10	200	*13.90
100	13.30		
I. I. Trust	100 13.90	300	13.40
Yangtsze Finance		200	10.70
S'hai Land	100 11.40	100	11.00
S'hai Securities		250	4.05
Tram (Bearer)	£1	50	42.00
China Realty	100 8.45	372	8.30
309	8.30 300	8.55	300 8.45

*—Direct Business.

New York Stocks

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 28.

After ruling weak on news of the Belgian surrender, stock prices on Wall Street today partially recovered earlier losses, and finished with prices ranging from fractions to 2 points down. After the shock had caused heavy first hour selling, the market regained its equilibrium on French and British assurances, bringing quick recoveries in selected issues. The market was entirely dominated by war news, but the action of the market today was impressive, indicating underlying strength, though the majority of operators are inclined to be cautious. The turnover today amounted to 1,260,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	114.76	110.51	114.26	—2.09
20 Rails	22.88	22.28	22.82	—0.50
15 Utilit.	18.48	17.99	18.31	—0.60
40 Bonds	——	——	83.06	—0.63
11 Commod.	——	——	52.24	—0.71

May 27	28		May 27	28
Adams Exp	5½	4½	Jones & L	51½	50
Alg Lud	18⅜	18	Kennecott	29½	28
Allied Stores	5½	4¾	Lak F & M	3	2⅞
Allis Chal	24½	24	Libbey O F	34½	32½
Alum Ltd	56	55	Lock Air	30½	29½
Amer Can	90½	90½	Loew's	23½	22½
Am Cyan B	31	30½	Loft Inc	18½	17½
Am & F P	1⅛	1⅛	Mack Trks	19½	19
" $7 pfd	12½	12	Martin	34¾	33½
Am G & E	27½	26½	McK & R	19½	19
Am Loco	11⅛	11⅛	Monsanto	91⅛	89⅞
Am Metal	13	16½	Mont Ward	35⅜	34¾
Am Radtr	5⅛	5⅛	Nat Avian	11⅛	10½
Am R Mill	10½	10½	Nat City B	*22⅜	*21⅛
Am Smitg	36½	35	Nat Dairy	13⅜	12⅜
Am Sug R	15	15½	Nat Dist	19⅜	19
Am T & T	149½	147½	Nat Gyp	5¼	5⅛
Am Tbb B	75¾	74½	Nat Lead	15⅛	14½
Am Wtrks	6⅜	6⅜	Nat P & L	6	6
Anaconda	22	21½	Nat Steel	52	50
Atchison	14½	14½	Nat Sup	5½	5
Avian Cpn	5½	5½	N Y Cent	10¼	9¾
Babcock	*20½	19⅜	Niag Hud	3⅝	4
Bald Loco	14⅛	13⅜	N A Avian	18¼	17½
Balt & Ohio	3⅜	3⅛	N Am Co	16	15½
Barber	10½	9⅜	N Pacific	5¼	5¼
Bar Oil	8¼	7½	O I Glass	46	45
Bell Air	18	17	Pac G & E	27½	26⅜
Bend Avian	28½	27	Pac Light	38	37½
Beth Steel	71½	68½	Pack Motors	2⅜	2⅜
Bliss	15	14½	Pan A Air	14⅜	13⅜
Boeing	16⅜	15½	Paramount	4½	4⅜
Borg War	16½	15⅜	Penn R R	17⅜	17½
Brid Brass	9½	9	Phelps D	30½	28½
Briggs	15	14½	P & R Coal	*0½	0½
Bkn M Tr	18⅜	18½	Phil Pet	30½	28⅜
" $6 pfd	*100	*104	Pitts C & I	*5⅜	*5
Budd Mfg	3⅜	3⅜	P S of N J	34⅜	32⅜
Can Pac	3	2⅞	Pullman	18⅜	18½
Case J I	45	44	Pure Oil	7⅛	7¼
Celanese	23½	23⅜	Radio	4¼	4⅜
Chase N B	*26½	*26	Reading	10½	10⅞
Chesapeake	32⅜	32½	Rem Arms	*3⅜	*4¼
Chrysler	58½	57	Rep Avian	5⅛	5
Clim Mlyb	29	28⅝	Rep Steel	16	15½
Colt's	*71	70	Rey C & B	9¼	9
Col G & E	4⅜	4⅜	Rey Tob B	35½	35
" $6 pfd	72	67½	Rich Oil	6⅜	6⅛
Com Credit	33	31½	Safe Stores	38½	37
Com & Sth	0⅛	0⅛	Schenley	8⅛	8¼
Con Edis	25½	25	Sears Roeb	66⅜	64½
Con Oil	6⅛	6	Shell U Oil	8⅜	8⅜
Con Can	35½	35½	Soc Vac	8¼	7⅞
Con Oil	19⅜	18½	Sthrn Pac	7⅛	7⅛
Copld Steel	18⅜	17½	Sthrn Rly	15	15
Corn Prod	45½	44¾	Sperry	38⅜	37
Curtis Wr	8⅛	8⅛	Spicer	23½	22½
" A	24	23	Std Brands	5⅛	5⅛
Deere & Co	15⅜	14⅜	Std G & E	1⅛	1⅛
Dist Cpn S	13½	13⅜	Std Oil of C	18⅛	18⅛
Douglas	78	76⅜	Std Oil N J	31⅛	31⅛
Du Pont	155	150⅜	Stone & W	6	5⅜
E P Lead	7⅛	7⅛	Studebaker	6⅜	6⅜
Eaton Mfg	27	25⅞	Swift Int	18⅛	18
Elec A Lite	28⅛	27	Technicor	10⅜	9⅛
Elec B & S	4¼	4⅛	Tex Cpn	34⅜	35
" $5 pfd	49	*44½	Tex Gulf	29⅜	29½
" $6 pfd	58½	57	Timken	20	19
Elec P & L	22¼	20⅜	Transamer	4¼	4⅜
Fisk Rub	10¼	*10	Tw Cent F	6⅛	5⅞
Flintkote	12¼	11½	" pfd	14½	*13½
Gen A Tr	38	37	Un Carbide	63⅛	63
Gen Elec	29½	29⅜	Un. Pacific	76	76
Gen Motor	40½	39	Un Aircraft	44	43⅜
Gen Rly	11	10	Un A Lines	14⅜	13⅜
Gen T & R	12	11⅜	Un B & P	10⅜	10
Glidden	*12	12	Un Corp	1⅜	1⅜
Goodrich	11⅛	10	" $3 pfd	29	28⅜
" $5 pfd	46½	45	Un Gas	1⅛	1
Goodyear	14⅜	14⅛	Un G Imp	11	10⅛
Gt N I Ore	12½	12⅛	U S Ind Al	17	15⅜
Gt N Rly	18⅜	17⅛	U S Rub	18	17⅛
Gt W Sug	21	20⅜	" pfd	74	72
Grey Cpn	10¼	9⅜	U S Steel	46⅜	45⅜
Her Pow	*78	78	Vanadium	29½	29
Home Min	38⅜	38⅜	Vultee	*9	*8⅜
Int Harv	42	40½	Walworth	3⅛	3⅛
Int Nickel	20⅜	20⅜	War Br Pic	2⅛	2⅛
Int Paper	12	11½	West Elec	84⅜	86⅛
Int-T & T	2⅜	2⅜	Wood Iron	21	19
Johns Man	46	46½			

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	51	51
Baltimore & Ohio	*17⅞	17⅞
Brazil (U.S. of) 8%	13⅜	13⅜
" 6½%	10⅜	10⅜
Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt.	80¼	77⅛
Erie	9⅜	9⅛
Int. Tel. & Tel. 5s	29	28
New England Gas & Elec.	53	52¾
Rep of Colombia	17⅛	16⅜
" (1928)	17⅛	16⅜
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	34⅜	33⅜
Stand. Gas & Elec.	61	59⅜

*—Bid.

WEEKLY CLOSING STOCK

May	21	28
Alaska Juneau	4⅛	4⅛
Amer. Brake Shoe & Fdry.	29	30⅜
Amer. Hide & Leather	3⅛	3
Amer. Locomotive 7% pfd.	40½	41
A.P.W. Paper Co.	2	2
Ass. Gas & Elec. $5 pfd.	1⅜	*1⅜
Atlan. Gulf & W.	10½	10
Atlan. Refining	18⅜	20½
Atlas Corp.	7⅛	7
Bank of Montreal	—	190
Bellanca Aircraft Corp.	4⅜	4⅜
Callahan Zinc-Lead	1⅛	1⅛
Cluett, Peabody	29	27½
Comm. & Sthrn. $6 cum. pfd.	46⅜	43⅞
Colorada Fuel & Iron. warrants	3⅛	4
Coml. Solvents	8⅛	8⅜
Consolid. Aircraft	21½	21½
Consumers Pwr. $4.50 pfd.	*94	*93
Cont. Roll & Steel Fdry	4⅛	4⅛
Coty Inc.	4	4⅛
Coty Int.	0⅛	*0⅛
Crown Zellerbach	12⅛	13⅛
Delaware & Hudson	9	9⅛
Elec. Boat Co.	11⅛	12½
Elec. Power & Lt.	3	3⅜
Erie Rly	0⅞	0⅞
Gen. Foods	37½	39
Lorillard	18½	19½
Mountain City Copper	2½	2⅜
Mueller Brass	15	*15⅜
Nash Kelvinator	4	3⅞
Nat. Power & Lt.	79	77
Piper Aircraft	*7⅛	*7⅛
Poor Mfg. "B"	6	6
Rayonier Inc.	15⅛	15
Reading Co.	*20½	*20
Royal Bank of Canada	160	150
Schenley	66	65
Scott Paper	35⅛	35½
Scovill Mfg.	24½	23½
Sthrn. Cal. Edison	23	24⅜
Sthrn. Rly.	8⅜	9⅛
Sterling Prods.	56	59
Texas Pacific Land Trust	4	4
Tidewater Ass. Oil	9⅛	9
Thompson Products	28⅛	27⅜
Un. Light & Power "A"	0⅞	0⅜
U.S. Pipe & Fdry.	22½	24½
U.S. Realty & Imp.	0⅛	0⅜
U.S. Smelt. Ref. & Min.	43	42
Westinghouse Air Brakes	17	18½
Willys-Overland	2⅛	2⅜
Yellow Truck & Coach	10⅜	11⅛
Youngstown Sheet & Tube	30	29½

WEEKLY CLOSING BONDS

May	21	28
Anglo-Chilean Mitrate Corp.	35½	*30⅛
Argentine	72	73⅜
Brooklyn-Manhattan Trans.	*102½	103
Chic. Milwaukee, St.	4⅜	4⅛
Columbia Gas & Elec.	101⅛	99⅜
Denmark	30	34
Denver & Rio Grande	6¼	*4⅛
Elec. Power & Lt.	72	71
Mines Geraes	*6⅛	*6⅛
Mortgage Bank of Colombia	*22⅜	*22
Nat Power & Lt.	106	102⅛
"A"	109½	110
New England Power Ass.	96	93½
New York, Chic. & St.	72	*66
Oslo (City of Norway)	*16	*20
Peru	*7	6
Republic Steel	92⅛	93⅜
Rio Grande de Sul	*7⅛	*5⅞
Sao Paulo	*6⅛	*6⅛
Sthrn. Rly.	62	58
Studebaker Conv.	96	88½

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

The Belgian surrender caused heavy selling during the first hour of trading on the Stock Exchange today, but a report that the French were still holding out at Calais resulted in a resumption of buying, bringing recoveries ranging from fractions to four points. However, a few issues attained their previous closing levels. War news dominated the market, despite favourable domestic news, including heavy machine tool orders, smaller net loss by railroads and further gains in steel operations. The market accepted without a ripple the announcement that the Administration would seek additional taxes since the amount was smaller than anticipated, while the higher debt limit carried with it inflationary implications beneficial for equity shares. The Street, however, anticipates better markets shortly, as a result of the resiliency shown today.

Stocks:—The fair recovery from the opening weakness was a favourable indication in face of discouraging war news and outlook. However, we would maintain a cautious trading policy and avoid buying on rallies.

STATISTICS

	This Week	Last Week
Business Failures	297	266
Demand Deposits in Federal Reserve Member Banks	$20,201 (millions)	$19,928
	Apr.	Mar.
Index of Business Activity (Guaranty Trust Co.'s)	88.6	87.5
	May 15	Apr. 15
Wholesale Commodity Price Index (Guar. Trust Co.'s)	70.6	69.7
Dividend:—Allegheny $0.25.	Ludlum	Steel

Cotton:—Rebounded quickly after the early sales, amounting to 30,000 bales of October and December, on disturbing European news. The sales were attributed partly to transferring of foreign hedges to the New York market, further British import restrictions and fixed prices discouraging outside buying.

Wheat:—The opening decline on war news was orderly, probably due to the nearness of the minimum limits, but demand was only moderate as the recent heavy mill covering had apparently been ample and continuation of support from that source is improbable.

Corn:—Ruled comparatively steady. Market news remains unchanged.

Rubber:—Trading was very small at the decline, although the market shows good recuperative powers.

Hides:—There was trade short-covering and buying. Otherwise, conditions were not aggressive.

Cocoa:—Demand was poor at the decline.

Sugar 4:—Moderate liquidation was absorbed by Cuban buying. Spots were neglected. There was no pressure in evidence.

By Courtesy of S. E. Levy & Co.

New York, May 26.

The rush for cash as the spector of German successes eclipse steadily improving domestic business is causing a further nine-point slump in industrials. The fortnight break of 23 per cent. has been exceeded only by the 39 per cent. slump in 1929.

The first calculated and concentrated buying came on Tuesday, with leading professionals, although convinced that Germany would win, starting to accumulate, and one banking firm buying 100,000 shares, on balance, that day.

There was no foreign selling, although the British have large blocks of United States Steel and New York Central to place on the market.

"Trader" says that Washington will prevent a damaging unsettlement of the American economy by perhaps inflationary weapons, if the great defence programme and $500,000,000 subsidy for agriculture do not do the trick.

The fear psychosis is at present ignored by high grade bonds ordinarily vulnerable to higher taxes and rising prices. The publication "Iron Age" talks of a steel shortage during mid-summer. Panic hysteria burned itself out in three weeks, even in 1929, and "Trader" now looks for a saner appraisal of values.

Japan-Manchoukuo Trade Talks

Delegates Fall Out Over Price Question; Capital Causes Differences

Tokyo, May 29.

Things did not go too smoothly, it seems, at the Japan-

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
TATUTA MARU ..... June 23
KAMAKURA MARU .. July 8
NITTA MARU ..... July 26

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIE MARU ..... June 7
HEIAN MARU ..... June 28
HIKAWA MARU ..... July 19

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
ATUTA MARU ..... June 23
KITANO MARU ..... July 22

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Bombay, Port Said, Naples, Marseilles, Gibraltar and Casablanca
HAKONE MARU ..... June 5
*SUMA MARU ..... June 14
*Special call at Lisbon

Bombay and Calcutta Line
Singapore, Penang, Rangoon, and Calcutta
LIMA MARU ..... June 4
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
PENANG MARU .... June 6

Orient-South America Line
West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
RAKUYO MARU .... July 27

Shanghai-Hongkong Line
TATUTA MARU ..... June 17
Shanghai-Kobe-Yokohama Line
HAKOZAKI MARU .. May 30

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via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Port Said

CONTE VERDE	June 9
CONTE ROSSO	July 14
CONTE VERDE	August 18
CONTE ROSSO	September 22
CONTE VERDE	October 20
CONTE ROSSO	November 24
CONTE VERDE	December 22
CONTE ROSSO	January 26, 1941

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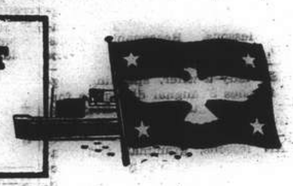

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

PRES. CLEVELAND ..	June 8	PRES. TAFT	July 20
PRES. PIERCE	June 23	PRES. CLEVELAND ..	July 29
PRES. COOLIDGE ...	July 10	PRES. PIERCE	Aug. 12

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA

PRES. GARFIELD ...	June 15	PRES. ADAMS	July 17
PRES. COOLIDGE ...	June 27	PRES. HARRISON	July 31

ROUND-THE-WORLD: New York and Boston via Straits, Ceylon, India, Egypt and Italy.

PRES. GARFIELD ...	June 15	PRES. POLK	Sept. 11
PRES. ADAMS	July 17	PRES. GARFIELD	Sept. 25
PRES. HARRISON ...	July 31	PRES. ADAMS	Oct. 23

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D. K. K.
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival	Departure
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	May 31	June 2 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	June 3	June 5 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	June 6	June 8 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	June 9	June 11 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	June 12	June 14 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	June 14	June 16 at 9 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE
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ss. HAKKA MARU ..... June 1
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Vessel	Sails Seattle	Shanghai Arr./Sails	Hongkong Arrives	Manila Arr./Sails
ss. COLDBROOK	Sailed	June 12/17	June 20	June 24/July 4
ss. CAPILLO	May 30	June 21/25	June 28	July 2/12
ms. CROWN CITY	June	July	July	July

Subject to change without notice
EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION
17 The Bund AGENTS Telephone 12634

VESSELS ARRIVING TO-DAY

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From **DAIREN:** Tsingtao Maru, with mail due 3 p.m., Whapgpoo Wharf.

DUE AT FUTURE DATES

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GENOA			From SINGAPORE		
Conte Verde	10/5	6/6	Conte Verde	29/5	6/6
Sumatra	29/4	2/7	From HONGKONG		
From TRIESTE			See "China Ports" below		
Fusijama	20/4	9/6			

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From LOS ANGELES			From HONOLULU		
Tatuta Maru	21/5	16/6	Tatuta Maru	29/5	16/6
Pres. Coolidge	27/5	26/6	From KOBE		
From NEW YORK			Taiyo Maru	2/6	4/6
Birmingham City	—	22/6	From NAGASAKI		
Bardaland	—	30/6	Shanghai M.	30/5	31/5
From SEATTLE					
Coldbrook	15/5	6/6			
Capillo	30/5	21/6			

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN		
Hoten Maru	1/6	3/6

PASSENGER LISTS

ARRIVALS

May 29, from Chinwangtao: Dr. Lai Hsiung, Mrs. M. Y. Chu, Mr. H. W. Raider, Mr. Autouro, Father Gruber, Father Valenti, Mr. & Mrs. J. Dessart, Mr. Morrison, Mr. Forsyth, Mr. T. C. Sun, Father Musso, Father Ginpponi.

VESSELS SAILING

The undermentioned vessels are due to sail from Shanghai upon the dates indicated.

For LONDON		For VANCOUVER	
Suwa Maru	14/6	Mirrabooka	31/5
For LIVERPOOL		For MANILA	
Hakone Maru	5/6	Coldbrook	10/6
For GENOA		Capillo	25/6
Conte Verde	9/6	For HONGKONG	
For Bombay & Calcutta		Tatuta Maru	17/6
Lima Maru	4/6	For KOBE	
Penang Maru	6/6	Kasima Maru	2/6
For NEW YORK		Taiyo Maru	7/6
Hokuroku Maru	4/6	For NAGASAKI	
Kansai Maru	24/6	Shanghai Maru	1/6
Birmingham City	24/6	For DAIREN	
Bardaland	2/7	Tsingtao Maru	2/6
For SAN FRANCISCO		Hoten Maru	5/6
Dona Nati	12/6	Dairen Maru	8/6
		Tsingtao Maru	11/6
		Hoten Maru	14/6
		Dairen Maru	16/6

VESSELS DISCHARGING

ANTILOCHUS. From Liverpool arrived on May 26, and is discharging her cargo at Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" are further requested to send their representative to the Wharf to verify the weight of such cargo whilst being landed. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Friday, May 31, at 10 a.m. Claims must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival. No insurance effected. Butterfield & Swire, Agents. 30-5

YALOU. From the Continent and ports arrived on May 29, 1940, now discharging at Hunt's Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for exchange of Delivery Orders and take immediate delivery of their goods. Consignees of Bulk and Iron cargo are further requested to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst it is being landed. All risks of fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by consignees. Claims against this steamer must be presented within 15 days of vessel's arrival or they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo will be examined in the presence of a Customs Officer on Tuesday, June 4, 1940, at 9 a.m. at the Wharf by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. No Insurance effected. Cie. des Messageries Maritimes. 31-5

VESSELS LEAVING

NORTH CHINA COAST

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VESSELS DISCHARGING

DENBIGHSHIRE. The mv. Denbighshire, from London and Ports.—This vessel is now discharging all her cargo (except Opium and Munitions of War), at the Holt's Wharf, Pootung. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their cargo, (Consignees of "Bulk Cargo," will further be required to send their representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such cargo whilst it is being landed). All claims against this vessel must be sent in within fourteen days from date of vessel's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risk of Fire at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of cargo. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Holt's Wharf on June 3, at 10 a.m. Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd., Agents. 30-5

MUNCASTER CASTLE. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Chartered s.s. Muncaster Castle, from Japan.—This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Hunt's Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Hunt's Wharf on Wednesday, June 5, at 9 a.m., by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 1-6

P. & O. B. I. —and— E. & A.

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All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.

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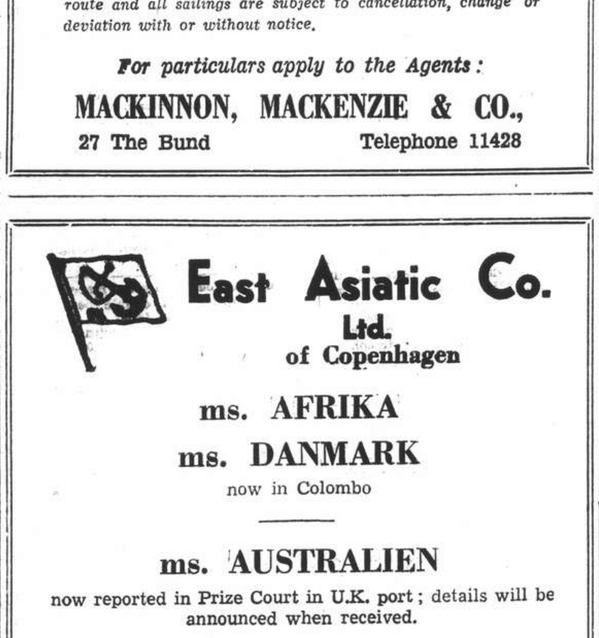

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Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Santarem	Ningpo	P.N.&T.
Tjisalak	Hongkong	J.C.J.L.
Tentyo M.	Keelung	M.S.K.
Breiviken	—	J. Manners
Avemaria	Ningpo	Foo Shing
Fengyang M.	River Ports	T.K.K.
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Yalou	Hongkong	M.M.
Mohlenhof	Ningpo	Carlowitz
Kiangnan	Hsupu	C.F.P.K.
Yutung 3	T'lungkong	C.C.T.
Kanre M.	T'lungkong	Hwa Chung
Tawha	T'lungkong	Quen Kee
Whatung	T'senkong	Quen Kee
Karsten	T'lungkong	Chin Dah
Chingning M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
U.S.S. Augusta	Cruise	—
U.S.S. Isabel	Cruise	—
Taiko M. 18	Hsinkong	T.K.K.
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo
Hakozaki M.	Hongkong	N.Y.K.

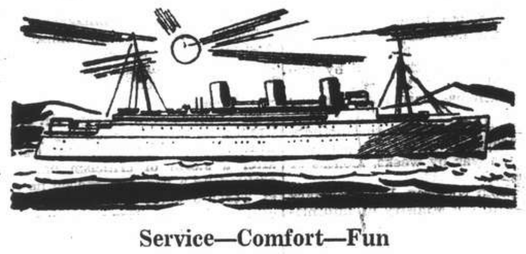
Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Foch	Pan.	D.K.K.K.
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Hunglee	Jap.	T.K.K.
Talisman	Nor.	Dodwell
Chekiang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Asama M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Ruys	Neth.	J.C.J.L.
Onoe M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nanman M.	Jap.	Y.K.K.
Myoko	Jap.	T.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Guam	Am.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	U.S.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	K.S.D.W.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

Go Empress!



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FROM SCANDINAVIAN PORTS
ms. FORMOSA
Cargo ex this vessel arriving end of May
Agents: **The Ekman Foreign Agencies Ltd.**
HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

Britain to Guide Public Opinion

Dangers of Rumour Again Stressed by Information Minister in Commons

London, May 29.

"The opinion of the world is still a tremendous force, and it is our business to see that public opinion is well informed, well instructed and harnessed to the duty which civilization demands of it," declared the Minister of Information, Mr. A. Duff-Cooper, in the course of a debate in the House of Commons last night on his Ministry's Estimates.

"The duties of the Ministry of Information," he said, "are first and foremost to give the maximum information to the people of this country with the minimum of delay."

"Unfortunately," Mr. Duff-Cooper continued, "promptitude and accuracy are ever at war with one another. Rumour is one of our greatest enemies. You can give no greater assistance to a rumour than allowing it occasionally to be right.

"It is our duty abroad to encourage all those forces in neutral countries which are still upon our side, and all those silent voices but not deadened brains inside enemy countries who loath the things for which they have been compelled to fight."

Confidence and Courage

"It is becoming ever more important that these forces should be stimulated. It is equally important that we should do our best to guide, influence, lead and inform opinion at home. It is essential at all time to tell the public the truth, because the people of this country, knowing all the facts, would never react towards them, however terrible they might appear to be, but with confidence and courage (cheers).

"Rumour is the great enemy of true news, and it is impossible to suppress rumour.

"We can fight against rumours, and we are fighting them."

Mr. Duff-Cooper agreed that the administration should endeavour to centralize control of all sources of information.

He said there were important elements which had no sympathy with the present régime in Germany or the crimes committed by Hitler.

"I should certainly do everything in my power," he asserted, "to convey to the ever existent and crushed minority within the enemy country the views we hold here and to lead them to hope, when the war is over and a better régime exists throughout this continent, that to these people also should be given an opportunity for sharing in full in what prosperity remains for any others.

Their Defeat Certain

"That is the first message we should send them. The second message is certainly that in the end they must be defeated, and it is for them to oppose a continuance of the war and to wish for the earliest possible peace. The sooner the peace, the more would be left for them and others to share in Europe.

"I have found little difficulty in obtaining the necessary funds for the necessary activity of the Ministry, and if we can shorten this war by one day, it will represent almost all the money which has been spent on our efforts.

"I believe it is possible that activity of the Ministry such as this can shorten the war by weeks, months or even years."

Mr. Harold Nicolson, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Information, revealed that the Ministry was endeavouring to devise a system in which every village and every street would have some recognized person to whom the public could look for guidance and accurate news in the event of a wireless breakdown.—Reuter.

Tokyo Inner Cabinet Holds Session

Expansion of European War Studied

Tokyo, May 29.

The reasons why special conferences will be held twice each week among the Premier, the Foreign Minister and the War and Navy Ministers, was explained by the Premier, Admiral Mitsumasa Yonai, during yesterday afternoon's initial session of the Japanese "Inner Cabinet" which was organized on Monday.

Besides Admiral Yonai's explanation, the group exchanged views regarding the China situation and the European war.

In explaining why the "Inner Cabinet" will meet twice each week, Admiral Yonai declared that the expansion of the European war threatens seriously to affect the disposal of the "China affairs." The new body will deliberate on measures to cope with the situation, Admiral Yonai declared.—Domei.

British Cabinet Hold Important Meeting

Military, Naval Leaders Attend

London, May 28.

The British Cabinet held a plenary meeting at No. 10 Downing Street this afternoon which Admiral Sir Dudley Pound, First Sea Lord, General Sir John Dill, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, and General Sir Edmund Ironside, Commander in Chief of Home Defences, attended in person.

The meeting lasted one hour and 45 minutes. A large crowd was gathered outside, silently watching as each Minister and military leader arrived for the highly important conference. It was called immediately after news of King Leopold's surrender came through.—Havas.

Children to Evacuate South-East Coast

London, May 29.

The British Government has decided to remove evacuated children from areas, whether rural or suburban, within approximately ten miles from the coasts of Suffolk, Essex, Kent and part of Norfolk.

Children who were evacuated from London districts, numbering about 8,000, will be moved to the Midlands and southward beginning on Sunday.—Reuter.

American Warships Going to Lisbon

Washington, May 29.

The Secretary of Navy, Mr. Charles Edison, announced today that the 9,400-ton cruiser U.S.S. Vincennes and the destroyers Truxtun and Sampson were on their way to Lisbon, Portugal, "to protect American interests, but not to convoy any merchantmen."

Mr. Edison said the three warships would join the three-vessel American squadron which has been maintained in neutral European waters since the outbreak of the war.—United Press.

U.S. Defence Plans Opposed

Republicans Charge Laxity And Deceit by Roosevelt Administration

Washington, May 29.

Replying to Republican charges of laxity and deceit in President Roosevelt's defence programme, the Assistant Secretary of War last night pledged the Administration to carry out the preparedness programme "free from politics and partisanship."

The Assistant War Secretary, Mr. Louis Johnson, said in a nationwide broadcast that the defence programme would be carried out "only in the interests of national security."

Mr. Johnson addressed the nation by radio after the political scene had been set on fire yesterday by sharp Republican criticism of the President's defence programme.

"We will take every worthwhile suggestion from every responsible person which will help toward the realization of our objective," Mr. Johnson said.

Between 1922 and 1933, Mr. Johnson said, "many persons naively believed that if we disarmed, the rest of the world would follow our example." He obviously referred to former President Herbert Hoover's disarmament efforts. He said Mr. Hoover was causing a misconception of the defence situation in the United States.

Earlier Mr. Hoover, in a speech in New York, had demanded that a single, non-political munitions administrator be placed in charge of all defence appropriations. He criticized the "partisan flavour" of President Roosevelt's "fireside chat" last Sunday.

Mr. Thomas E. Dewey, Republican presidential aspirant, speaking at Dallas, Texas, asked for the establishment of a non-partisan defence board, whose work would "not be sabotaged from within by the New Deal." He demanded that the United States never send men to foreign battlefields.

"Political Blitzkrieg"

Mr. Frank Gannet, publisher and presidential aspirant, charged that President Roosevelt was conducting "a deceitful political blitzkrieg."

Meanwhile, Mr. Louis Johnson, the Assistant Secretary of War, answering the Republican charges, will speak on a nation-wide radio broadcast tonight.

At Trenton, New Jersey, Mr. James Cromwell, who resigned his post as United States Minister to Canada after a storm of criticism had been aroused by a pro-Ally speech he gave at Toronto early this year, said recent events in Europe "make my Toronto speech a very quiet alarm." Sounding the keynote of the Democratic state convention, Mr. Cromwell said an armed and Powerful America "is the only assurance from a devastating war."

U.S. Warning to Aggressors

Coincident with the blow to the Allies in Flanders, the United States issued another warning to aggressor nations last night against attacking any nation of the Western Hemisphere.

Mr. Sumner Welles, Under Secretary of State, said in a speech here that "any act of aggression by a non-American Power, whether committed south or north of the Equator, is a challenge to the security of all nations of this hemisphere and will so be regarded by them."

The speech implied that the American defence policy in the event of foreign aggression extends over the entire North and South American continents and not only to the Caribbean region.

Observers here regarded Mr. Welles' speech as a significant reiteration of the solidarity of the American Republics in the current world situation.

Mr. Welles' speech also led observers to recall President Roosevelt's pledge that the United States would go to the aid of Canada if that British dominion should be threatened by non-American invasion.

Mr. Welles is expected to play a leading role in forthcoming American efforts to negotiate with other American Republics, notably in South America, for suitable bases for United States army, navy and air force. The American Government, it is understood, is planning to encircle the entire Western Hemisphere with a ring of steel.—United Press.

German Bombing Tactics To Be Answered

Britain Freed From All Ties of Sentiment

London, May 28.

While the British Government does not intend to wreak vengeance upon German wounded, and women and children behind the lines, it considers itself free to take any measure that it may deem appropriate in view of Germany's methods of terroristic aerial warfare, the Lord Privy Seal, Mr. C. R. Attlee, announced in the House of Commons today.

He recalled German air attacks on Allied ambulances and streams of war refugees pouring into France from Belgium. He described these tactics as "methods of terrorism typical of the German Government."—Havas.

Walter Connolly Dies In Hollywood

Hollywood, May 29.

Mr. Walter Connolly, popular Hollywood motion picture actor, died here yesterday.—United Press.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

EXPORT firm has vacancy for experienced Chinese sundries and general Chinese products clerk. Must speak and write English and have good connections with manufacturers and dealers. Reply with copies of testimonials to Box 4948, NCDN. -9258

SERVICEMAN for radio receivers. Must be thoroughly trained and speak good English. Apply stating qualifications and salary expected to Box 4949, NCDN. -9259

AN experienced Chinese export clerk required by British firm. Thorough knowledge of dispatching goods, customs clearance, etc., essential. Apply Box 4965, NCDN. 12928

WANTED: a foreign lady, with full experience and good references, to run a foreign restaurant. Apply to Box 4865, NCDN. -9112

WANTED by large permanent import firm, responsible reliable young accounting clerk or bookkeeper for position of trust. Must be rapid and accurate and possess unquestionable references and be prepared to furnish bond if required. Reply in own handwriting stating nationality, age, experience and salary required. Address Box 4942, NCDN. -9243

WANTED by well-known local firm, experienced Chinese salesman specialised in medicines, pharmaceuticals. Good references essential. Prospects for right man. Address Box 4939, NCDN. -9239

EXPERT in metals import with thorough knowledge of metals and business routines. Must have good, extensive connections with American metal mills or exporters. Big commission plus $500 initial monthly salary. Address Box 4936, NCDN. -9232

WANTED several makers, cosmetic articles such as tooth-paste, soap, lotion, shoe-polish, etc., by old-established, large factory. Must have previous experience. State fully what article able to make and salary expected. A chemist also wanted, knowledge of cosmetic and medicinal preparation essential. Chinese or foreigner. Address Post Office Box 1222. -9193

WANTED, first-class, experienced foreign cutter with good references. Apply "Old Bond Street", 239 Sassoon House. -9192

WANTED, experienced, good looking assistant for ladies dressmaker, Chinese or Eurasian girl, must speak English. Apply "Old Bond Street", 239 Sassoon House. -9192

BRITISH firm requires assistant bookkeeper, 20-30 years of age. Must have previous experience. Reply in own handwriting, stating qualifications and salary required to Box 4932, NCDN. 12916

WANTED, an expert in coffee roasting and blending, European, good conditions. Address Box 4869, NCDN. -9120

MALE, female canvassers with initiative required for radio station. Apply 1166 Bubbling Well Road between 10.30 to 1 p.m. -9108

OUR correspondence course of training in Elementary Practical Bookkeeping is particularly suitable for beginners. All test papers are corrected and queries answered locally. Easy payments. Text book free. British School of Accountancy, 264 Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967, Principal, J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). -7787

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of nine dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.25.

EXPERIENCED secretary-stenographer, seeks position. Sound knowledge commercial correspondence, coding, bookkeeping, general office work. Replies Box 4957, NCDN. -12925

YOUNG British stenographer with knowledge of stencilling desires temporary position. Box 4959, NCDN. -9274

INTERPRETER wants position or home work. English, French, German, any subject. Box 4966, NCDN. -9287

YOUNG Chinese male typist beginner, graduated from English typing school, wants position as typist or telephone operator from 6 p.m. to 11 p.m. Salary no objection. Box 4940, NCDN. -9240

REQUIRED position as manageress in boarding establishment. Many years' experience, excellent references. Box 4930, NCDN. -9226

YOUNG, British lady stenographer-beginner, hardworking, seeks immediate position. Address Box 4922, NCDN. -9212

YOUNG Chinese seeks position as clerk or office-boy, with experience and proficiency. Box 4923, NCDN. -9213

FOREIGN widow, knowledge of German, English, French, desires employment as housekeeper, companion or nurse. Outport no objection. Please apply Box 4896, NCDN. -9168

BRITISH youth, 17 years of age, matriculated, speaks Chinese fluently, seeks position. Address Box 4897, NCDN. -9164

EXPERIENCED Eurasian girl seeks immediate employment as stenographer. Address Box 4891, NCDN. -9159

BRITISH lady-stenographer, efficient, ambitious, seeks position. Excellent references. Moderate salary. Box 4864, NCDN. -9111

Business Opportunities

WANTED to rent, house, suitable boarding house, willing purchase going concern or furniture. Box 4950, NCDN. -9260

INTERNATIONAL kitchen and bar, 7-9 Rue Chu Pao San, for sale. Going concern. -9255

SMART businessman leaving shortly for North China and Manchukuo is willing to take representations of exporters, importers and manufacturers. Post Office Box 581. -9239

ARMOURED cars with armed foreign guards, for transporting treasure, Clarkes Agency, 88 Nanking Road, Telephone 10092. 12896

WELL-ESTABLISHED British company in Tientsin is open to accept suitable agencies in that port. Highest references given and required. Address Box 4377, NCDN. 12899

Personal

FOREIGN lady wants to meet gentleman (no refugee), for friendship. Box 4943, NCDN. -9244

GENTLEMAN of comfortable means with considerable leisure, wishes to meet tall and young attractive lady for outings. In reply please state nationality and occupation. Box 4895, NCDN. -9162

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE. Four books Western Union code; three books Lieber's five-letter American telegraphic code. Room 305, 24 Central Road. -9256

FOR SALE. British-made perambulator in excellent condition. When new £25. Now asking $1,000 or nearest offer. Complete with mattress, blankets, pillow and linen. Also waterproof cover for travelling. Apply Box 4951, NCDN. -9262

FRIGIDAIRE, 1936 model, in good working order and A-1 condition throughout. US$70. Telephone 10817. -9286

TYPEWRITERS, Hermes Baby, US$20; Remington portable US$15; Underwood 3, 14-in., US$40. Address Box 4962, NCDN. -9233

PRESS camera with American built-in flash synchroniser for sale. $450. Address Box 4868, NCDN. 12879

FOR SALE, bargain, three pairs ladies' riding-breaches. Telephone 23665, 10-12, 2.30-5 p.m. -9246

PORTABLE wardrobe-trunks, European style, brand-new. Cheap sale. Emigrants' Thriftshop, 55 Nanking Road. -9241

HEAVY iron letter copying-press, in good condition. Address Box 4945, NCDN. -9249

COMPLETE modern dining-room furniture, mahogany; one Junghans watch, mahogany; one oil-painting (Rembrandt copy); one modern lamp, for sale. Private only. 372/3 Rue Maresca between 12 and 2 daily. -9059

TYPEWRITER Underwood, Remington, in perfect condition, as new. Bargain. 381 Ward Road, 1st floor, Telephone 51501, Schlesinger. -9172

THALES calculating machine No. A31586, US$50. Box 4938, NCDN. 12924

CLEARANCE sale: Porcelain, crystalware, dinner and coffee sets, etc. 497 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Yang Terrace, Room 6. -9254

STAMPS. Complete Manchukuo collection for sale. Also sets, singles, etc. Pacific Stamp Co., 879 Bubbling Well Road. -9253

TYPEWRITER, Remington portable, brand-new, in A1 condition, US$23. Box 4953, NCDN. -9266

TABLE cloths, best pure linen, new/little used, all sizes. Bargain. Box 4465, NCDN. -9203

FOR SALE, rowing machine, foreign made, in good condition, US$4. Apply Box 4908, NCDN. -9167

SECONDHAND codes: Bentley's second phrase, Bentley's complete phrase, for sale. Great China Secondhand Bookstore, 429 Kiukiang Road, Room 117. -9126

HOOVER vacuum-cleaner, floor polishing machine for sale. 12 Rue du Consulat, Apartment 501. -9149

SECONDHAND furniture shop. Buy and sell at best prices, furniture, carpets, cut-glass, etc. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, telephone 73597. -7435

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. We pay best price for furniture, carpets, pianos, refrigerators and household effects. Telephone 73937. 146A Route des Soeurs, 3 inside. -7346

BARGAINS: Persian rugs, dressing cases, modern imported handbags, miniatures, small bronzes, paintings and other rarities. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -9019

REFRIGERATOR G.E., 45 cu. ft., working condition guaranteed, for sale. 394A Avenue Roi Albert, telephone 74816. -7889

REFRIGERATOR Kelvinator 4 cu. ft. in good working condition, guaranteed, for sale. Telephone 76990. -9138

TYPEWRITERS. Late model rebuilt Underwood 10-in. carriage, US$35; Hermes Baby and Standard portable; ribbons 12 yards length, $8. Business Machine Co., 9A Central Road, Telephone 14292. -9009

LIQUIDATION of fine collection of oil-paintings (Boecklin self-portrait, etc.), antiquities, Oriental carpets, Persian rugs, Meissen, K.P.M. coffee-sets, crystal claret glass sets, etc. Kahn, 818/64 Tongshan Road, Hongkew, 3-6 p.m. -9237

EUROPEAN bedroom suite, mat-polished, comprising: 1 double bed with wickerwork, 2 nightstands, 1 double wardrobe, 1 dressing table with mirror, 2 chairs, at bargain prices. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -9267

Miscellaneous

PRIVATE tennis club near Bubbling Well and Hart Roads will open for new membership. Telephone 60121 between 11-12 noon only. -9264

WANTED to purchase reservation for Tsingtao, end of June or early July; also reservation for Nagasaki, same period. Preference Japanese boat. Write Box 4954, NCDN. -9267

NOW it is the right time to remodel your furs. Let our expert European furriers do the work for you. Charges are exceedingly reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. The Fur Department of Far Eastern Credit Co., 46 Route de Grouchy, telephone 73740. -8895

PIANO for hire, brand-new. $25 per month. Telephone 21544. -9150

BRITISH and American magazines delivered anywhere, twice or three times weekly, $6 monthly, 2nd run $3. Book Library, $2.50 monthly. The Home Magazine Library, 267 Kiangse Road, Room 12, telephone 14189. 12618

Radios

PHILIPS seven-tube, Bluepoint eight-tube, for sale reasonably. 497 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Yang Terrace, Room 6. -9254

AUTHORISED R.C.A. service expert, reliable repairs. All make radios. Universal Radio Co., 1160 Avenue Joffre, Hanray Mansion, 232 Nanking Road, telephone 19225. 12331

PURCHASE all kinds of secondhand radios, also repairs. Modern Radio Service, 356 Avenue Foch, telephone 38147. -8718

RECORD Super models 1940: 5 American tubes. American loudspeaker US$11.50, 6-tube US$12.50. Flawless reception of Europe guaranteed. Demonstration without obligation. Repairs by European experts. Radio Record, 8 Chusan Road, Telephone 51262. -8804

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous, teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -7784

Office Cars

TWO seats offered in closed car, Wintling to S.M.C. Building. Write Box 4967, NCDN. 1293

LIFT wanted Frelupt/Dufour to Nanking/Szechuen Roads, 3/4 times daily. Please telephone 19103. -9207

Educational

WELL educated and experienced English gentleman gives English conversation lessons. Reasonable terms. Box 4960, NCDN. -9278

CHINESE lady-teacher, speaking English, teaches Shanghai dialect to foreigners. Success guaranteed. Box 3688, NCDN. -9282

ITALIAN lessons, grammar and conversation given by highly experienced gentleman teacher. Box 4937, NCDN. -9233

WANTED a French lady or gentleman to give French lessons three times a week, at pupil's home. Salary $30 per month. Apply by letter to Room 110, 2 Peking Road. -9170

FOREIGN Y, English classes starting June 3. Conversation and advanced tuition. Apply Educational Office, telephone 92250. 12891

HIGHLY-EDUCATED young lady, graduated Paris Conservatory, gives piano and French lessons at pupil's home. Best references. Post Office Box 4006. -9024

GERMAN and French lessons, conversation and grammar, given by experienced gentleman teacher. Easy method. Exceptional references. Twice weekly, $20. Knoche, 2 Quinsan Gardens, Room 1. -8036

PIANO lessons, chord system, easy method for adults. Al references, $25 monthly, twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -8926

GERARD Pincus, pianist, pedagogue, gives lessons (pupil's/teacher's home). 53 Chusan Road, Room 2. -8997

APPLY immediately for new Gregg Shorthand Class beginning June 1. Gregg School of Business, 55 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 12795

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Dependable. Day/evening. Shorthand, typewriting, English. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 12363

Wanted to Purchase

HOHNER piano-accordion (80 basses up). Apply to Ken, 17/718 Yu Yuen Road. -9166

LATHE wanted, small bench model, for screw-cutting, model-working, etc. Orders to Box 4902, NCDN. -9178

WANTED to buy, secondhand clothing, suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, etc. 1129 Bubbling Well, Sun Avenue, House 51, telephone 33284 Mr. Corts. -8761

WANTED to buy, secondhand coffee grinding and pulverising machine and one complete coffee roasting machine. Address Box 4870, NCDN. -9120

WE purchase all kinds of secondhand effects and sundries. Apply to the Chesterfield Art Secondhand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 36334. 12490

Wanted to Rent

1½-2 rooms furnished, bath, kitchen, preferably Settlement. Address Box 4934, NCDN. -9230

WEEKEND accommodation for single man wanted near Shanghai. Not expensive. Precise offers to Weissler, 810/43 East Seward Road, 51796. -9251

WANTED by married couple well-furnished, quiet room with private bathroom. Western district preferred. State monthly rent. Apply to Box 4935, NCDN. -9231

ENGLISHMAN and wife want two-roomed flat, furnished or otherwise, in western Concession, preferably with garage. Reply with full particulars to Box 4914, NCDN. -9199

WANTED, one room with bathroom, furnished/unfurnished. Central district. Telephone Forestier 94090. -9133

GENTLEMAN (Briton) requires room without board in near central district or downtown. Privacy desired. Terms to Box 4890, NCDN. 12896

WILLING to buy apartment or boarding house. Able to pay up to US$1,000. No brokers. Telephone 78700, between 12-2, and 6-8 p.m. -9156

WANTED by responsible party house/apartment. Willing take over furniture and pay key-money. Telephone 78499. -9767

WILLING pay key-money for two-roomed apartment, furnished, unfurnished. Modern conveniences, south, quiet. Concession. Post Office Box 4077 or telephone 75652. -8834

WANTED, apartment from June 1, by American couple, willing to take furniture over. Telephone 79023. -9068

WANTED for hire by Netherlands couple, no children, fully-furnished, self-contained flat with garage, French Concession. Address Box 4843, NCDN. 12864

WANTED by responsible party, house/apartment. Willing take over furniture and pay key-money. Telephone 72782. -9141

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

360 RUE Bourgeat, Room 2, near Route des Soeurs. Massage. -9257

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. -7874

LADY gives massage from 2 to 9, 1225 Bubbling Well Road. Room 231, Telephone 34200. -8280

Lost

LOST, Customs Pass No. AL 31522/3, Gulf Texas Oil, 25 drums and 15 drums (40 drums), marked KG diamond ex ss. Tai Ping Yang on 6/2/40, B/L No. 14/1, is hereby declared null and void. Mikawa Kogyo Co., Ltd. -9224

LOST, Delivery Order No. 590 issued by Knipschildt & Eskelund, Ltd. in the name of Universal Perfumery Co., dated May 20, 1940, covering one drum Benzyl Acetate, lost and is declared null and void. 12909

LOST, Customs Pass No. PNW 23310/2 23315, native green sugar, 93 bales, marked 公 in circle, 25/3/1940, ss. Sung Shan Maru Import B/L. No. 4 ex lot 93 b/s, is hereby declared null and void. Ching Chong Tai Hong. -8906

Animals

LOST between Macleod Road, Rubicon Road and Lincoln Avenue, yellow wonk bitch with collar and rabies tag No. 19658. Reward offered. Anyone able to supply information please telephone Handley-Derry at 11070 during office hours or 22685 out of office hours. -9147

Holiday Resorts

TSINGTAO, Iltis Huk. Villa, excellent furniture, four bedrooms, one sitting-room, hall, closed verandah, bathroom. Address Post Office Box 270, Tsingtao. 12854

TSINGTAO Villa "Augusta", most beautiful and modernly furnished, (Iltis-Huk) open for reservation. Address Post Office Box 270, Tsingtao. 12784

SHANHAIKWAN. To let, nicely furnished detached bungalows on the beach. 3/5 bedrooms. Apply to Credit Foncier, Liza Building, 346 Szechuen Road. 12679

LAOSHAN. Comfortable rooms, with board, in select British Pension. All modern toilet facilities. Simmons beds. Refrigerator. Private swimming pool on premises. Waterfall district. Apply to Mrs. M. Porter, P. O. Box 47, Tsingtao. -7382

STRAND Hotel. Peitaiho-Beach. Opening June. For reservations apply to Mrs. M. Lisske, 10 Canal Road, Tientsin. -7956

TSINGTAO-Laoshan, rest house "Mon Repos". All modern conveniences. Foreign-owned and supervised. Ideal place for summer and fall. Write, Mrs. Jijine, 34 Hsien-Yang Road, Iltis Huk, Tsingtao. 12801

Motor Cars and Cycles

US$100. Economical two-seater Renault in very good running condition, for quick sale. Telephone office hours, 80180, extension 10. -9270

1939 Dodge de luxe sedan, with heater and electric clock, used only 1,500 km. Owner leaving, condition same as new, US$1,200 or nearest offer. Address Box 4956, NCDN. -9272

DODGE Seven passenger sedan, 1932, good condition, US$200. Telephone 72944. -9276

WANTED, Ford sedan, 1928/31, four-cylinder, any condition, preferably four-door. Box 4964, NCDN. -9284

$4,500. 1934 Continental sedan, 4-door, 4-cylinder, best engine and very good condition. 22 miles per gallon. Telephone 22461 every morning or after 5 p.m. -9280

FOR SALE, 1936 Citroen four-door sedan. Excellent condition. Best new tyres. Price US$400. Telephone 17423, Mr. Sung. -9190

FIAT 508, 1938, 17,000 Km., owner-driven, US$700. Box 4933, NCDN. -9229

ERSKINE Studebaker in best condition, at bargain price. 497 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Yang Terrace, Room 6. -9254

$1,900. 1931 Whippet four-door sedan, five-seater, good running condition. Apply Room 215, 33 Szechuen Road, Telephone 16553, Morning only. -9209

FORD special coupe 1934 model, A1 condition, US$375. Baby Austin saloon, US$175. Citroen saloon, US$250. 336 Avenue du Roi Albert. Telephone 79021. -9195

MORRIS Minor for sale, owner-driven. Excellent condition. Tyres very good. Telephone 31936. 12915

1936 Pontiac de luxe coupe, radio equipped. Many extras. Motor excellent. US$500. Box 4920, NCDN. 12907

FORD V8, 1937, four-door sedan with radio, excellent condition, owner-driven. Telephone 16904. Car can be seen at Central Garage, Hongkong Road. -9129

1939 Fiat model 1500, 5 months, 6,000 km., as new. Box 4851, NCDN. -9093

FOR SALE. Opel 1932 coach, Opel 1932 sedan, Hudson sedan, Morris Minor sedan, Ford 10 h.p. coach, Plymouth 1934 sedan, Citroen Victoria. Cars completely overhauled, fully-guaranteed. Pacific Motors, 863 Avenue Foch, telephone 74500. -9106

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford, Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 12364

FORD coupe, 1931, four-cylinders, economical, new tyres, perfect condition. Owner leaving, bargain. Box 4856, NCDN. -9099

WANTED urgently car, any make but mechanically perfect. State particulars, lowest price. Box 4855, NCDN. -9099

Chinese Servants

WANTED by small English family, cook-boy and wife wash-amah. Must be thoroughly trained. French Concession. Address Box 4955, NCDN. -9271

COOK-BOY available as from June 1. Present employers giving up house. Hardworker, willing. Telephone 38095 between office hours. 12923

WANTED, hardworking house-boy and amah, couple preferred. Must be well-recommended by foreigner, 868 Bubbling Well Road, Apartment 117. -9277

PEKINGESE cook-boy, many years experience American and English families. Well-recommended. Box 4901, NCDN. -9174

AMERICAN recommends house-cook-boy, young, pleasant personality, economical. Willing work under fixed monthly allowance system. Box 4941, NCDN. -9242

WANTED, good, honest cook-boy and wife as coolie-amah. Only those with recent British references need apply. Box 4946, NCDN. -9250

STRONGLY recommend reliable and exceedingly quiet baby amah. Address Box 4929, NCDN. -9223

COOK-BOY, served long in English family, clean and good servant. Recommended. Telephone 21448. -9200

CAN anyone recommend reliable rickshaw man? Please telephone 70223. 12904

GOOD cook-boy, recommended, knows English and American cooking. Hardworker, honest. Address Box 4918, NCDN. -9206

WANTED experienced, hospital trained baby amah to accompany American family to Yunnan. Box 4893, NCDN. -9161

FIRST-CLASS cook-boy with good experience. Clean, honest, seeks position. Best references. Box 4899, NCDN. -9168

BRITISH advertiser recommends first-class cook-boy willing and honest servant. Address Box 4857, NCDN. 12880

EXPERIENCED cook or cook-boy, speaks English well, served in American and English families. Excellent references. Box 4854, NCDN. -9097

46048 General Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management, Quick service. 375 Tiendong Road. -9140

Furnished Apartments

ONE single room, ground floor. Also flat two/three rooms. Preferably with board. 715 Petain. -9285

£300 will purchase with immediate occupation studio flat in modern apartment building located mid-western district. Well furnished in every detail. Nice outlook. Quiet. Refrigerator and screened. Contents well worth price. No question of key-money. View by appointment. Reasonable monthly rent. Apply Box 4961, NCDN. 12926

TO LET, large, modern, four-roomed flat with two bathrooms in best residential district French Concession, central heating, excellent furniture, available from early June. Lease to be taken over. US$50 per month. Furniture US$550. Telephone 74058 or 15633 or write Box 4882, NCDN. -9220

PRIVATE house, available two-roomed flat, furnished, facing south. Balcony, refrigerator. Rent $300. 588 Rue de Sieyes, Telephone 73846. -9234

WELL-FURNISHED apartment on Avenue and Hardoon Roads to let. Suitable for bachelor or childless couple. Address Box 4910, NCDN. -9194

TO LET apartments, houses, flats, rooms, furnished, unfurnished. Apply to 281 Route Vallon. -9084

LARGE one-roomed flat, French Concession residential district. Rent $110. (Take over furniture). Krivoss Realty Co., 1331 Joffre. 12790

FULLY-FURNISHED, three-roomed flat, in Bubbling Well Road district, to sub-let to reliable party, immediately to end of September, possibly longer. Fair terms. Address Box 4876, NCDN. -9132

BEST apartment house, available two-roomed flat, furnished, south-facing, refrigerator, etc. Telephone 10592. Box 4878, NCDN. -9135

Unfurnished Apartments

TO LET: two, four, five-roomed flats/apartments, bath, kitchen. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -9288

APARTMENT: New, modern. French Concession, residential district. Two large rooms with bathroom, servants' room, kitchen, garage, telephone. Rent $270, key-money $3,000 only. Inspection time 10-12 forenoon, 5-6 afternoon. Telephone 71614. -9290

NEW apartments ready in July to be let on ground, second and third floors. All modern conveniences, 2 and 3 rooms. For particulars telephone 12635 during office hours. -9146

BEAUTIFUL two-roomed flat, unfurnished, no key-money, immediate occupation: 600/15 Avenue Haig, 9-12, 2-5. -9166

WILLING to exchange penthouse, six rooms, two bathrooms, etc., situated residential section French Concession, for an apartment five or six rooms, two bathrooms, located also in French Concession. No key-money and no brokers. Only bona fide persons need apply. Box 4906, NCDN. 12901

WILL exchange single room flat with vestibule, kitchen, pantry, boxroom, bathroom and store-room in modern apartment building. Bubbling-Seymour district, quiet locality, moderate rent, for two/three-roomed flat with hot water and central heating in French Concession. Reply Box 4840, NCDN. 12963

Rooms Without Board

LARGE, furnished room for single person in private family, Concession, reasonable rent. Box 4958, NCDN. -9273

JUNE 1. One partly furnished room. Apply 215/8 Medhurst Road. -9283

NICELY-furnished, big room on apartment, all conveniences, from June 1. French Concession. Telephone 75031. -9281

$75, small furnished room, to let for gentleman only. 814 Rue Ratard, from yard. -9245

ROOM for single person. French Concession. Telephone 79445. -9236

STYLISH living/bedroom, one or two gentlemen, French Concession, meals optional, motor-car available. Telephone 17009 or 75254. -9269

SINGLE room in private residence, verandah, garden, to responsible quiet bachelor. 54 Route Grouchy. -9136

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED, neigbourhood Avenue/Medhurst roads, approximately 4,000 sq. ft. garage, workshop, godown or compound space. Spence Robinson & Partners. 12922

SETTLEMENT. Vacant office, with attached waiting-room, to let to doctor or lawyer from June 1. Box 4907, NCDN. -9182

DRESSMAKER'S studio, modernly furnished, also living quarters, reasonably for sale. 382 Rue Bourgeat, House 3, Room 4. Inspection 2-4 p.m. -9227

CAPITOL Building to let office. Apply S. E. Shahmoon & Co., 83 Peking Road, Telephone 10269. 12896

Rooms with Board

DOUBLE room with full board. House 55, Lane 1220 Avenue Road. -9248

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch. Room available June 1. Full board. Large gardens, garage, tennis, good food. Telephone Manageress 75433. -9114

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before June 7, after which date they will be destroyed

Nos. 3314, 3492, 3497, 3586, 3621, 3631, 3672, 3684, 3688, 3720, 3726, 3761, 3769, 3774, 3858, 3896, 3904, 3908, 3909, 3943, 3953, 3954, 3958, 3975, 3981, 3990, 4006, 4023, 4128, 4141, 4165, 4166, 4168, 4184, 4192, 4232, 4304, 4370, 4371, 4394, 4406, 4409, 4426, 4469, 4476, 4497, 4502, 4522, 4559, 4594, 4632, 4656, 4676, 4689, 4700, 4703, 4732, 4740, 4763, 4784, 4785, 4793.

Houses and Land

WANTED to purchase, plot of land in Hungjao, area between 3 mow and 5 mow. Not interested in any fancy prices, but prepared to pay a reasonable market price according to location and position. State full particulars, price, area, location and enclose small sketch plan of site to Box 4963, NCDN. 12929

FOR immediate sale, one mow land. Rue Lafayette. Box 4944, NCDN. -9247

WANTED about 2 mows of vacant land, must be good shape and in the neighbourhood of foreign buildings, French Concession or outside International Settlement not beyond foreign protected area. Particulars to Box 4888, NCDN. 12894

Furnished Houses

FURNISHED house Columbia Circle. Large garden. July/August/September, US$50. Box 4952, NCDN. -9263

Unfurnished Houses

158 Route Destelan House 11, six rooms, bath, kitchen. Apply at once General Investment Co. 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -9288

Garages

WANTED, large garage. Reply Box 4947, NCDN. -9252

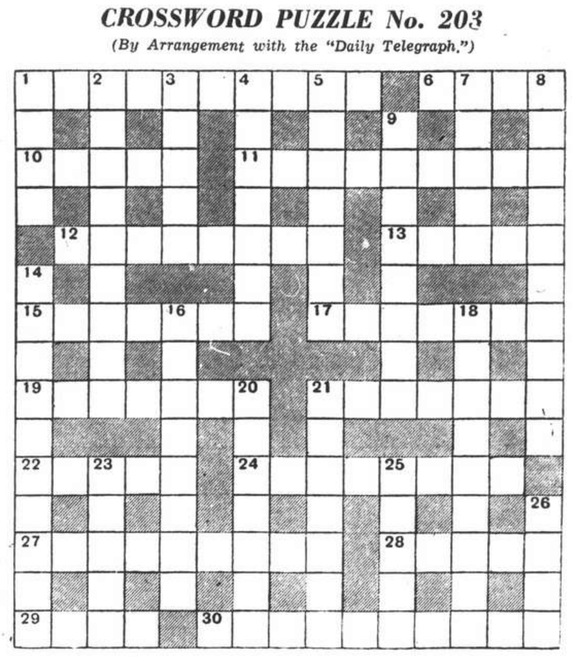
Medical

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 218
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

HOUSE CLEANERS
G. H. PARKES & CO.
TELEPHONE 72245

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 203

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 Fettered, or in it turned in jokes (three words—3, 2, 5)
6 Something over a foot from the past (4)
10 Attention to it is a diagnostic feeler (5)
11 Even in the happiest ship one can't get away from ratings here (two words—5, 4)
12 U.S. Town, half feminine (8)
13 Possible consequence of insufficient interest (5)
15 His life is anything but this in the army (7)
17 It needs but neat aim to this, should one throw something at a sluggard (7)
19 Get at in article of faith, and this is brought into being (7)
21 It's unfeeling to summon us about nothing at all (7)
22 You may not detect this if you have a cold (5)
24 This can make its mark on a town besieged (8)
27 Because of the black-out one can easily be this as to one's whereabouts (three words—2, 3, 4)
28 Hurt, like a clock, perhaps (5)
29 Not whole to the navy (4)
30 One might see a suppliant on it (two words—6, 4)

DOWN

1 A popular incinerator (4)
2 Take vital mixture, and that's saying a lot (9)
3 Poor (5)
4 Many a householder would like this concerning his agreement (7)
5 A fresh brainwave, wide in part (two words—3, 4)
7 Needless advice to a vain bird (5)
8 "Yea it's teak" (anag.) (but don't rush it) (three words—4, 2, 4)
9